BEFORE THE MINNESOTA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS 600 North Robert Street St. Paul, MN 55101

FOR THE MINNESOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION 121 7th Place East, Suite 350 St Paul MN 55101-2147

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF XCEL ENERGY AND ITC MIDWEST LLC FOR A CERTIFICATE OF NEED FOR THE HUNTLEY-WILMARTH 345 KV TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT MPUC Docket No. E002, ET6675/CN-17-184 OAH Docket No. 82-2500-35157

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF MARK A. JOHNSON

ON BEHALF OF

THE MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DIVISION OF ENERGY RESOURCES

COST ALLOCATIONS AND COST RECOVERY ISSUES

JANUARY 28, 2019

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1	l.	INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	Please state your name.
3	A.	My name is Mark A. Johnson.
4		
5	Q.	Are you the same Mark A. Johnson who submitted Direct Testimony earlier in this
6		proceeding on behalf of the Minnesota Department of Commerce, Division of Energy
7		Resources (DOC-DER)?
8	A.	Yes.
9		
10	II.	PURPOSE
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your Surrebuttal testimony?
12	A.	The purpose of my Surrebuttal testimony is to respond to the Rebuttal Testimony of
13		Mr. Grant D. Stevenson, who filed on behalf of both Xcel Energy (Xcel) and ITC Midwest
14		LLC's (ITCM) (collectively, the Applicants).
15		
16	III.	SUMMARY OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT
17	Q.	For ease of reference, please summarize the facilities proposed in the Petition by the
18		Applicants.
19	A.	The Applicants propose to construct a 50-mile 345 kilovolt (kV) transmission line
20		between Xcel Energy's Wilmarth Substation north of Mankato, Minnesota and ITCM's
21		Huntley Substation south of Winnebago, Minnesota (Project). Xcel and ITC Midwest
22		would also make modifications to their existing, and respectively owned, Wilmarth

Substation and Huntley Substation to accommodate the proposed 345 kV transmission 2 line. Ex. XC-___ at 2 (Application).

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How would the ownership of the proposed Project be structured? Q.

A. Xcel and ITCM would own the proposed Project jointly as tenants in common. The equipment and improvements associated with the Wilmarth Substation would be owned solely by Xcel. The equipment and improvements associated with the Huntley Substation would be owned solely by ITCM. Ex. XC-___ at 2-3 (Application).

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IV. PROPOSED PROJECTS COSTS

Q. What are the estimated costs of the proposed Project?

A. Based on the route and segment alternatives proposed during the scoping process for the Environmental Impact Statement, the Applicants' revised estimated costs range from \$104.8 million to \$160.7 million (2016 dollars). Ex. XC- at 8 (Neidermire Direct). The following table shows the Applicants' revised estimated range of Project costs based on the route and segment alternatives provided in Mr. Stevenson's Direct Testimony:

Table 1: Revised Total Project Cost Estimates (2016\$)1

Purple		Green		Red		Blue		Purple-E-Red	
Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
\$ 104.8	\$ 147.3	\$ 108.2	\$ 124.8	\$ 134.4	\$ 143.8	\$ 123.7	\$ 142.5	\$ 157.0	\$ 160.7

¹ Ex. XC- , AWS-6 at 3 (Stevenson Direct).

Not directly. However, as explained in Section VI of my Surrebuttal Testimony,

Certificate of Need and Cost Cap, the Applicants have now proposed to update their

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A.

Testimonies?

1		Project cost estimates again in this proceeding based on the route/design selected by
2		the Commission.
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4	V.	MARKET EFFICIENCY PROJECTS AND MISO COST ALLOCATIONS
5	Q.	What are Market Efficiency Projects?
6	A.	Market Efficiency Projects (MEPs) are projects that MISO determined are needed to
7		reduce transmission system congestion and improve the efficiency of MISO's energy
8		markets, which should result in lower wholesale energy costs if built. The MISO Board
9		of Directors approved the Huntley-Wilmarth Project as an MEP in December 2016 as
10		part of its MTEP16 report. Ex. XC at 5 (Neidermire Direct).
11		
12	Q.	In your Direct Testimony, did you agree with the Applicants' description as to how
13		MEP costs are allocated under MISO Tariffs?
14	A.	Yes. Ex. DER at 10 (Johnson Direct).
15		
16	Q.	Did the Applicants' respond or disagree with your statements regarding MEP cost
17		allocations in their Rebuttal Testimonies?
18	Α.	No. As a result, I conclude that this issue regarding MEP cost allocations is resolved
19		between DOC-DER and the Applicants.
20		
21		

Yes. It is important to hold utilities accountable for their CN cost estimated to protect ratepayers' interests. Companies' cost estimates are used extensively in CNs and other regulatory proceedings and provide a strong basis for the Commission to hold utilities accountable to the costs they represent for facilities, particularly since CNs consider alternatives to proposed projects. In its role to ensure that rates are reasonable, the Commission has generally not allowed approval of projects in CN proceedings to constitute a "blank check" for cost recovery in riders when actual costs are greater than the estimated costs that the utilities represented in CN or other regulatory approval proceedings. In addition, the Commission typically requires utilities to demonstrate that it is reasonable to allow recovery of any such cost increases prior to charging the costs to ratepayers in the context of a rate case.

DOC-DER fully supports the Commission's use of such financial accountability mechanisms. Absent cost recovery caps tied to the evidentiary record in which the project was proposed and approved, utilities have little incentive to expend the effort needed to accurately report project costs in regulatory proceedings, nor to ensure that the actual costs are contained and are as reasonable as possible. Ex. DER-___ at 11-12 (Johnson Direct).

A.

1	Q.	What did you recommend in your Direct Testimony regarding certificate of need cost
2		estimates and cost caps?
3	Α.	Given that MISO's variance analysis process is new and untested, I recommended that
4		the Commission protect ratepayers' interest in this proceeding by taking the following
5		steps. Once the Commission determines the costs of the proposed Project based on its
6		decisions regarding route alternatives, the Commission should hold Xcel accountable by
7		1) requiring Xcel to wait until the first rate case after the Project is in service to recover
8		any cost overruns for Minnesota ratepayers and 2) requiring Xcel to justify fully the
9		reasonableness of recovering any cost overruns of the Project from Minnesota
10		ratepayers. Ex. DER at 19 (Johnson Direct).
11		
12	Q.	Did the Applicants agree with your recommendation?
13	A.	Yes, but with one clarification. Mr. Stevenson stated that:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		Mr. Johnson did not identify which costs would be used to establish a baseline for the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission's (Commission) review of Project costs. In the Route Permit proceeding, the Commission will determine the final route and design for the Project and may order mitigation. For an appropriate baseline, Applicants propose to file, within 45 days of the written order, an updated estimate that accounts for any route changes or mitigation that the Commission may order. That estimate would then be the baseline to determine if there are any excess costs. Ex. XC at 2 (Stevenson Rebuttal).
27	Q.	Did the Applicants provide an explanation as to why such a filing would be necessary?
28	A.	Yes. Mr. Stevenson stated that:

There are many route and design options that are currently under consideration in this proceeding. While I am confident in the estimates the Applicants have provided, it is important to confirm that the final cost estimates accurately reflect route and design changes and/or mitigation measures ordered by the Commission. In Table 2 in my Direct Testimony, I provided cost estimates for the nine different routes/design options that the Applicants proposed in the Route Permit Application. In addition, Schedule 2 to my Direct Testimony provided cost estimates for the nearly 40 different route, segment, and alignment alternatives that were proposed during the scoping process. However, each of the cost estimates in Schedule 2 assumed one specific design and if the Commission were to select a different design, the cost estimates would need to be updated to reflect the selected design.

It is also possible that the Commission could make route or alignment adjustments to these proposed routes in its Route Permit Order. Likewise, the Route Permit Order could include mitigation measures that were not contemplated by the Applicants in developing the Project cost estimates. These route and/or alignment adjustments and mitigation measures could impact the costs and the proposed cost estimate compliance filing would reflect these changes.

Ex. XC- at 2-3 (Stevenson Rebuttal).

Q. Did the Applicant state that they would provide an explanation for any changes to their cost estimates in the proposed compliance filing?

A. Yes. Mr. Stevenson stated that:

[I]f the final cost estimate is different from the cost estimates that have been previously provided in this proceeding due to route adjustments or mitigation measures included in the Route Permit Order, the Applicants will provide a detailed explanation for the reason for these differences.

Ex. XC- at 3 (Stevenson Rebuttal).

Q. How do you respond?

A. DOC-DER generally supports Xcel's proposal for several reasons. First, Xcel has agreed to be held accountable for cost recovery purposes in a future rider to the cost figure it provides in this CN proceeding, and to be bound by that cost cap in a future rate case, unless Xcel can justify the reasonableness of charging ratepayers for any cost overruns.

Second, since Xcel proposes to provide this figure shortly after the Commission makes its decision, the figure itself should be robust and take into account any significant changes made by the Commission.

Third, if this approach is approved, Xcel must identify this figure clearly and ensure that the costs are easily trackable for future recovery in riders and rate cases.

Fourth, allowing Xcel to reflect the costs of any material change in the route would reduce any arguments Xcel might have for recovering any cost overruns in base rates after the project is complete. That is, Xcel's proposal should help eliminate future disputes regarding the appropriate cap figure and whether all costs were taken into account in the Commission's CN decision.

Finally, while routing or siting concerns are often an issue for building large energy facilities, there may be more concerns about routing in this proceeding, due to the location near Mankato. Thus, while this proposal may not be acceptable in other proceedings, it appears to be reasonable in this proceeding.

Q. What do you recommend?

A.

Based on the above, I recommend that the Commission accept Xcel's proposal with the following clarifications. First, I continue to support the cost estimates identified in Table 1 above (\$104.8 million to \$160.8 million) and recommend that they be used as the starting point for determining the cap amount.

Second, I recommend that Xcel provide a final number or cap amount within 45 days of the Commission's Order determining the route. This number should be based on the Commission's decisions in this proceeding using the costs identified for the 39 different route options identified in Schedule 2 of Mr. Stevenson's Direct Testimony and clearly identifying the cost effects of any material changes, due to the Commission's decisions.

Third, I recommend that the Commission provide DOC-DER and other interested parties the opportunity to address whether they agree with Xcel's final Project cost estimate.

Finally, if the Commission approves Xcel's proposal, I recommend that the Commission require the Company to identify these costs clearly and ensure that the costs are easily trackable in future recovery in riders and rate cases.

Q. Does this conclude your Surrebuttal Testimony?

A. Yes.