

## Public Service Commission State of North Dakota

COMMISSIONERS

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Executive Secretary Darrell Nitschke September 27, 2013

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The Honorable Judge Eric L. Lipman Assistant Chief Administrative Law Judge Office of Administrative Hearings

600 North Robert Street P.O. Box 64620 St. Paul, MN 55164-0620

Re: In the Matter of the Petition of Northern States Power Company (NSP) to Initiate a Competitive Resource Acquisition Process Docket No. E002/CN-12-1240 OAH Docket No. 8-2500-30760 Direct Testimony

Dear Judge Lipman:

Pursuant to the dates established in your Second Pre-Hearing Order in this case, the North Dakota Public Service Commission Advocacy Staff (NDPSC Advocacy Staff) on its own behalf and on behalf of the North Dakota customers of NSP, hereby submits its Direct Testimony in the above referenced proceeding.

Sincerely,

/s/ Mike Diller
Mike Diller
North Dakota Public Service Commission
Advocacy Staff

## BEFORE THE MINNESOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition for Northern States Power Company to Initiate a Competitive Resource Docket

Docket No. E-002/CN-12-1240

**DIRECT TESTIMONY** 

OF

MIKE DILLER

ON BEHALF OF THE

NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
ADVOCACY STAFF

**September 27, 2013** 

1 2	Q:	Provide your name and position at the North Dakota Public Service Commission.
3	A:	My name is Mike Diller and I am the Director of Economic Regulation.
4 5	Q:	What kind of work do you provide to the North Dakota Public Service
6		Commission?
7 8	A:	I am a public utility analyst and provide direction to a small staff.
9	Q:	Provide a summary of your educational background and public utility
10		regulatory experience.
11	A:	I have more than 28 years of public utility regulatory experience including
12		service to both the Oklahoma Corporation Commission and the North
13		Dakota Public Service Commission. I received a Bachelor of Science
14		Degree in Accounting from Oklahoma Christian College in Edmond,
15		Oklahoma in 1981. I am a Certified Public Accountant and I am a member
16		of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
17		
18	Q:	Have you provided testimony to the Minnesota Public Utility Commission?
19	A:	No. I have testified before the North Dakota Public Service Commission on
20		acquisition proposals, rate cases, settlement offers, advance determination
21		of prudence cases and rule changes but nothing in front of the Minnesota
22		Public Utilities Commission (Minnesota Commission) other than to
23		occasionally file comments in some of its cases.
24 25	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
26	A:	Northern States Power Company (NSP) assigns approximately 5% of its
27		investments in generation facilities to North Dakota ratepayers as part of its
28		integrated resource cost allocation system. Therefore, as has been the
29		case in the past, the decision in this proceeding will impact costs to North
30		Dakota ratepayers. For instance, North Dakota currently pays for a portion

1 of resource costs related to the Minnesota Renewable Energy Standard, 2 the Metropolitan Emissions Reduction Project, Minnesota's Community-3 Based Energy Development (CBED) program, projects stemming from the 4 Renewable Development Fund and other investments ordered by the 5 Minnesota Commission. My goal in submitting testimony is to provide the 6 Minnesota Commission with a North Dakota perspective so that the 7 interests of North Dakota ratepayers can be considered in this proceeding. 8 I plan to argue for reciprocity, fairness and equality.

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- 10 Q: Provide a snap shot of North Dakota's interest in this proceeding.
- 11 A: NSP is the largest electric service provider in the state of North Dakota.

  12 NSP serves four of our five largest cities including Fargo, West Fargo,

  13 Grand Forks and Minot. None of these cities have generation facilities near

  14 them in the event the few transmission lines feeding them are disrupted.

  15 NSP has provided service to North Dakota for more than a century but

  16 remains un-invested in generation facilities located in or near North Dakota.

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- 18 Q: Why are you concerned with the lack of generation facilities near these cities?
- A: I lived in a rural homesteader's house for many years. Backup generation
  was necessary not only for convenience but survival. I once went without
  power for almost two weeks when an ice storm took down a large
  transmission line as well as distribution lines in the area. NSP's North
  Dakota service territory is on the outer edges of NSP's system and not all
  that different to the situation described. Our largest city of Fargo is served
  by three transmission lines some of which run on top of the same poles.

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28 Q: Won't the large CapX line to Fargo negate the need for local generation?

A: The CapX line will improve reliability and stability in the Fargo area but it will not continue on to Grand Forks or Minot. As valuable as CapX is to North Dakota, it is not the same as having local generation. NSP tells us that CapX is better than a generator located near Fargo because it will be tied into many different generators. I think there is some validity to their argument but I don't buy it entirely. We live in a dangerous time. The threat against cyber security and terrorist attacks on physical properties continues to increase. Whether the stoppage of service comes from these more ominous scenarios or by natural storms, cities with local generation have more energy security than do cities stranded by miles of transmission line.

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13 Q: Aren't you being a little over-dramatic?

14 A: I don't think so. In the spring of this year, South Dakota experienced a 15 terrible ice storm leaving a wide swath of electric outages that lasted for 16 During that ice storm, which impacted the Sioux Falls service 17 territory, the Angus Anson generators located in Sioux Falls were initially 18 brought online as a precautionary measure to help maintain system 19 reliability. When the ice began melting causing additional transmission 20 lines to trip, Angus Anson units were brought online again to meet energy 21 requirements of the area.

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- Q: Of all the states Xcel Energy serves including its southern operations, do you know if the major city served by Xcel Energy in each state has local generation?
- 26 A: Yes I do. The largest city served by the Company in every state has local generation except for North Dakota.

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29 Q: How is NSP's Minnesota operations positioned for the future?

A: Very well. Most of its major cities and densely populated areas have generation units nearby providing energy security that we would like for the eastern part of North Dakota. NSP's Minnesota operations has coal and nuclear base load units, intermediate combined cycle units, peaking plants, CBED, solar, biomass, hydro and even a great big battery.

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- 7 Q: Why is there such a large discrepancy in generation investment between 8 Minnesota and North Dakota?
- 9 A: To be fair, the Minnesota jurisdiction makes up about 75% of NSP's overall 10 operation and so you would expect more generation to be located near its 11 larger load centers. Beyond that, I think there is a natural Company bias 12 towards Minnesota because NSP is headquartered in Minneapolis. It is 13 somewhat natural to give more consideration to those states where 14 company management spends more of their time and effort. We don't see 15 NSP's upper management at local events or social gatherings nor do they 16 attend very many of our hearings or information exchanges. I don't think it 17 is because they think they are too big and important to spend time with us 18 in North Dakota; it is just a matter of time and space. Further, I think it is 19 easier for NSP to simply acquiesce to the desires of its largest jurisdiction 20 because in doing so it eliminates 75% of its risk of recovery.

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- 22 Q: Has NSP made more of an effort to address the lack of jurisdictional equality?
- 24 A: Yes. I believe the officers of the Company are beginning to listen to us.
  25 The Company has entered into a purchased power agreement to purchase
  26 wind and also another agreement to own a wind farm in North Dakota.
  27 They even proposed building the gas turbines in Hankinson that are part of
  28 this proceeding. Yes, they are listening but that will only progress to the

1		extent the Minnesota Commission allows it. NSP will not build generation in
2		North Dakota without Minnesota blessing it as a 75% stakeholder.
3		
4	Q:	Should the Minnesota Commission approve the Hankinson turbines if other
5		projects appear to be cheaper?
6	A:	Maybe, maybe not.
7		Brown field sites are generally cheaper because a sharing of existing
8		infrastructure is possible. But if you took that to its ultimate conclusion, you
9		would never build a unit anywhere other than wherever the first one was
10		built. Naturally, there are reasons to build units that are geographically
11		dispersed throughout NSP's service territory, including North Dakota.
12		
13		The ratepayers of North Dakota care about reliability more than price.
14		While price is important in today's society, electricity is an essential service.
15		How comfortable would St. Paul and Minneapolis be if NSP's nearest non-
16		intermittent generation facility was 200 miles away? The honest answer:
17		unacceptable.
18		
19		NSP has long argued that its Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) provides
20		guidance to the Company. It is not a silver bullet nor is it the end all be all.
21		If it were, you wouldn't need upper management or even the Minnesota
22		Commission to review it or approve it. No, instead we are told that
23		management discretion is necessary and that we should look for the best
24		resource, not always the least cost resource. In such presentations, we
25		often hear that a \$10 or \$20 million difference in the Present Value
26		Revenue Requirement (PVRR) of the total system is immaterial and
27		inconsequential. If that long standing argument is still the case, I believe
28		that the Hankinson project should supplant a slightly lower cost alternative

especially if the lower cost alternative is simply adding another generator to a generator rich region.

4 Q: Do you know the difference in the PVRR of the Calpine proposal compared to that of the Hankinson proposal?

A: I do not. We requested that information from NSP but due to confidentiality issues it appears we will not receive it until after the filing period for this testimony. That said, my point remains that if the proposed project differences are less than \$10 to \$20 million, the Hankinson site should be approved using the same decision making principles...maybe more given the lack of generating resources in North Dakota. Further, Calpine's proposal is for a combined cycle unit, not a peaking unit as is the case for the Hankinson proposal. Adding another intermediate gas unit will diminish the more efficient use of the existing NSP intermediate load facilities.

A:

Q: Do you have any thoughts on whether or not 600 megawatts of gas power is still necessary?

I think the Minnesota Commission should exercise a fair bit of caution. NSP decided to purchase 750 megawatts of wind power in the last few months. How this impacts the need for 600 megawatts of gas turbine peaking power is not clear in my mind. They are different types of resources but some capacity value will be ascribed to the wind farms by MISO. I know that some of our North Dakota wind farms have been assigned 30% capacity factors by MISO so surely some of the original 600 megawatts of planned peaking power has been offset by this opportunity buy of wind. I should note that the North Dakota Advocacy Staff will be arguing before the North Dakota commission that it should disallow a portion of these new wind projects and therefore Minnesota's share of the new wind might be more

than the traditional 75%. I point this out here so the Minnesota Commission is not unaware of additional potential resources at its disposal.

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- Q: Do you have any thoughts what the Minnesota Commission should do if it does not choose to endorse the Hankinson project?
- 6 A: I think the Minnesota Commission should take a wait and see approach. 7 Let's take a "time out" and see where the market may be heading. Right 8 now, energy prices on the market are cheap. MISO's reserve margin is 9 huge. Minnesota's economy isn't that great. The economy has been in this 10 stalled pattern for several years and continued economic problems are just 11 as likely as is resurgence. NSP ratepayers in all of its states are growing 12 weary of year after year rate increases. NSP's rates have gone from being 13 one of the cheapest in the region to not much better than average. I don't 14 think we should aim for the most expensive rates as that is never good for 15 economic recovery. Taking a slower approach might very well lead to 16 better solutions down the road. If I were in the shoes of the Minnesota 17 Commission, I would take a fresh look at this in the next IRP, soon to be 18 filed, which would include new forecasts of need and modeling for the new 19 large wind resources.

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- 21 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 22 A: Yes it does.

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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

In the Matter of the Petition of Northern States Power Company d/b/a Xcel Energy for Approval of Competitive Resource Acquisition Proposal and Certificate of Need

OAH Docket No. 8-2500-30760 MPUC Docket No. E002/CN-12-1240

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA COUNTY OF BURLEIGH

**Sara Cardwell** certifies that on the 27th day of September, 2013, she filed a true and correct copy of the **North Dakota Public Service Commission Advocacy Staff's** Testimony in this docket by posting it on <a href="www.edockets.state.mn.us">www.edockets.state.mn.us</a>. Said document was also served via U.S. Mail and e-mail as designated on the Official Service List on file with the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission.

<u>/s/ Sara J. Cardwell</u> Sara J. Cardwell

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