BEFORE THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE MINNESOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION STATE OF MINNESOTA

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OAH Docket No. 65-2500-38476

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

MARK W. KOLB

On Behalf of

NORTHERN STATES POWER COMPANY

September 22, 2023

Exhibit___(MWK-2)

Systems Operations

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1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND EMPLOYER.
4	Α.	My name is Mark W. Kolb. I retired from Northern States Power Company -
5		Minnesota, d/b/a Xcel Energy in 2018.
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7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
8	Α.	Yes. On June 16, 2023, I filed my Direct Testimony on behalf of Northern
9		States Power Company (Xcel Energy or the Company), describing the overall
10		operations, maintenance, and inspection decisions made during my decades as
11		a system engineer for the Sherburne County Generating Plant (Sherco) Unit 3
12		turbine-generator train, the available internal and external resources leveraged
13		by me and the other engineers to properly plan and care for the Unit, and the
14		basis on which the Company made various decisions affecting Unit 3's low-
15		pressure turbines. My testimony also detailed how I and the Company acted
16		reasonably in our operations and maintenance of Sherco Unit 3 as that relates
17		to the November 2011 event (Event) involving the failure of one part of one of
18		Unit 3's low pressure turbines, based on all information provided by experts
19		like the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) and based on the Company's
20		efforts to pursue up-to-date information from industry resources.
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- WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY? 22 Q.
- My Rebuttal Testimony responds to testimony filed by Mr. Richard Polich of 23 GDS Associates, Inc. on behalf of the Minnesota Department of Commerce 24 25 (Department), specifically as it relates to the Company's operation and maintenance practices at Sherco Unit 3 prior to the Event, as well as the state 26 of manufacturer guidance and industry knowledge at that time. 27

II. RESPONSE TO WITNESS RICHARD POLICH

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Q. What overarching observations do you have regarding Mr. Polich's
TESTIMONY?

5 I share the concerns that Company witnesses Herbert J. Sirois and Timothy P. 6 Murray identified regarding: (1) Mr. Polich's lack of experience related to 7 planning and executing steam turbine generator work; (2) Mr. Polich's 8 misunderstanding misrepresentation applicable orof the 9 recommendations and guidance; and (3) Mr. Polich's broad generalizations in 10 his Direct Testimony that demonstrate that he does not understand the 11 complexities of the Sherco 3 turbine wheel finger dovetails and the associated 12 maintenance/inspection practices for this specific attachment configuration. 13 Simply put, Mr. Polich's Direct Testimony reveals that he does not appear to 14 be familiar with prudent utility practice regarding steam turbine inspections, and 15 Mr. Murray and Mr. Sirois will more fully address Mr. Polich's misstatements, misunderstandings, or misrepresentations on these matters. 16

- Q. How do you respond to Mr. Polich's statement that the Company "knowingly and unreasonably risked delaying inspections of the Sherco 3 steam turbine . . . even though [it] knew that this delay increased the risk of failure"?
- A. I completely disagree with this unfounded allegation as it is both untrue and insulting. As an experienced systems engineer, I was well aware of the safety hazards associated with the low-pressure turbines existing at the Sherco plant. It was well understood in the industry that a catastrophic failure, such as the

¹ Polich Direct, p. 6.

liberation of the turbine blades, could result in injury or death to plant personnel—along with total destruction of the unit. Simply put, we were very aware of the safety implications associated with operating the equipment and our *primary* concern was the safety of the people working around the units. With regard to the Sherco Unit 3 specifically, we had plant personnel stationed in close proximity to the turbine 24 hours a day. Further, because Unit 3 was considered a "showcase" unit for the Company, we gave numerous tours of the unit. In other words, we constantly had people (plant personnel and non-plant personnel) around the low-pressure turbine, and I take great offense at the suggestion that we "knowingly and unreasonably" put those people—or such a critical asset—in jeopardy.

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To the contrary, we made prudent, considered, and well-reasoned maintenance and inspection decisions related to the Sherco 3 unit that reflected: (1) existing guidance from the OEM, General Electric (GE); (2) general industry practices at that time; (3) our own internal experiences with Unit 3 and units across our entire fleet; (4) careful evaluation of numerous data points that were monitored and evaluated by the team dedicated to Unit 3; and (5) input from our designated GE representatives related to overhaul/inspection planning. The implied suggestion that we "cut corners" with regard to the maintenance of such a critical unit is simply unfounded. I take great pride in the experienced team of plant personnel that carefully monitored and evaluated data and operations, researched, planned, and executed the maintenance overhauls/inspections for Unit 3. The Company operated and maintained Unit 3 in reasonable manner that was consistent with industry practices and knowledge existing at the time.

Q. WHAT ELSE IS PROBLEMATIC WITH REGARD TO MR. POLICH'S OPINIONS?

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Mr. Polich either disregards or misunderstands a utility's reliance on the OEM, in this case GE, to provide relevant information pertaining to specific units that will inform maintenance planning. Xcel Energy is in the business of producing power and, to that end, operates and maintains large utility-size steam turbine generators. Xcel Energy, however, is not a steam turbine manufacturer and does not have access to the manufacturer's fleet data across the world; hence, the significance of OEM guidance. If we received Technical Information Letters (TIL) or other written recommendations from GE (or the applicable manufacturer), as the systems engineer I would then have the foundation to recommend specific maintenance work—and the budget associated with that work. As an example, this is why I kept asking our designated GE representatives in 2008 if they were going to issue an updated TIL to reflect the emerging concerns that GE had shared with operators (including Xcel Energy) during a 2001 conference in Atlanta regarding stress corrosion cracking in the tangential dovetails in both once-through boilers and drum-boiler units. Notably, as addressed in Mr. Murray's Rebuttal Testimony, even in the absence of written GE guidance that specifically applied to the Sherco Units, the Company nevertheless began implementing the informal recommendation for phased array ultrasonic testing on all tangential entry attachments during subsequent major overhauls/inspections of the Sherco units. This is an example of how the Company endeavored to stay apprised of industry standards and—working in coordination with GE's designated representatives—made informed, reasoned, and appropriate maintenance decisions based on available information.

1	Q.	Does Mr. Polich's Testimony regarding inspection-frequency
2		INTERVALS CONSIDER ALL AVAILABLE GE GUIDANCE AVAILABLE TO THE
3		COMPANY PRIOR TO THE EVENT?
4	Α.	No. Mr. Polich failed to identify or address GE's updated inspection
5		recommendations, which were issued in 2007: General Electric Knowledge
6		bulletin (GEK) 111680.2 Tellingly, GEK 111680 directly contradicts Mr.
7		Polich's opinion that "GE recommends three-to-five year service interval[sic]
8		for major turbine inspections." GE's actual guidance recommends a 6-year or
9		longer major maintenance overhaul inspection interval, recognizing that
10		inspection intervals could be extended beyond 6 years depending on the
11		operator's assessment of the unit. ⁴ This is consistent with the industry trending
12		towards longer inspection intervals, which was also reflected in a 2006
13		PowerPoint presentation that GE gave to Xcel Energy key personnel (including
14		myself) that confirmed, in writing, that the industry trend for major inspection
15		intervals had increased from "5 to 7 years" to "10-12" years. ⁵
16		
17		In sum, GE's own guidance (both formal—i.e., GEK 111680—and informal—
18		i.e., the 2006 GE PowerPoint presentation) directly refutes Mr. Polich's
19		insistence that major turbine inspections should take place every 3 to 5 years.
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Q. HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO MR. POLICH'S SUGGESTION THAT "XCEL HAD

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SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM SOURCES OUTSIDE OF GE THAT

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² Sirois Rebuttal, Exhibit___(HJS-2), Schedule 4.

³ Polich Direct, p. 39.

⁴ Sirois Rebuttal, Exhibit___(HJS-2), Schedule 4 at 15. ⁵ Murray Rebuttal, Exhibit___(TPM-2), Schedule 2, p. 34.

1	PROVIDED EVIDENCE THAT THE SHERCO 3 TURBINE WAS HIGHLY SUSCEPTIBLE

2 TO STRESS CORROSION CRACKING (POLICH DIRECT, P. 29.)?

This is addressed by both Mr. Sirois and Mr. Murray in their Rebuttal Testimony, and I concur that general knowledge of the potential for stress corrosion cracking is not a substitute for specific knowledge as it relates to a specific steam turbine design. Prior to the 2011 failure event, there was no industry guidance or general industry knowledge that the Unit 3 turbine rotor wheel finger dovetails were highly susceptible to stress corrosion cracking (compared to the emerging issues associated with stress corrosion cracking with tangential entry dovetails). Tellingly, Mr. Polich fails to identify any evidence to the contrary. And the Unit 3 failure on November 19, 2011 was the *first* utility steam turbine generator in a large plant with a drum boiler to fail catastrophically when the L-1 blades liberated due to latent stress corrosion cracking in the turbine wheel finger dovetails. Unfortunately, much of what is now known in the industry about stress corrosion cracking in turbine wheel *finger* dovetails is a result of this Event. Mr. Polich is wrong that Xcel Energy (and the industry generally) knew that the L-1 turbine rotor wheel finger dovetails were susceptible to stress corrosion cracking prior to the Event. And Mr. Polich is also wrong that industry guidance at the time of the Event would have directed the Company to remove the blades to perform a magnetic particle inspection of the finger dovetails in the absence of abnormal events or operational anomalies.

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- 24 Q. Please summarize your testimony.
- A. Other Company experts and witnesses more fully address Mr. Polich's misstatements, misunderstandings, or misrepresentations as they relate to the operation and maintenance of Unit 3 prior to the Event and industry guidance

1		and knowledge existing at the time of the Event (further discussed by Mr. Sirois
2		and Mr. Murray) and water and steam chemistry at a large fossil plant (further
3		discussed by Company witness Mr. David G. Daniels). My testimony expands
4		on Mr. Murray's Rebuttal Testimony and confirms that we would never
5		knowingly and unreasonably put plant personnel—or such a critical asset—in
6		jeopardy. To the contrary, we made prudent, considered, and well-reasoned
7		maintenance and inspection decisions related to Unit 3. Further, the Company
8		stayed apprised of industry standards and emerging issues and worked closely
9		with GE's designated representatives to prudently operate and maintain Sherco
10		Unit 3.
11		
12		Mr. Polich's Direct Testimony demonstrates that he fails to understand the state
13		of manufacturer guidance and industry knowledge existing prior to the Event.
14		Mr. Polich's maintenance/inspection recommendations (i.e., major inspections
15		should take place every 3 to 5 years) are well outside the range of reasonable
16		utility practice—as evidenced by GE's formal (i.e., GEK 111680) and informal
17		(i.e., the 2006 GE PowerPoint) guidance.
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19	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
20	Α.	Yes, it does.

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