## **Decision** Options

- A) REC ownership
  - 1) Net metering: net energy generation (NEG)
    - a. Find that *utilities* own RECs corresponding to all NEG.
    - b. Find that *generators* own RECs corresponding to all NEG.
    - c. Find that *generators* own RECs corresponding to NEG if the rate of compensation is the standard offer avoided cost rate, and *utilities* own RECs corresponding to NEG if the rate of compensation is the average retail utility energy rate.
    - d. Take no action on REC ownership for NEG.
  - 1.5) Net metering: on-site consumption
    - a. Find that utilities own RECs for energy consumed on-site.
    - b. Find that generators own RECs for energy consumed on-site.
    - c. Take no action on REC ownership for on-site consumption.
  - 2) Non-net metered PURPA transactions
    - a. Find that *utilities* own RECs for non-net metered PURPA transactions under the standard offer.
    - b. Find that *generators* own RECs for non-net metered PURPA transactions under the standard offer.
    - c. Take no action on REC ownership for non-net metered PURPA transactions under the standard offer. (*Staff note*: Decision options A.2. a-c use the term "standard offer" because that is the term used by FERC. In essence, Decision option A.2.b would have the effect of stating that for non-net metered transactions at the avoided cost rate, the generator owns the RECs.)
  - 3) All transactions
    - a. Find that *generators* own all RECs unless: 1) a different arrangement is agreed to by the generator and utility in a contract; 2) state law specifies a

different outcome; or 3) specific Commission orders or rules specify a different outcome.

- b. Find that *utilities* own all RECs unless: 1) a different arrangement is agreed to by the generator and utility in a contract; 2) state law specifies a different outcome; or 3) specific Commission orders or rules specify a different outcome.
- B) Average retail utility energy rate for net metered facilities under 40kW
  - Find that the average retail utility energy rate for net metered facilities under 40 kW is an avoided cost rate. OR;
  - 2) Take some other action.
- C) Scope of Ruling
  - 1) Find that the Commission has jurisdiction to decide REC ownership, and dictate that the findings in section A) or B) apply to:
    - a. Rate-regulated utilities only;
    - b. Utilities subject to Minnesota Statutes §216B.1691, Minnesota's renewable energy statute; (Staff note: this would apply to the 16 utilities subject to the RES.)
    - c. Utilities subject to Minnesota Statutes §216B.164.
- D) Further Action
  - 1) Require utilities to modify corresponding tariffs to reflect the ruling in A) or B).
  - Direct that revision of the uniform statewide contract to incorporate the ruling in A) or B) be considered in the Commission's pending rulemaking docket, Docket E999/R-13-729, or other relevant proceeding.
  - 3) Take no further action.
  - 4) Find that the corresponding tariffs and the uniform statewide contract should be interpreted in a manner consistent with this order.