



March 31, 2021

Mr. Race Rolland
Xcel Energy
414 Nicollet MP 700
Minneapolis, MN 55401

**Re: Cyclic Degradation Geotechnical Evaluation [DRAFT]
Nobles Wind Repower Project - Nobles County, Minnesota**

Dear Mr. Rolland:

Barr Engineering Co. (Barr), under authorization and contract with Xcel Energy (Xcel), has completed the cyclic degradation geotechnical evaluation at the Nobles Wind Repower Project located in Nobles County, Minnesota. This evaluation included assessment of soil behavior subjected to cyclic loading at three proposed repower wind turbine locations. In this report, including all attachments, the proposed repower wind turbine locations are referenced using the May 1, 2020, layout provided by Xcel¹ and summarized in [Table 1](#).

This letter report serves to evaluate the geotechnical conditions observed at select proposed wind turbine locations with respect to potential cyclic degradation. The original geotechnical site investigation is discussed in the Geotechnical Engineering Report Nobles Wind Project, dated September 2009².

Field Work

A total of three soil borings with sampling were completed during this geotechnical investigation. The field work was performed in December 2020. Soil borings were offset approximately 60 feet from the center of the existing wind turbines. Figure 1 indicates the locations where the soil borings were performed. Under subcontract to Barr, Interstate Drilling Services LLP of Grand Forks, North Dakota, performed the soil borings using hollow-stem auger drilling techniques. The soil borings at the select wind turbine locations were completed to depths of approximately 14 feet. Soil sampling and classification was performed at 2.5-foot intervals to 7.5 feet then continuously to the termination depth of the borings. All split-spoon sampling and standard penetration testing was performed in accordance with ASTM D1586. Three-inch-diameter Shelby tube samples were collected at selected depths in accordance with ASTM D1587. Groundwater levels were observed during drilling or immediately after the completion of the soil borings ([Table 2](#)).

All samples were sealed in the field to preserve the in-situ moisture content. Samples were delivered to Soil Engineering Testing Inc. (SET) in Bloomington, Minnesota, for laboratory testing. Soil boring logs are included in [Attachment A](#) while laboratory test results are included in [Attachment B](#).

¹ Sulzer, Roland. Communication to Eric Brandner. Electronic correspondence on May 1, 2020.

² Barr Engineering Co., Geotechnical Engineering Report, Nobles Wind Project, Nobles County, Minnesota, September 2009.

Standpipe piezometers were installed at each investigation site in an adjacent boring to the geotechnical sample soil boring. Piezometers were constructed having a bottom depth of approximately 12 feet below the existing ground surface. Two piezometer readings were collected one and two months after installation. Piezometer readings are provided in [Table 2](#).

Laboratory Testing

The laboratory testing program for the project included index, strength, and cyclic testing. Testing was performed in February 2020. Testing completed focused on undisturbed thin-wall samples collected at a depth roughly corresponding to the base of the turbine foundation. The tests described in the following sections were conducted on the thin-wall tube soil samples used for cyclic testing.

Index Testing

Moisture Content

A total of three moisture content tests were conducted. The soils tested were classified as sandy lean clay (CL) and sandy lean clay with a trace of gravel (CL). The clays exhibited moisture contents ranging from 18 to 22 percent, with an average of approximately 20 percent, indicating the clayey soils were generally in a moist condition.

Moisture content test results generally concur with laboratory testing previously completed for the project² and are summarized in [Table 3](#).

Unit Weight Testing

Three in-situ dry unit weight tests were performed. The results ranged from 104 to 110 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) with an average of 107 pcf. An average moist unit weight was calculated to be 129 pcf.

In-situ unit weight test results generally concur with laboratory testing previously completed for the project² and are summarized in [Table 3](#).

Atterberg Limits

Three Atterberg limits tests were conducted. The results indicate liquid limits ranging from 31 to 34 percent and plastic limits ranging from 13 to 16 percent, with resulting plasticity indices varying between 18 and 22 percent.

Atterberg limits test results generally concur with laboratory testing previously completed for the project² and are summarized in [Table 3](#).

Grain Size Distribution

Three grain size distribution tests, including mechanical sieve and hydrometer, were conducted. The results indicate:

- gravel contents ranging from 1 to 3 percent,
- sand contents ranging from 37 to 43 percent,
- silt contents ranging from 39 to 40 percent, and
- clay-size fractions ranging from 18 to 22 percent.

Grain size distribution test results generally concur with laboratory testing previously completed for the project² and are summarized in [Table 3](#).

Cyclic Testing

Cyclic testing was performed to simulate the loading induced on the subgrade soils under the portion of the foundation experience gapping conditions (foundation heel, or upwind side of the foundation).

Equivalent Loading Conditions

The cyclic loading for the geotechnical samples considered 11 years of cycles/time for the GE 1.5sle turbine in addition to 20 years of cycles/time for the repowered GE 1.6-97 turbine. The equivalent load cycle method was utilized to reduce the total fatigue loading with varying mean loads into a single dataset of 250 cycles with a single mean load, based on an S-N material slope of 15. This equivalent loading was relevant to the bottom of the tower and the top of the foundation. It was then further translated into applied bearing stresses on the bottom of the foundation via Barr's foundation calculation software.

Principal Stress Determination

Principal stresses occurring in the foundation subgrade soils were calculated based on the equivalent load distribution using FLAC (Fast Lagrangian Analysis of Continua) software. FLAC allows for the computation of stresses induced in the soils under the foundation as a result of changing structural loads at the surface. These structural loads were simulated as trapezoidal and/or triangular stresses applied at the foundation embedment depth.

Using FLAC, the cyclic behavior of the major and minor principal stresses and corresponding shear stress were determined. Based on FLAC modeling, significant cyclic variations were found in the major and minor principal stresses relative to a rather small corresponding variation in shear stress. Variations in stresses are provided in [Table 4](#).

Testing Method

Due to the very small variation in shear stress and the large variation in normal stress (as demonstrated in FLAC), cyclic direct simple shear (CDSS) testing (ASTM D8296) was not possible. Additionally, the ASTM standard for cyclic triaxial testing (ASTM D3999) was not considered because confining chamber pressure is held constant through the testing process according to the ASTM. The actual field conditions anticipated for the proposed wind turbine would create a significant variation in both the major and minor principal stress in the soil subgrade near the turbine foundation. Using a triaxial stress path approach was considered the most appropriate method to analysis the actual anticipated field conditions.

Cyclic testing was completed using stress path sequencing in a triaxial chamber, in which the major and minor principal stresses underwent 250 full cycles. The major and minor principal stresses were computed from the FLAC model described above.

The test procedure included back-pressure saturating and consolidating the specimens to the average of the major and minor principal stress. The cyclic portion of the testing was completed in an undrained manner, in which major and minor principal stresses were controlled and axial strain was measured. Following the stress application of each half cycle, the specimen was allowed to rest for approximately 54 seconds during which excess pore-water pressure dissipation was monitored.

Results

Results of cyclic testing indicate the applied cyclic loading increased pore-water pressure and accumulated axial strain during testing. The undrained Young's modulus was found to increase for B12 and B129 during testing, while at B96 a constant undrained Young's modulus was observed.

Strength Testing

Consolidated-Undrained (CU) Triaxial Testing

The undrained shear strength of the soil was measured using consolidated-undrained (CU) triaxial tests on thin-wall samples collected at each of the three turbine locations. This testing was completed on control specimens (called "control") not subjected to cyclic loading, as well as specimens having undergone cyclic loading (called "cycled"). The control and cycled specimens were trimmed side by side from the same thin-wall sample to minimize differences in material properties.

The CU triaxial test results for control specimens indicate deviator stresses at failure ranging from 1.40 to 2,27 tons per square foot (tsf) with an average of 1.71 tsf considering the maximum deviator stress failure criteria. Cycled deviator stresses at failure ranged from 1.62 to 1.87 tsf with an average of 1.76 tsf. At B12 and B129, measured undrained shear strengths were observed to increase following cyclic loading. At B96, deviator stresses decreased from the control to the cycled specimen from 2.27 to 1.87 tsf. The minimum undrained shear strength for the control and cycled specimens were 1,400 and 1,620 psf, respectively. Laboratory strength test results are provided in [Attachment B](#) and are summarized in [Table 3](#).

The test results generally concur with laboratory testing previously completed for non-cycled specimens for the project².

Evaluation of Results

The results of the geotechnical field and laboratory investigation indicate the soil conditions are consistent with the typical conditions found across the site as discussed in the original Nobles Wind Project Geotechnical Engineering Report². Sandy lean clay was identified as the foundation subgrade soil at the three investigated sites. Groundwater identified in the piezometers at the site ranged from a depth of 7 to 11 feet below the ground surface. Laboratory index testing revealed material consistent with glacial till found across the site².

As stated previously, undrained shear strength testing was performed on a control and a cycled soil specimen from each location. Strength increases from the control to the cycled specimens were identified at B12 and B129 while a decrease in strength was observed at B96. All strength testing results, including those after cycling, indicate undrained shear strengths greater than the minimum value of 1,300 psf required in the design.

Analysis of the cyclic testing data indicates an increase in excess pore-water pressure and axial strain for all specimens during testing. Undrained Young's modulus values were approximated for each specimen. An increase in Young's modulus, or strain hardening, was identified at B12 and B129, while a constant undrained Young's Modulus was observed at B96.

For a number of loading cycles calculated to be equivalent to 31 years of turbine operation (11 years baseline turbine plus 20 years of repower turbine), the soil samples were found to not be susceptible to degradation, based on the following criteria:

- Settlement: Differential settlement induced by cyclic loading is anticipated to be minimal based on measured cumulative axial strain.
- Stiffness: Constant or increasing Young's modulus results indicated either neutral conditions or an improvement of the foundation subgrade soil stiffness.
- Strength: The undrained shear strength of soils for cycled specimen strength testing was found to exceed the design requirement.

General

The analysis and conclusions provided are based on the results of fieldwork from recent investigations. Using engineering methods and practices applicable to realistic field conditions, the investigations performed have made every reasonable effort to characterize the site. However, the likelihood that conditions may vary from any specific location tested both in space and time is still possible, and careful attention should be undertaken to observe foundation and geotechnical condition in the near vicinity of the structure during the operational lifetime of the wind turbine by qualified personnel.

Closing

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this service. If you have any questions, feel free to contact Eric Brandner 952-832-2887.

Sincerely,

BARR ENGINEERING CO.

Attachments

- Table 1 Summary of Supplemental Geotechnical Investigation
- Table 2 Summary of Groundwater Measurements
- Table 3 Summary of Laboratory Test Results
- Table 4 Summary of Stresses under Foundation Heel
- Figure 1 Soil Boring Locations
- Attachment A Geotechnical Boring Logs
- Attachment B Laboratory Test Results

Certification

I hereby certify that this report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the Minnesota.

DRAFT

Eric J Brandner P.E.
PE #:

Date

Table 1
Summary of Supplemental Geotechnical Investigation

Structure Type	Structure ID*	Geographic NAD83		Soil Boring	Piezometer
		Latitude	Longitude		
Turbine	B12	43.715479	-95.861945	X	X
Turbine	B96	43.673433	-95.737727	X	X
Turbine	B129	43.705276	-95.754668	X	X

*All wind turbine locations are referenced based on information provided to Barr on May 1, 2020

Table 2
Summary of Groundwater Measurements

Structure / Location Type	Soil Boring ID	Depth to Groundwater [ft]*			
		During Drilling*	After Drilling*	Piezometer	
				1/4/2021	1/27/2021
Turbine	B12	NE	NE	7.1	7.3
Turbine	B96	NE	NE	11.3	11.1
Turbine	B129	NE	NE	9.1	9.6

NE = Readings in which water was not encountered.

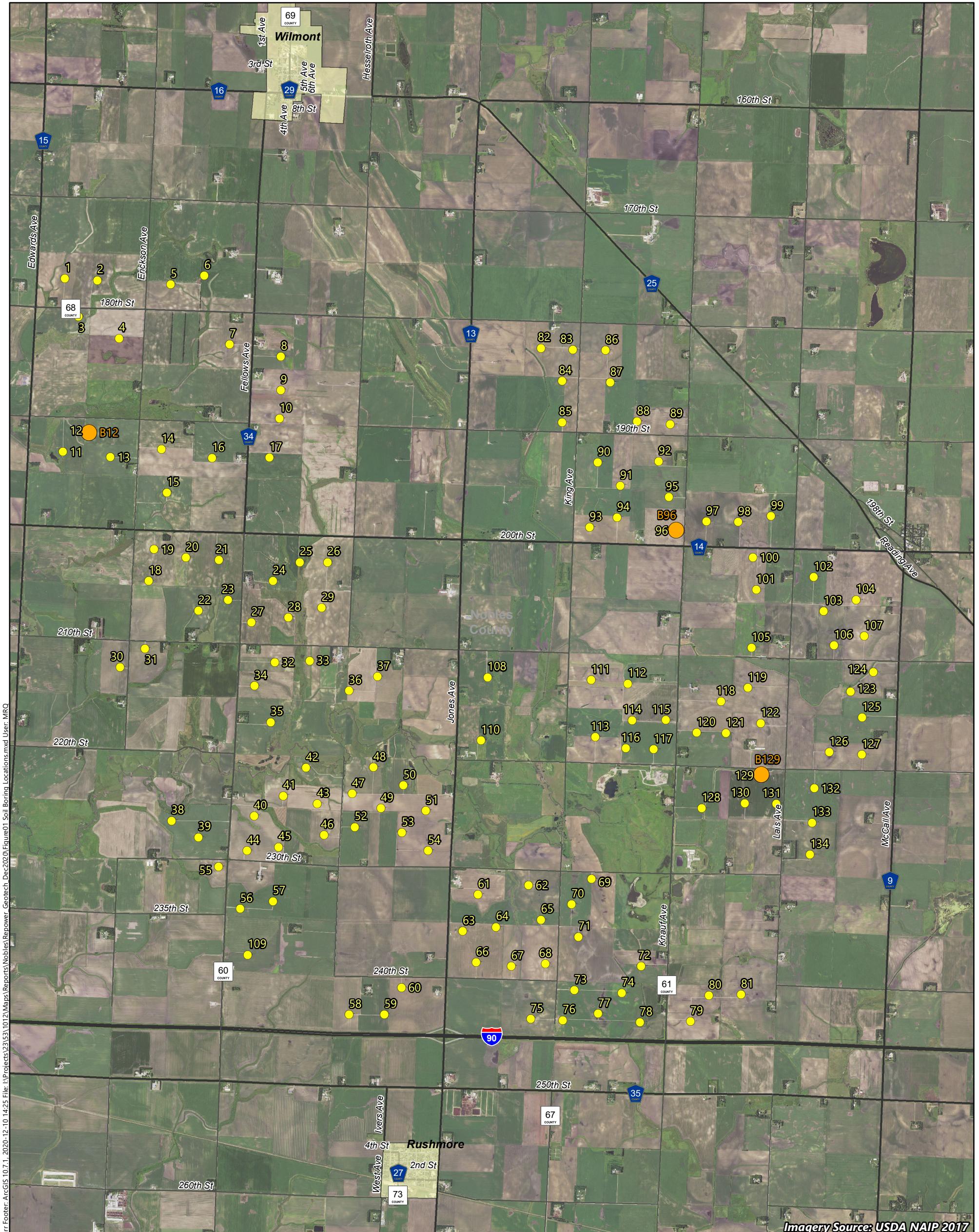
*Due to the presence of clay, groundwater observations in the soil boreholes may not provide a reliable estimate of the groundwater table.

Table 3
Summary of General Laboratory Test Results

Geotechnical ID	Depth [ft]	USCS Classification	Moisture Content [%]	Dry Unit Weight [pcf]	Liquid Limit [%]	Plastic Limit [%]	Plasticity Index [%]	Percent Gravel [%]	Percent Sand [%]	Percent Silt [%]	Percent Clay [%]	Control CU Triaxial Deviator Stress at Failure [tsf]	Cycled CU Triaxial Deviator Stress at Failure [tsf]
B12	10.5	CL	21.4	106.5	34	15	19	2.5	36.8	39.6	21.2	1.40	1.62
B96	8.5	CL	17.8	110.0	38	16	22	2.4	36.5	39.3	21.8	2.27	1.87
B129	8.5	CL	21.9	103.8	31	13	18	0.6	42.6	39.0	17.9	1.46	1.78
Number		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Mean		20.4	106.8	34	15	20	2	39	39	20	1.71	1.76	
Standard Deviation		2.2	3.1	4	2	2	1	3	0	2	0.5	0.1	
Minimum		17.8	103.8	31	13	18	1	37	39	18	1.40	1.62	
Maximum		21.9	110.0	38	16	22	3	43	40	22	2.27	1.87	

Table 4
Summary of Stresses under Foundation Heel

Stress	Load Concentration Location	
	Toe (Downwind)	Heel (Upwind)
Major Principal σ_1 (psf)	820	2,093
Minor Principal σ_3 (psf)	228	1,261
Shear Stress τ (psf)	296	309



- Turbine Location
- Soil Boring Location
- Municipal Boundary



Feet

4,500 0 4,500

Meters

1,500 0 1,500

Figure 1

SOIL BORING LOCATIONS
Nobles Repower Wind Project
Xcel Energy
Nobles County, Minnesota

Attachment A

Geotechnical Boring Logs

DRAFT



Barr Engineering Company
4300 MarketPointe Drive Suite 200
Minneapolis, MN 55435
Telephone: 952-832-2600

LOG OF BORING B12

Sheet 1 of 1

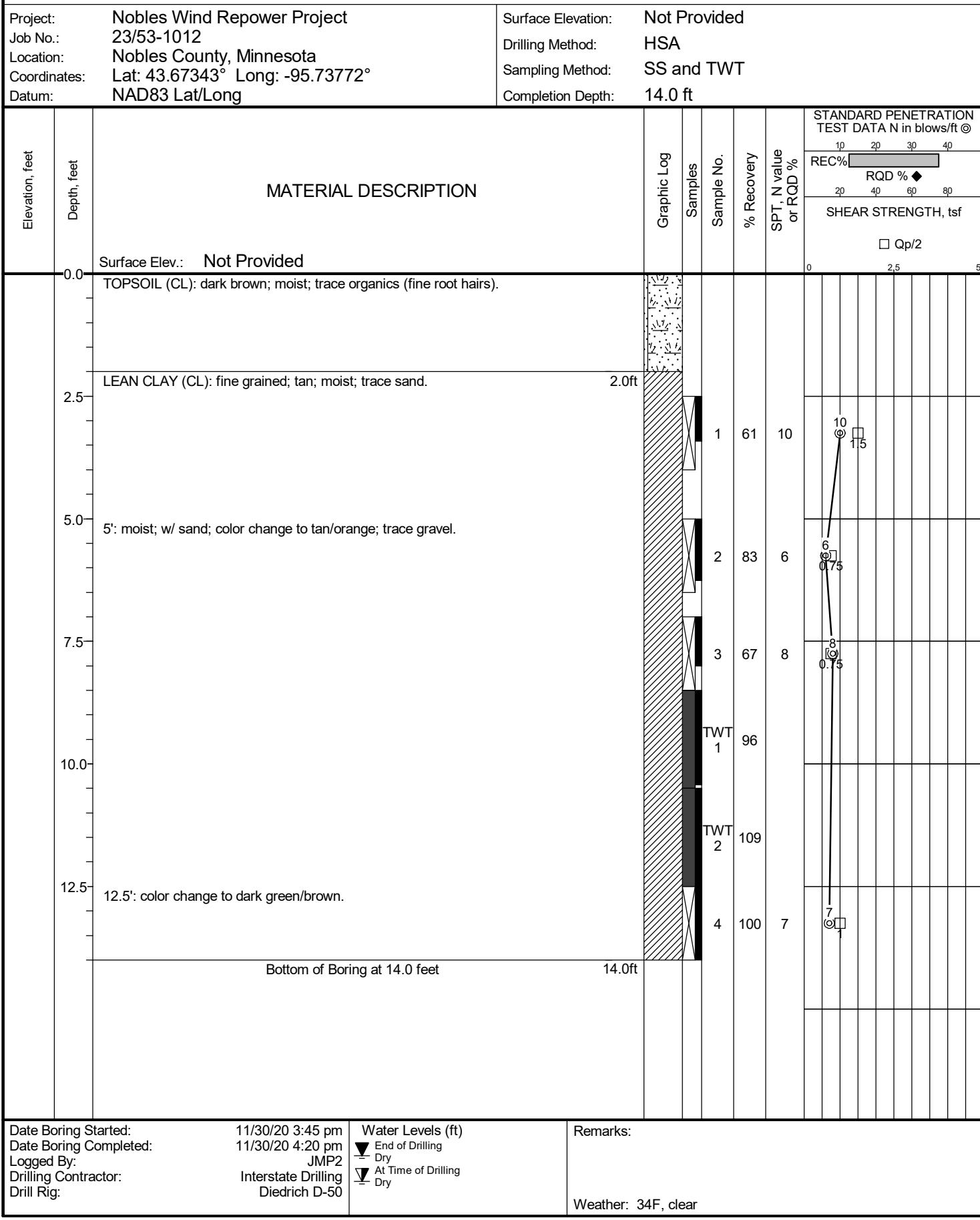
Project: Nobles Wind Repower Project		Surface Elevation:	Not Provided		
Job No.: 23/53-1012		Drilling Method:	HSA		
Location: Nobles County, Minnesota		Sampling Method:	SS and TWT		
Coordinates: Lat: 43.71548° Long: -95.86195°		Completion Depth:	14.0 ft		
Datum: NAD83 Lat/Long					
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
0.0	Surface Elev.: Not Provided	Graphic Log	Samples	Sample No.	% Recovery
0.0	TOPSOIL (CL): dark brown; moist; trace organics (fine root hairs); trace sand; trace gravel.				
2.5	LEAN CLAY WITH SAND (CL): tan w/ orange/gray mottles; moist; trace gravel. 2.0ft			1	83 11
5.0				2	17 7
7.5	7': increased moisture content; pushed rock with spoon.			3	67 8
8.5	8.5': color change to brown.				
10.0					
12.5					
	Bottom of Boring at 14.0 feet	14.0ft			
Date Boring Started:	12/1/20 9:42 am	Water Levels (ft)	Remarks:		
Date Boring Completed:	12/1/20 10:12 am	After Drilling Dry			
Logged By:	JMP2	At Time of Drilling Dry			
Drilling Contractor:	Interstate Drilling				
Drill Rig:	Diedrich D-50				
Weather: 32F, clear					



Barr Engineering Company
4300 MarketPointe Drive Suite 200
Minneapolis, MN 55435
Telephone: 952-832-2600

LOG OF BORING B129

Sheet 1 of 1





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Telephone: 952-832-2600

LOG OF BORING B96

Sheet 1 of 1

Project: Nobles Wind Repower Project		Surface Elevation:	Not Provided			
Job No.: 23/53-1012		Drilling Method:	HSA			
Location: Nobles County, Minnesota		Sampling Method:	SS and TWT			
Coordinates: Lat: 43.70528° Long: -95.75467°		Completion Depth:	14.0 ft			
Datum: NAD83 Lat/Long						
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		Graphic Log	Samples	Sample No.
						% Recovery
		Surface Elev.: Not Provided				SPT, N value or RQD %
0.0		TOPSOIL (CL): dark brown; moist; trace organics (fine root hairs); trace sand; trace gravel.				STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DATA N in blows/ft @ REC% 10 20 30 40 RQD % 20 40 60 80
2.5		SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL-SC): fine to coarse grained; tan; moist; iron staining; trace gravel.		1.8ft		SHEAR STRENGTH, tsf □ Qp/2
5.0		5': increased moisture content.				0 2.5 5
7.5		LEAN CLAY (CL): tan/brown; moist; trace gravel; trace sand; trace silt.		7.0ft		
10.0		7': pushed rock, ribbony sample.				
12.5		Bottom of Boring at 14.0 feet		14.0ft		
Date Boring Started: 12/1/20 12:05 pm		Water Levels (ft)		Remarks:		
Date Boring Completed: 12/1/20 12:35 pm		▽ After Drilling				
Logged By: JMP2		Dry				
Drilling Contractor: Interstate Drilling		▽ At Time of Drilling				
Drill Rig: Diedrich D-50		Dry				
Weather: 40F, clear						

Attachment B

Laboratory Test Results

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Grain Size Distribution ASTM D422-16

 Job No. : **12987**

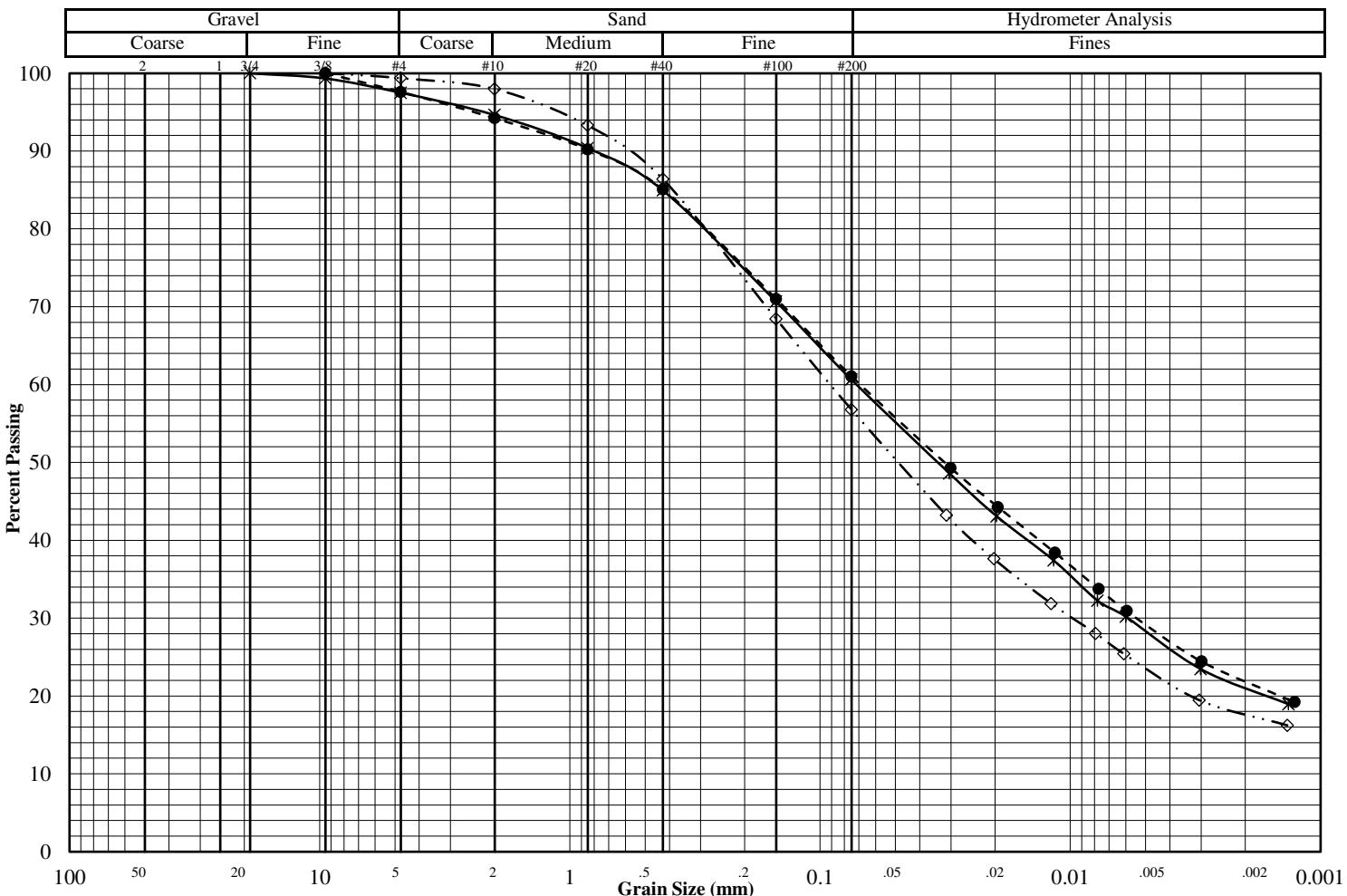
Project: Nobles

Test Date: 2/19/21

Reported To: Barr Engineering Company

Report Date: 2/23/21

Location / Boring No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Sample	Soil Classification
*	B12	TWT2	10.5-12.5	TWT	Sandy Lean Clay w/ a trace of gravel (CL)
●	B96	TWT3	8.5-10.5	TWT	Sandy Lean Clay w/ a trace of gravel (CL)
◇	B129	TWT3	8.5-10.5	TWT	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)


Additional Results

	*	●	◇
Liquid Limit	34	38	31
Plastic Limit	15	16	13
Plasticity Index ASTM:D4316	19	22	18
Water Content ASTM:D2216			
Dry Density (pcf) ASTM:D7263			
Specific Gravity ASTM:D854	2.69*	2.69*	2.69*
Porosity			
Organic Content ASTM:D2974			
pH ASTM:D4972 Method B			

(* = assumed)

	Percent Passing		
Mass (g)	*	●	◇
239.5	239.5	220.8	276.3
2"			
1.5"			
1"			
3/4"	100.0		
3/8"	99.3	100.0	100.0
#4	97.5	97.6	99.4
#10	94.7	94.2	98.0
#20	90.4	90.2	93.3
#40	85.0	85.1	86.4
#100	70.7	71.0	68.4
#200	60.7	61.1	56.8

	*	●	◇
D ₆₀			
D ₃₀			
D ₁₀			
C _U			
C _C			

Remarks:

Grain Size Distribution ASTM D422-16

Job No. : **12987**

Project: Nobles

Test Date: 2/19/21

Reported To: Barr Engineering Company

Report Date: 2/23/21

Location / Boring No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Sample		Soil Classification
Spec 1	B12	TWT2	10.5-12.5	TWT		Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)
Spec 2	B96	TWT3	8.5-10.5	TWT		Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)
Spec 3	B129	TWT3	8.5-10.5	TWT		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)

Sieve Data

Specimen 1		Specimen 2		Specimen 3	
Sieve	% Passing	Sieve	% Passing	Sieve	% Passing
2"		2"		2"	
1.5"		1.5"		1.5"	
1"		1"		1"	
3/4"	100.0	3/4"		3/4"	
3/8"	99.3	3/8"	100.0	3/8"	100.0
#4	97.5	#4	97.6	#4	99.4
#10	94.7	#10	94.2	#10	98.0
#20	90.4	#20	90.2	#20	93.3
#40	85.0	#40	85.1	#40	86.4
#100	70.7	#100	71.0	#100	68.4
#200	60.7	#200	61.1	#200	56.8

Hydrometer Data

Specimen 1		Specimen 2		Specimen 3	
Diameter (mm)	% Passing	Diameter	% Passing	Diameter	% Passing
0.030	48.6	0.030	49.3	0.031	43.2
0.020	43.1	0.019	44.3	0.020	37.6
0.012	37.4	0.012	38.4	0.012	31.9
0.008	32.2	0.008	33.8	0.008	28.0
0.006	30.2	0.006	30.9	0.006	25.4
0.003	23.4	0.003	24.4	0.003	19.5
0.001	18.9	0.001	19.2	0.001	16.2

Remarks

Specimen 1	Specimen 2	Specimen 3

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

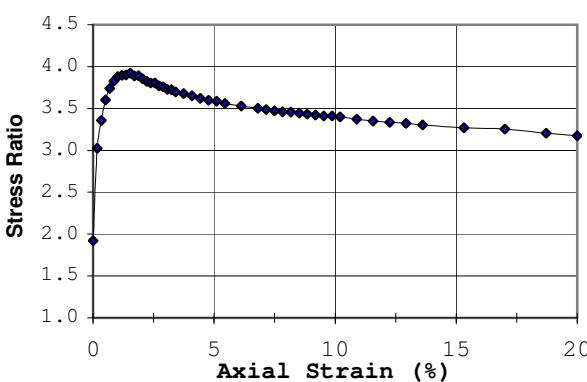
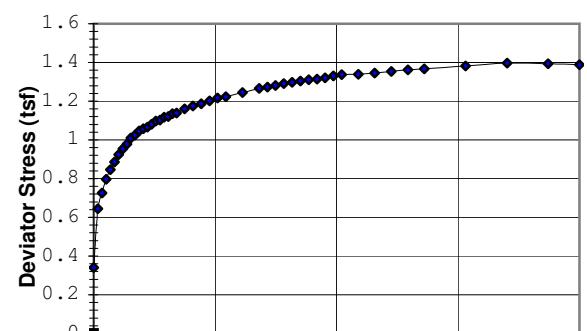
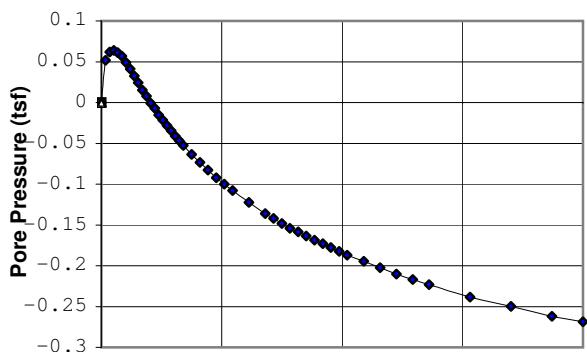
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Stress Ratio

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 34°
 Apparent Cohesion, c' = 0 (tsf)

Test Date: 2/10/21 Liquid Limit: 34

Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 15

Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 19

Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

Diameter (in) A 1.44

Height (in) B 2.96

Water Content (%) C 19.4

Dry Density (pcf) D 104.9

Void Ratio E 0.60

After Consolidation

Diameter (in) A 1.43

Height (in) B 2.94

Water Content (%) C 21.4

Dry Density (pcf) D 106.5

Void Ratio E 0.58

Back Pressure (tsf) A 9.1

Minor Principal Stress (tsf) B 0.37

Max. Deviator Stress (tsf) C 1.40

Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf) D 1.39

Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf) E 1.01

Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf) A 0.06

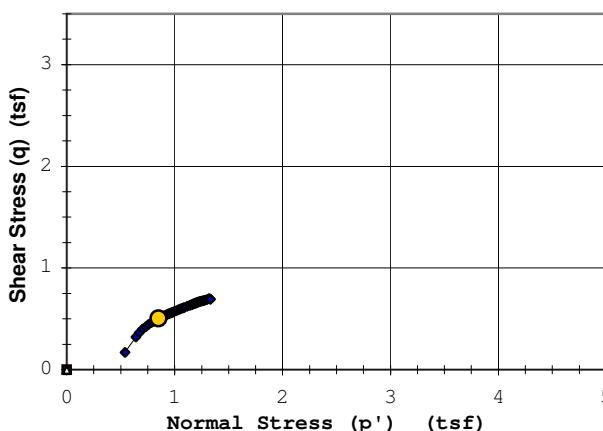
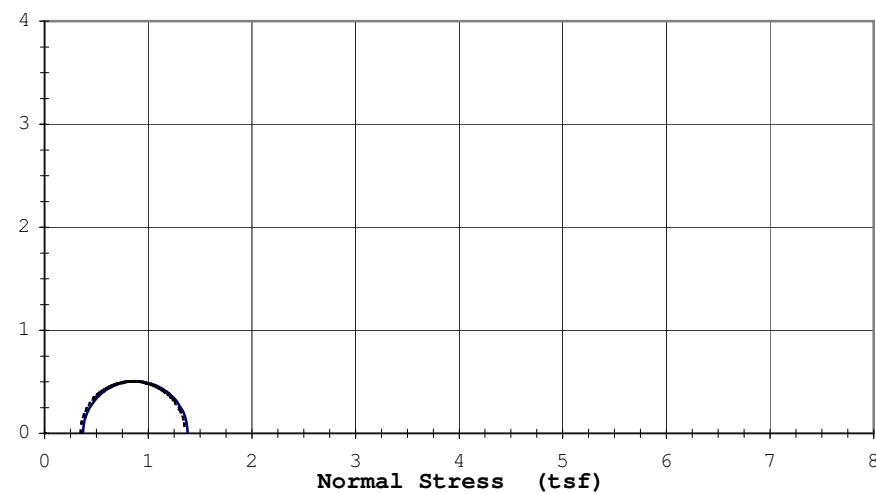
Pore Pressure Parameter "B" B 0.95

Pct. Axial Strain at Failure C 1.5

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
$\alpha = 34^\circ$
$a = 0$ (tsf)

----- Effective ϕ' : 34°
Total ϕ : 34°
$c' = 0$ (tsf)
$C = 0$ (tsf)

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

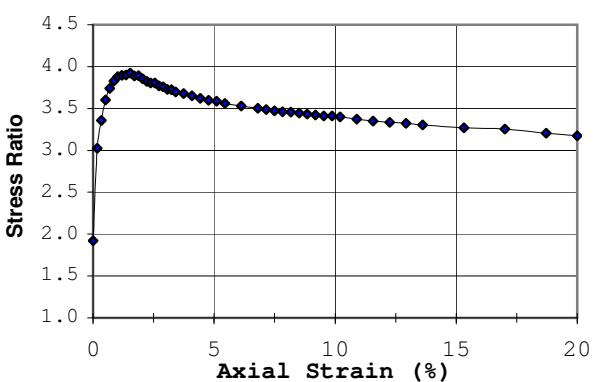
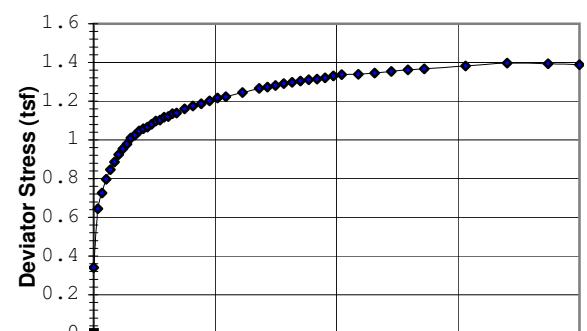
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Deviator Stress

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 34°
 Apparent Cohesion, c' = 0 (tsf)

 Test Date: 2/10/21
 Test Type: CU w/pp
 Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735
 Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025

Liquid Limit: 34

Plastic Limit: 15

Plasticity Index: 19

Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation
A B C D E

Diameter (in)

1.44

Height (in)

2.96

Water Content (%)

19.4

Dry Density (pcf)

104.9

Void Ratio

0.60

After Consolidation

Diameter (in)

1.43

Height (in)

2.94

Water Content (%)

21.4

Dry Density (pcf)

106.5

Void Ratio

0.58

Back Pressure (tsf)

9.1

Minor Principal Stress (tsf)

0.37

Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)

1.40

Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)

1.39

Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)

1.40

Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)

0.06

Pore Pressure Parameter "B"

0.95

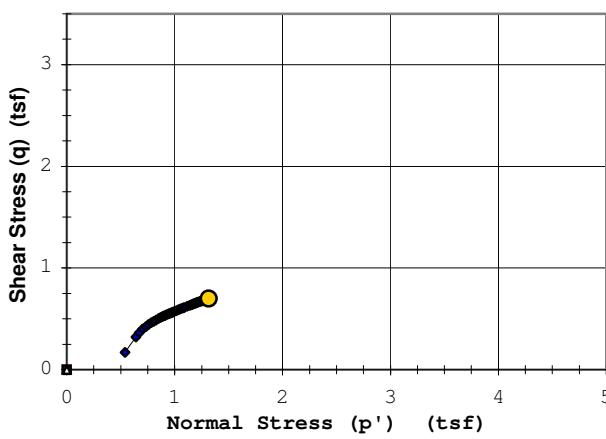
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure

17.0

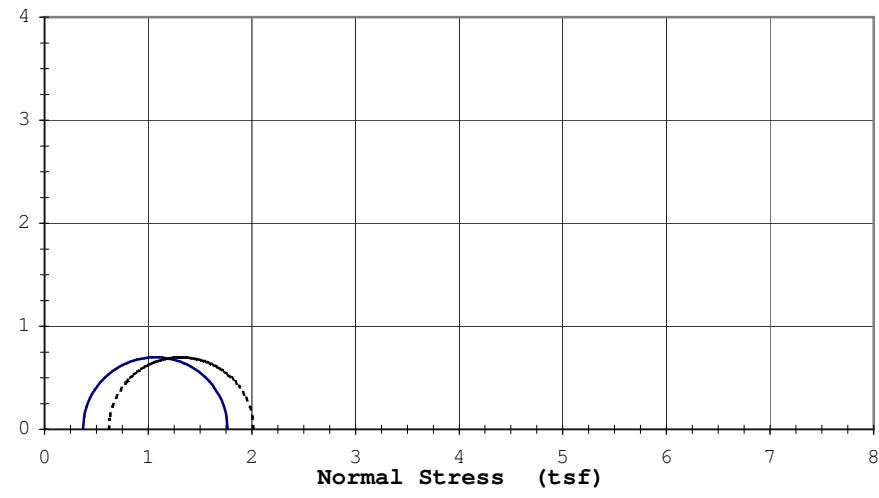
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 34^\circ$ $a = 0$ (tsf)



----- Effective ϕ' : 34° $c' = 0$ (tsf)
 _____ Total ϕ' : 34° $c = 0$ (tsf)

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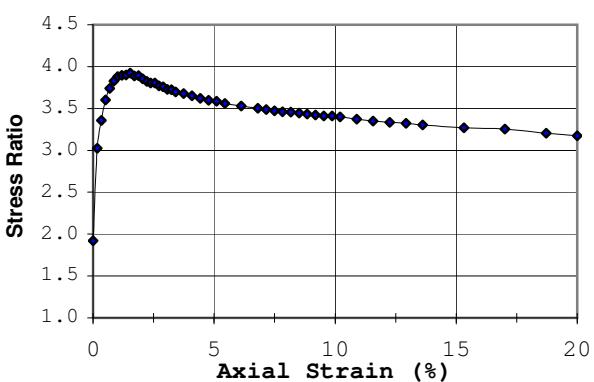
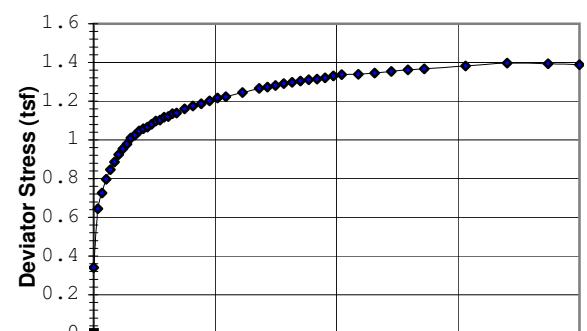
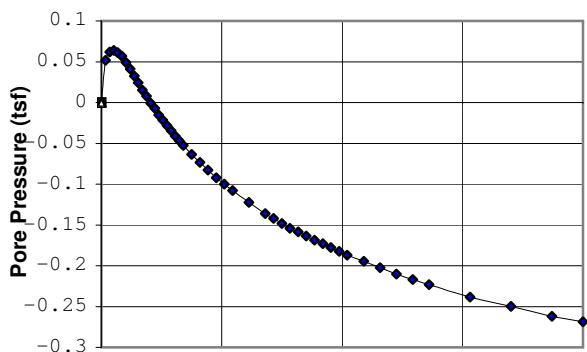
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Given Strain of: 15%

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = °
Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

 Test Date: 2/10/21
Test Type: CU w/pp
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025

Liquid Limit: 34

Plastic Limit: 15

Plasticity Index: 19

Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.96				
Water Content (%)	19.4				
Dry Density (pcf)	104.9				
Void Ratio	0.60				

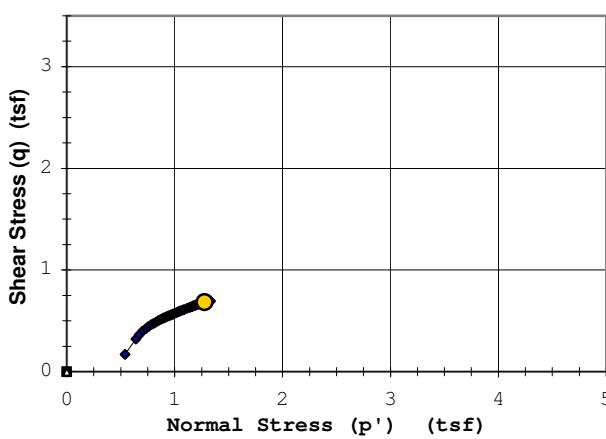
After Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.43				
Height (in)	2.94				
Water Content (%)	21.4				
Dry Density (pcf)	106.5				
Void Ratio	0.58				
Back Pressure (tsf)	9.1				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.40				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.39				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.37				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.06				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	15.0				

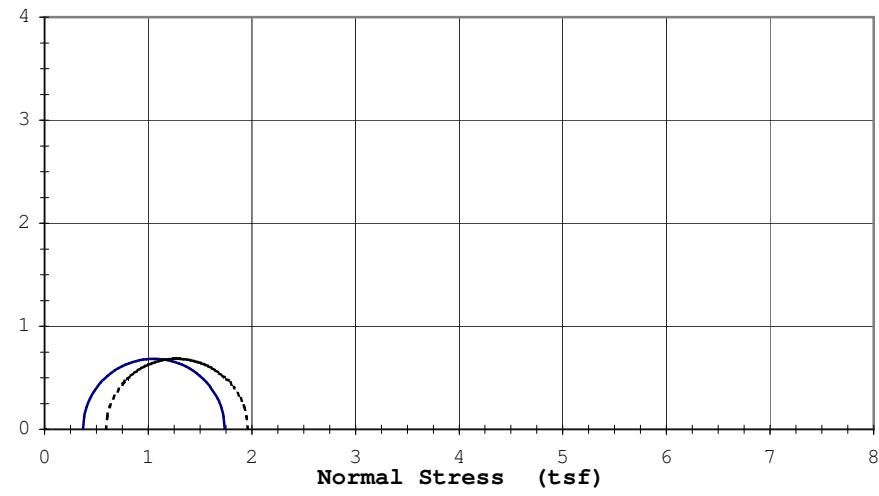
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha =$ ° $a =$ (tsf)



Effective ϕ' : ° $c' =$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ' : ° $c =$ (tsf)

Boring:

B12

Sample:

Triaxial Data Control

Job: 12987
Date: 2/23/21

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Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

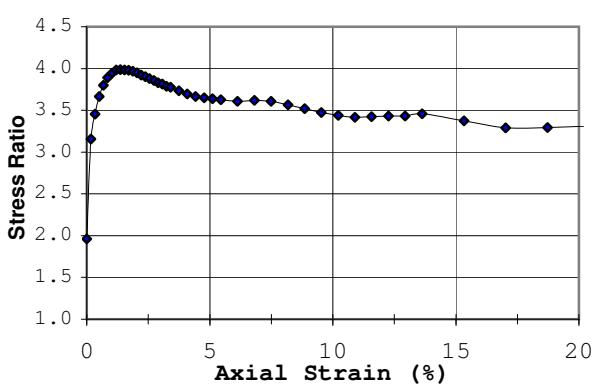
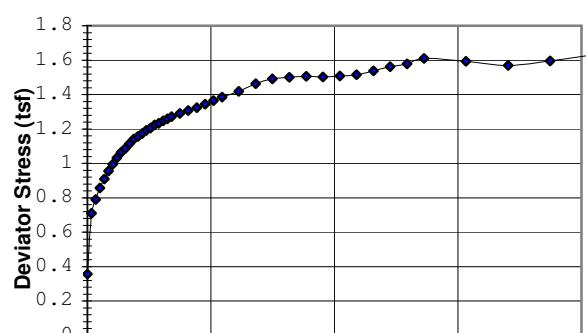
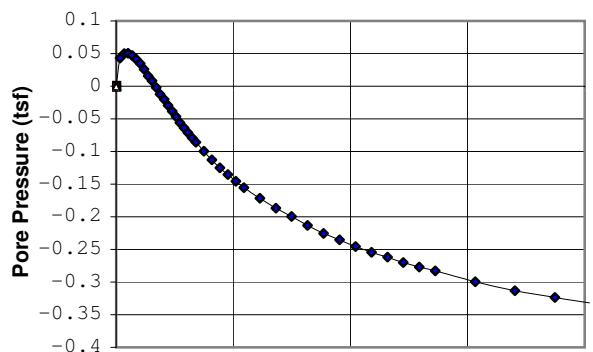
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Stress Ratio

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 34°
 Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

Test Date: 2/10/21 Liquid Limit: 34

Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 15

Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 19

Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

A B C D E

Diameter (in) 1.44

Height (in) 2.97

Water Content (%) 20.0

Dry Density (pcf) 105.6

Void Ratio 0.59

After Consolidation

Diameter (in) 1.44

Height (in) 2.94

Water Content (%) 21.3

Dry Density (pcf) 106.8

Void Ratio 0.57

Back Pressure (tsf) 4.0

Minor Principal Stress (tsf) 0.37

Max. Deviator Stress (tsf) 1.62

Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf) 1.62

Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf) 1.06

Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf) 0.05

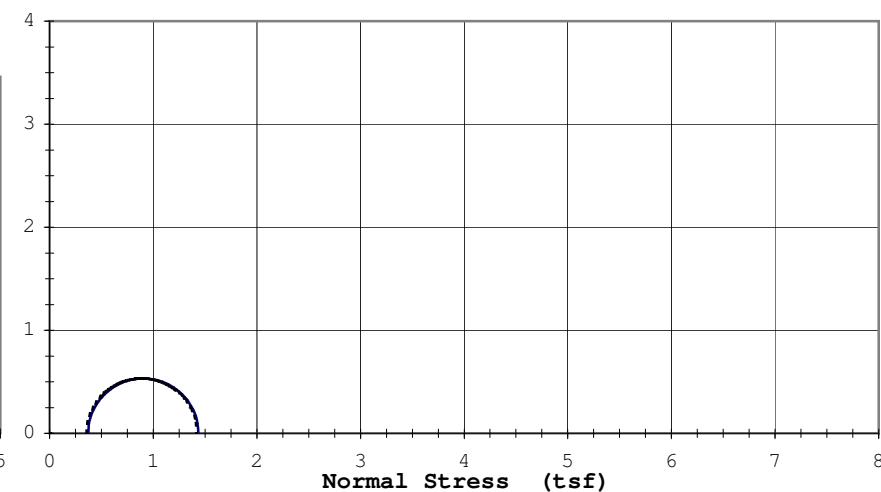
Pore Pressure Parameter "B" 0.95

Pct. Axial Strain at Failure 1.4

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 34^\circ$ $a = 0.7$ (tsf)

----- Effective ϕ' : 34° $c' = 0$ (tsf)
 _____ Total ϕ : 34° $c = 0$ (tsf)

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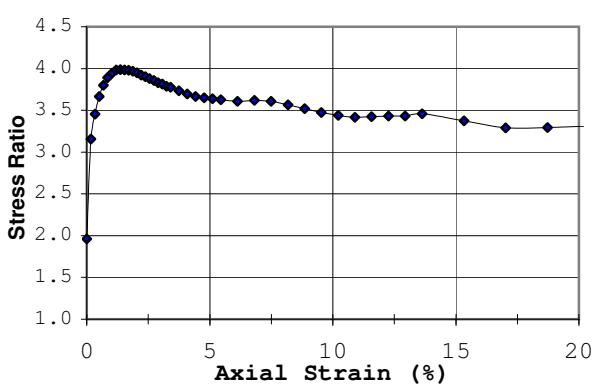
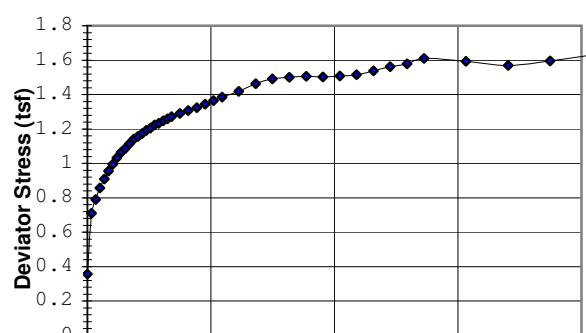
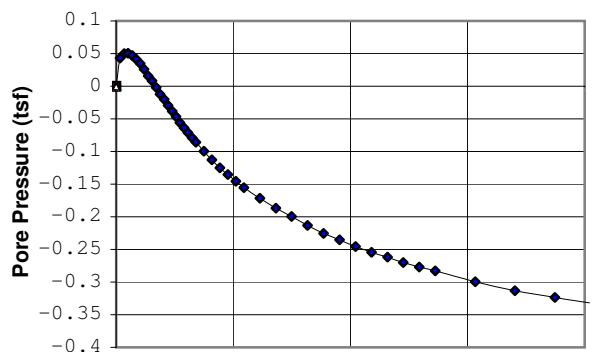
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Deviator Stress

Angle of internal friction, $\phi' = 34^\circ$
Apparent Cohesion, $c' = 0$ (tsf)

Test Date: 2/10/21 Liquid Limit: 34
Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 15
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 19
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.97				
Water Content (%)	20.0				
Dry Density (pcf)	105.6				
Void Ratio	0.59				

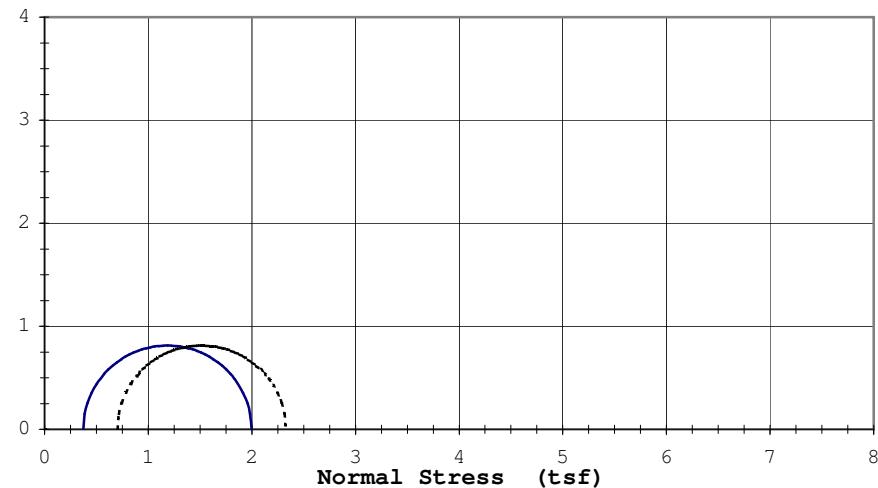
After Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.94				
Water Content (%)	21.3				
Dry Density (pcf)	106.8				
Void Ratio	0.57				
Back Pressure (tsf)	4.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.62				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.62				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.62				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.05				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	20.2				

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 34^\circ$ $a = 0$ (tsf)

Effective ϕ' : 34° $c' = 0$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ' : 34° $c = 0$ (tsf)

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Date: 2/23/21

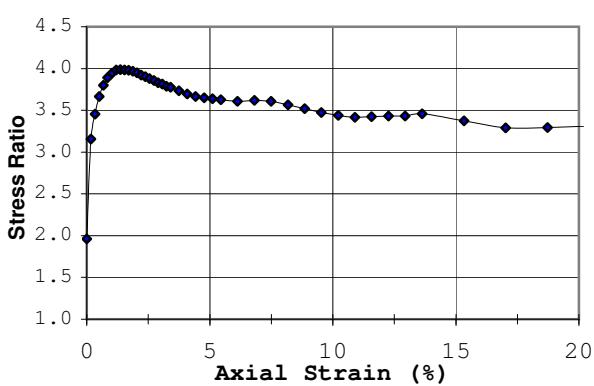
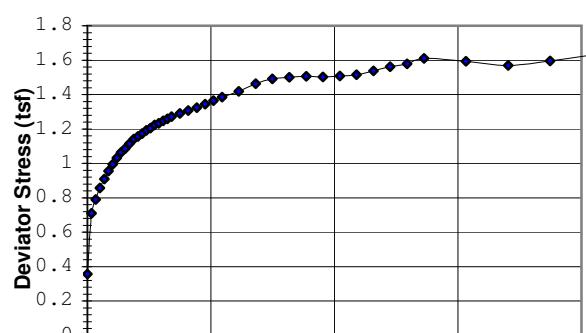
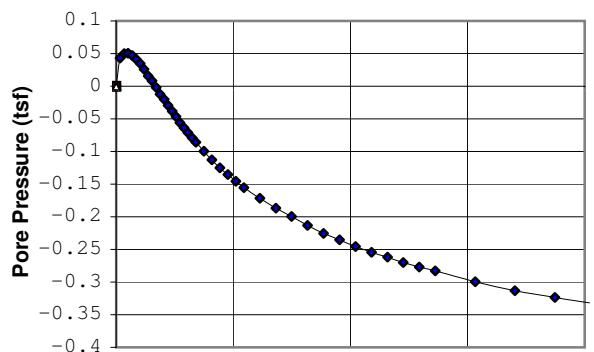
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B12

Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 10.5-12.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Given Strain of: 15%

Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 30°
Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

Test Date: 2/10/21 Liquid Limit: 34
Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 15
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 19
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.97				
Water Content (%)	20.0				
Dry Density (pcf)	105.6				
Void Ratio	0.59				

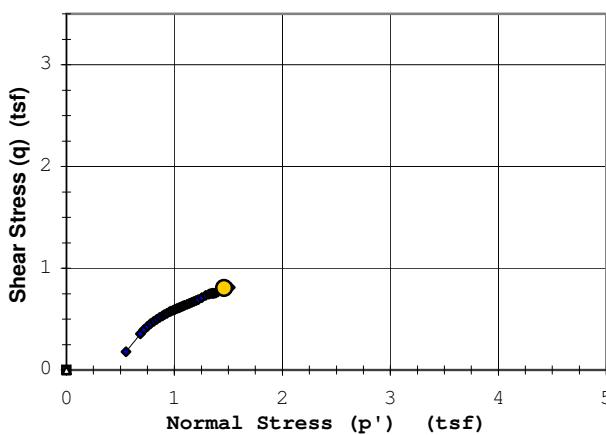
After Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.94				
Water Content (%)	21.3				
Dry Density (pcf)	106.8				
Void Ratio	0.57				
Back Pressure (tsf)	4.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.62				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.62				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.61				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.05				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	15.0				

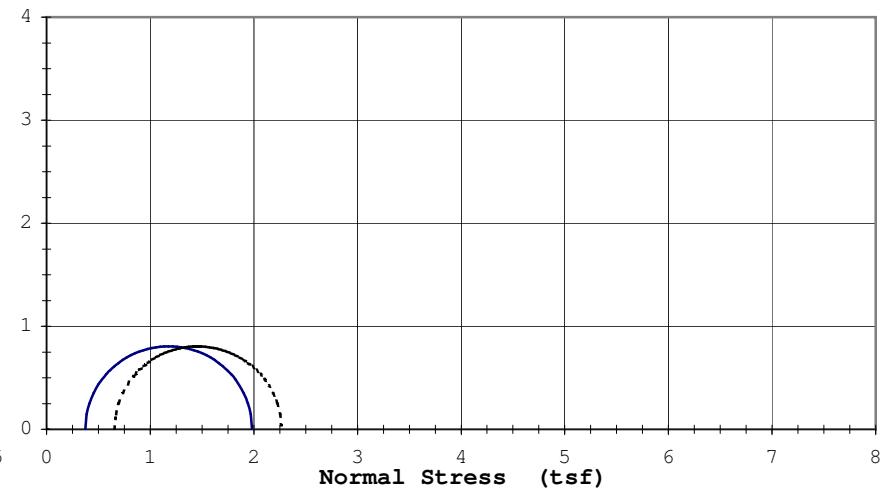
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 30^\circ$ $a = 0.8$ (tsf)



Effective ϕ' : 30° $c' = 0.95$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ' : 30° $c = 0.05$ (tsf)

Boring:

B12

Sample:

Triaxial Data Cycled

0.5-12.5

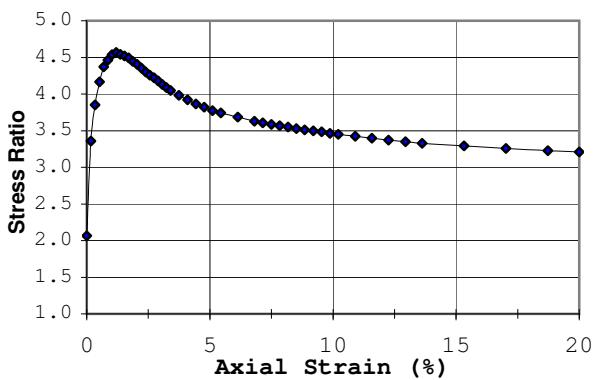
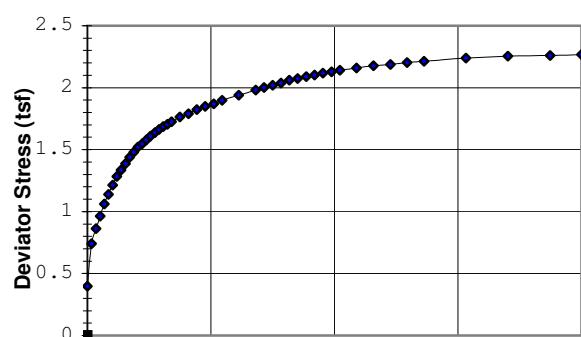
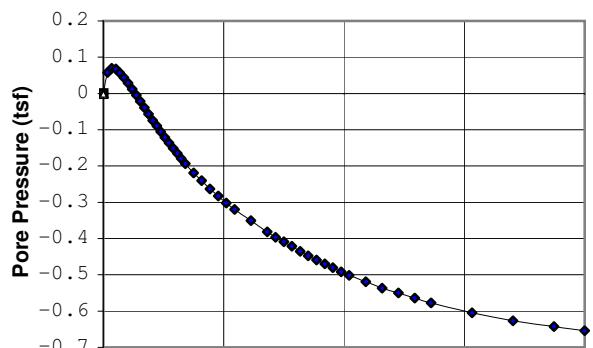
Job: 12987
Date: 2/23/21

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Date: 2/23/21

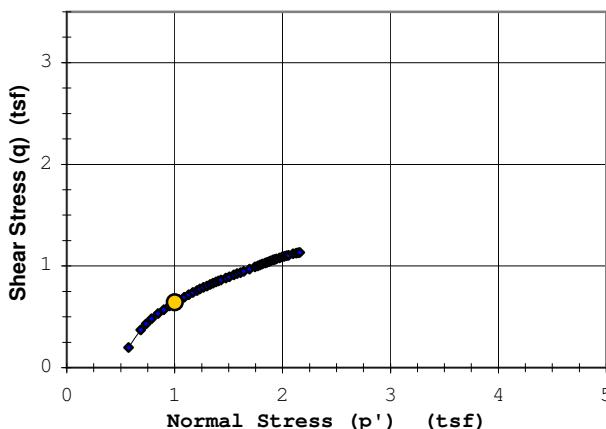
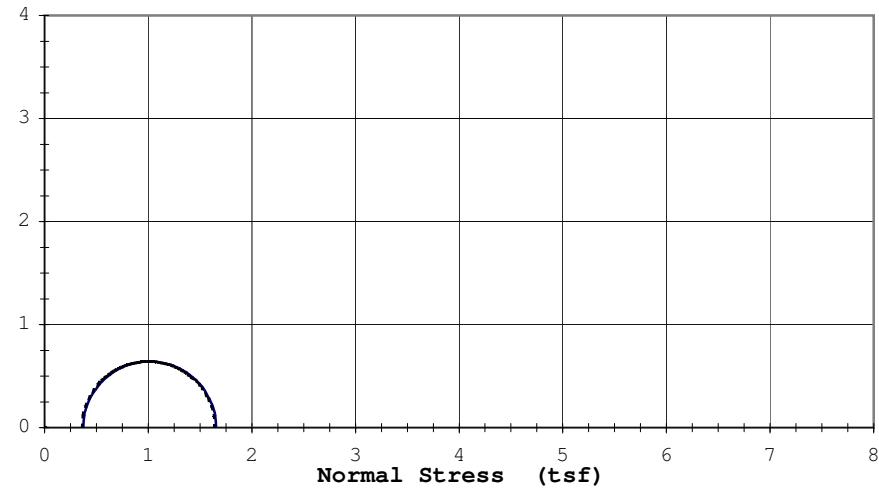
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company
 Boring #: B96 Sample #: Control Type: 3T
 Soil Type: Sady Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:		Max. Stress Ratio				
		Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = <input checked="" type="radio"/> °				
		Apparent Cohesion, c' = <input checked="" type="radio"/> (tsf)				
		Test Date: 2/16/21				
		Test Type: CU w/pp				
		Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735				
		Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025				
		Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69				
		<i>Before Consolidation</i>				
		Diameter (in)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
		Height (in)	1.44			
		Water Content (%)	2.96			
		Dry Density (pcf)	17.8			
		Void Ratio	110.0			
			0.53			
		<i>After Consolidation</i>				
		Diameter (in)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
		Height (in)	1.43			
		Water Content (%)	2.94			
		Dry Density (pcf)	18.9			
		Void Ratio	111.3			
			0.51			
		Back Pressure (tsf)	4.0			
		Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37			
		Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	2.27			
		Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	2.27			
		Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.28			
		Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.07			
		Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95			
		Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	1.2			
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"						

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = \text{ }^{\circ}$ $a = \text{ (tsf)}$

----- Effective ϕ' : ° $c' = \text{ (tsf)}$
 $\text{Total } \phi': \text{ }^{\circ}$ $c = \text{ (tsf)}$

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Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

Project:

Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #:

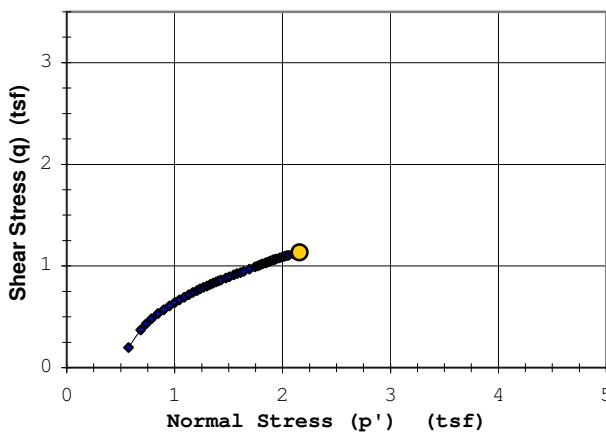
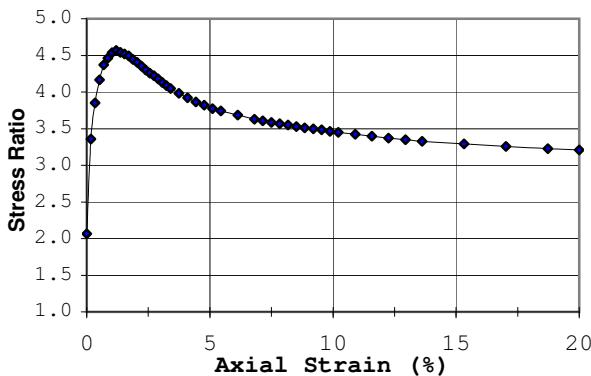
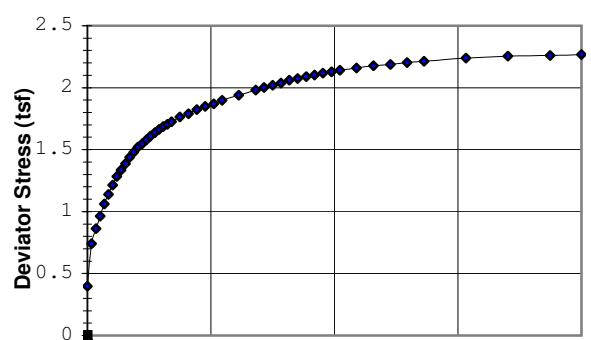
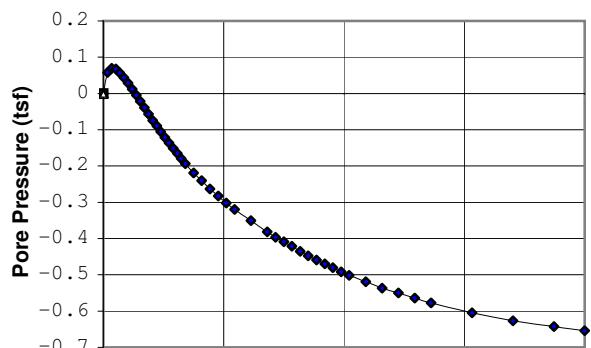
B96

 Sample #: **Control**

 Type: **3T**

 Depth (ft): **8.5-10.5**

Soil Type:

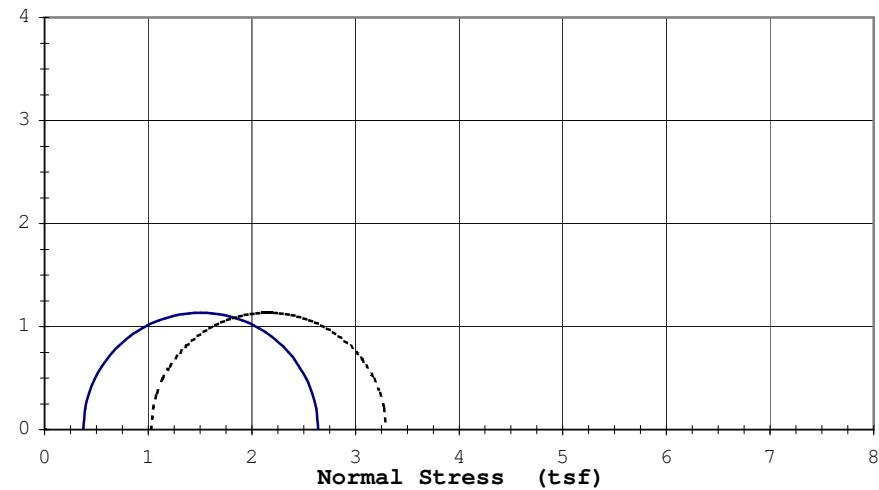
Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)


Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = \text{ }^\circ$ $a = \text{ (tsf)}$

	Failure Criterion: Max. Deviator Stress					
	Angle of internal friction, $\phi' = \text{ }^\circ$ Apparent Cohesion, $c' = \text{ (tsf)}$					
	Test Date: 2/16/21					
	Test Type: CU w/pp					
	Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735					
	Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025					
	Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69					
<i>Before Consolidation</i>		A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)		1.44				
Height (in)		2.96				
Water Content (%)		17.8				
Dry Density (pcf)		110.0				
Void Ratio		0.53				
<i>After Consolidation</i>		A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)		1.43				
Height (in)		2.94				
Water Content (%)		18.9				
Dry Density (pcf)		111.3				
Void Ratio		0.51				
Back Pressure (tsf)		4.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)		0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)		2.27				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)		2.27				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)		2.27				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)		0.07				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"		0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure		20.0				
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"						

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

Project:

Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #:

B96

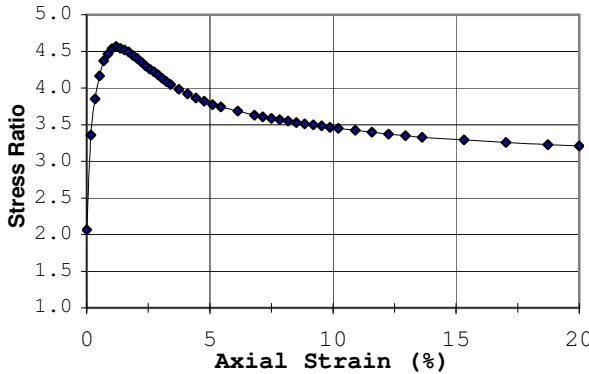
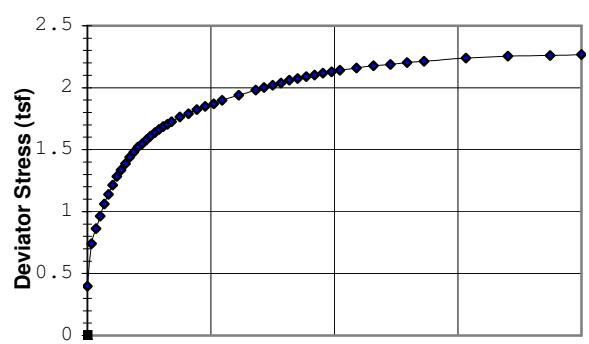
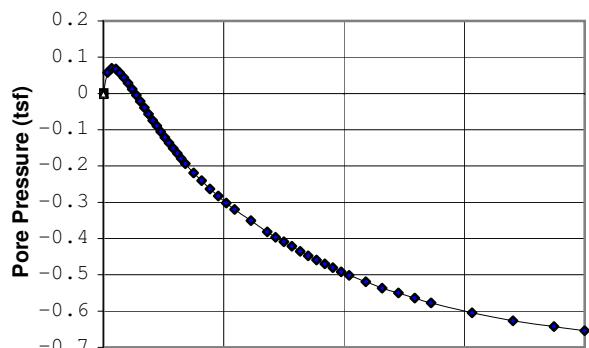
Sample #: Control

Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 8.5-10.5

Soil Type:

Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Given Strain of: 15%

Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 30°

Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

Test Date: 2/16/21 Liquid Limit: 38

Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 16

Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 22

Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
--	---	---	---	---	---

Diameter (in)

Height (in)

Water Content (%)

Dry Density (pcf)

Void Ratio

Boring:

B96

Sample:

Triaxial Data Control

Depth: 8.5-10.5

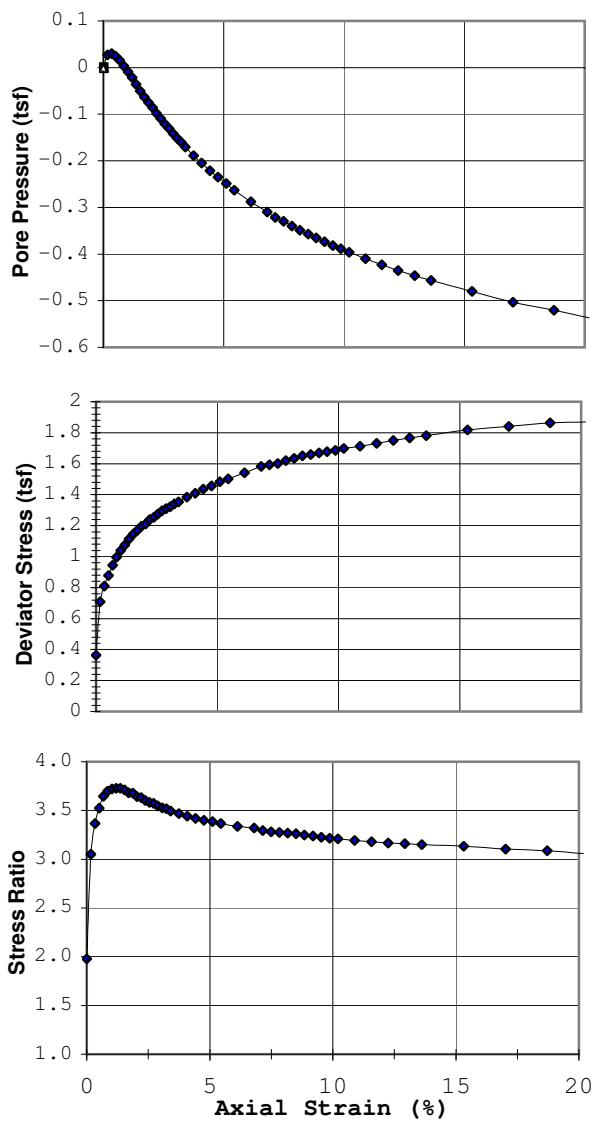
Job: **12987**
Date: **2/23/21**

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

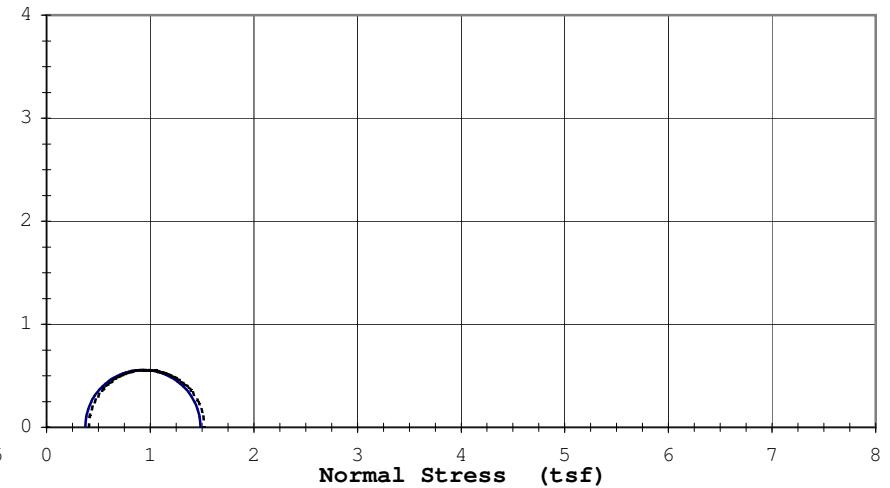
Job No. 12987

Date: 2/21/21

Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company
 Boring #: B96 Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T
 Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)



	Failure Criterion:									
	Max. Stress Ratio									
Angle of internal friction, ϕ' =	38°									
Apparent Cohesion, c' =	(tsf)									
Test Date: 2/16/21	Liquid Limit: 38									
Test Type: CU w/pp	Plastic Limit: 16									
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000736	Plasticity Index: 22									
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025	Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69									
<i>Before Consolidation</i>										
Diameter (in)	A	B	C	D	E					
Height (in)	1.44									
Water Content (%)	2.97									
Dry Density (pcf)	17.8									
Void Ratio	110.4									
<i>After Consolidation</i>										
Diameter (in)	A	B	C	D	E					
Height (in)	1.43									
Water Content (%)	2.94									
Dry Density (pcf)	18.6									
Void Ratio	112.0									
Back Pressure (tsf)	0.50									
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	4.8									
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	0.37									
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.87									
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.87									
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	1.11									
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.03									
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	0.95									
X	1.4									
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"										
Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.										
A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.										



TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/21/21

Project:

Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #:

B96

Sample #:

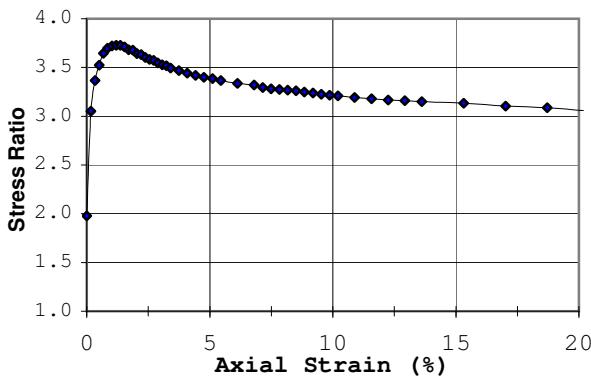
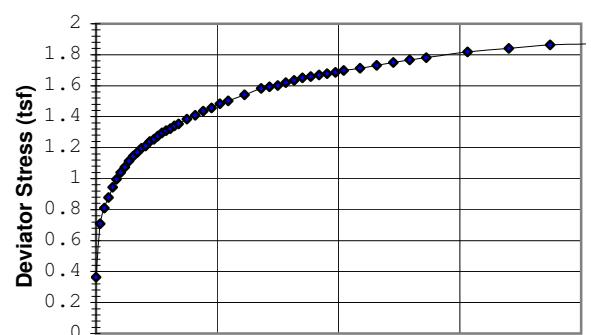
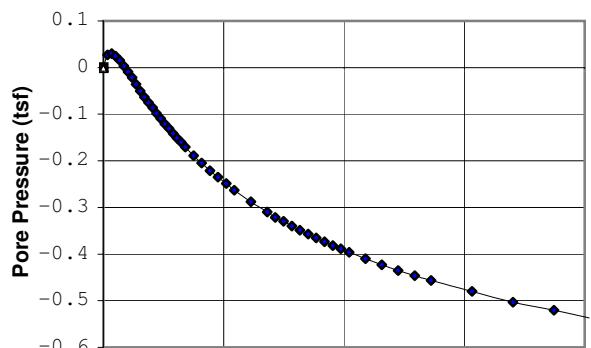
Cycled

Type: 3T

Depth (ft):

8.5-10.5

Soil Type:

Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)


Failure Criterion:

Max. Deviator Stress

 Angle of internal friction, $\phi' =$ °
 Apparent Cohesion, $c' =$ (tsf)

 Test Date: 2/16/21
 Test Type: CU w/pp
 Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000736
 Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025

Liquid Limit: 38

Plastic Limit: 16

Plasticity Index: 22

Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.97				
Water Content (%)	17.8				
Dry Density (pcf)	110.4				
Void Ratio	0.52				

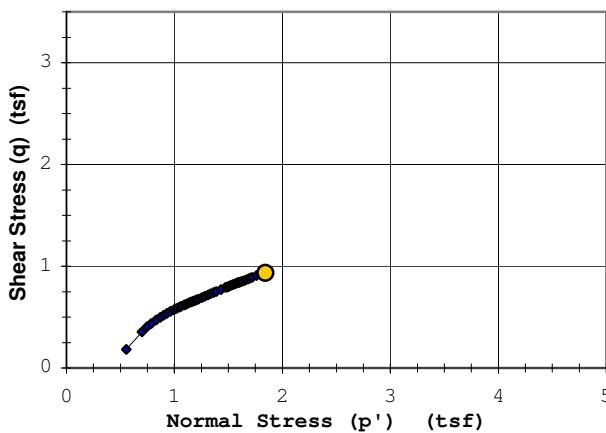
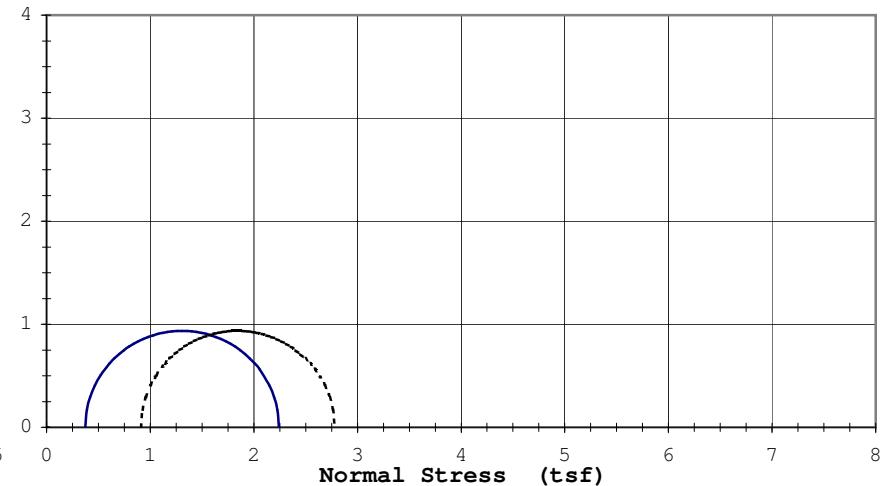
After Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.43				
Height (in)	2.94				
Water Content (%)	18.6				
Dry Density (pcf)	112.0				
Void Ratio	0.50				
Back Pressure (tsf)	4.8				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.87				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.87				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.87				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.03				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	20.2				

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/21/21

Project:

Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #:

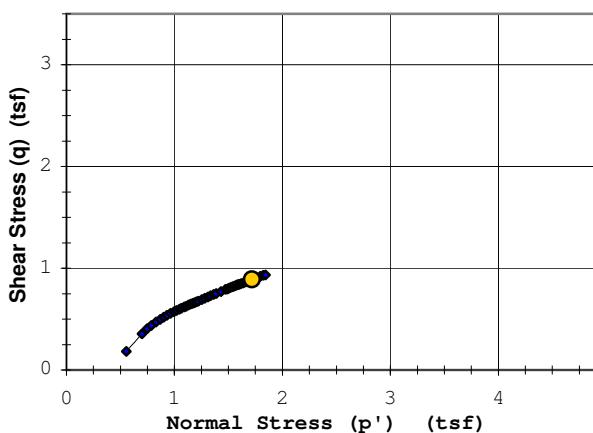
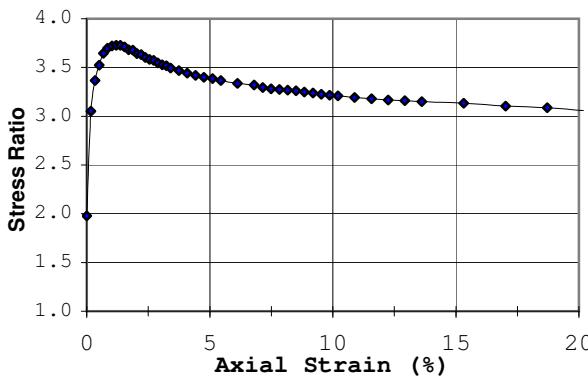
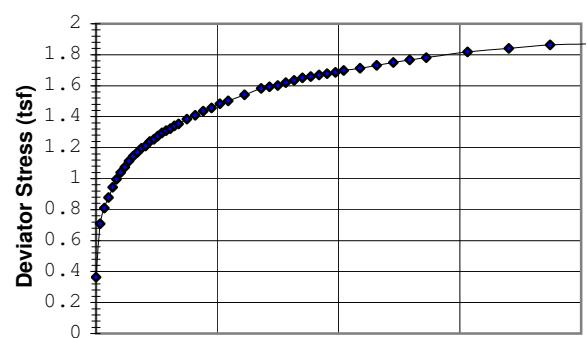
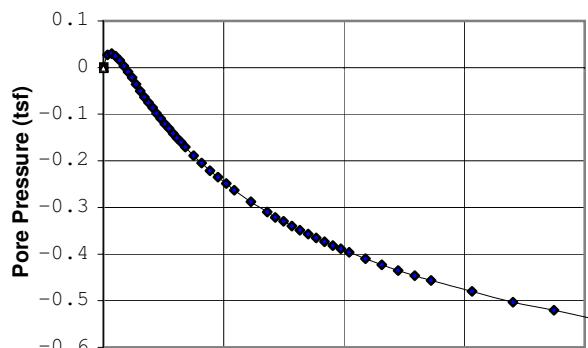
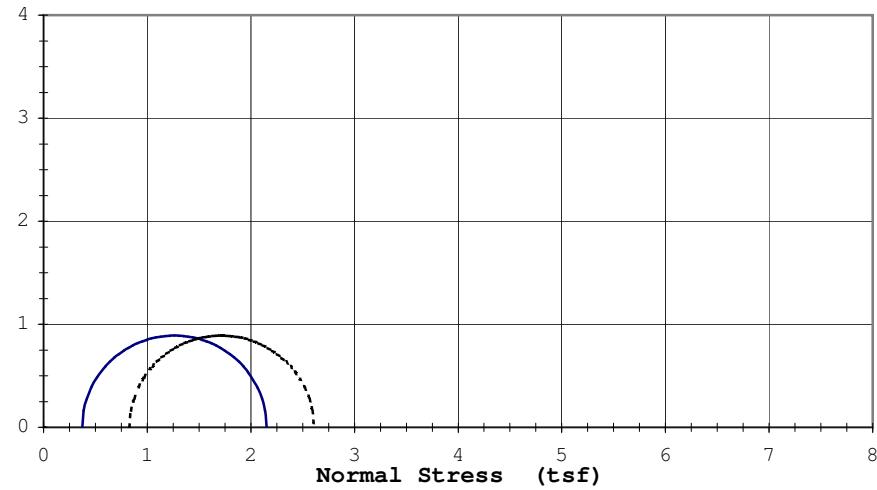
B96

 Sample #: Cycled

Type: 3T

 Depth (ft): **8.5-10.5**

Soil Type:

Sandy Lean Clay w/a trace of gravel (CL)

 Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha =$ $^{\circ}$ $a =$ (tsf)


9530 James Avenue South

Bloomington, Minnesota 55431

Boring:

B96

Sample:

Triaxial Data Cycled

Depth: 8.5-10.5

Job: **12987**
Date: **2/21/21**

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

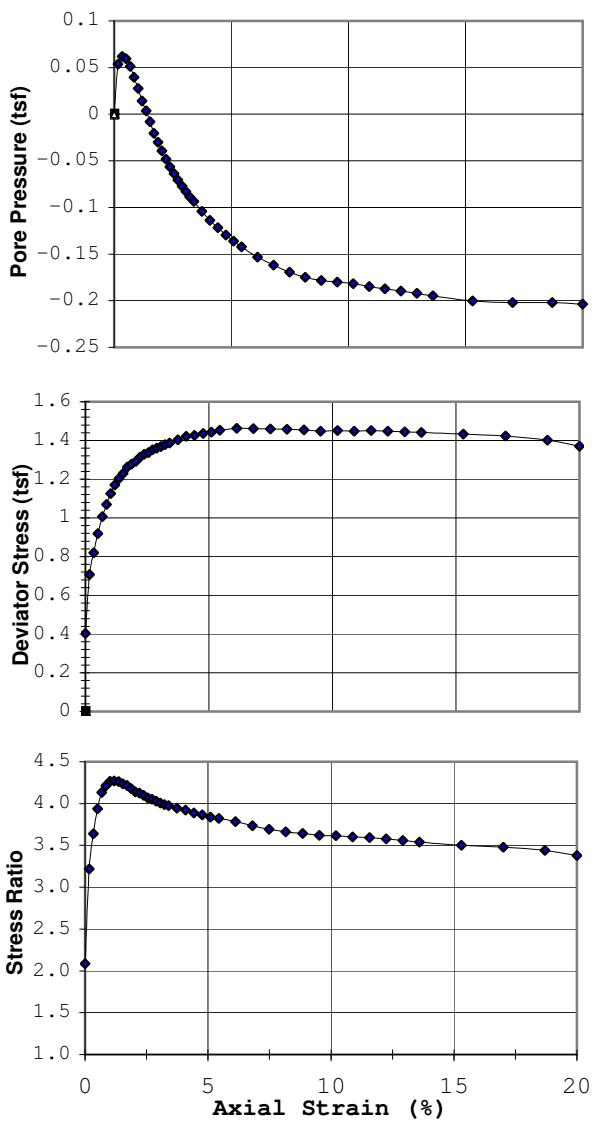
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B129

 Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 8.5-10.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Stress Ratio

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 31°
 Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

 Test Date: 2/16/21 Liquid Limit: 31
 Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 13
 Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735 Plasticity Index: 18
 Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.96				
Water Content (%)	21.9				
Dry Density (pcf)	103.8				
Void Ratio	0.62				

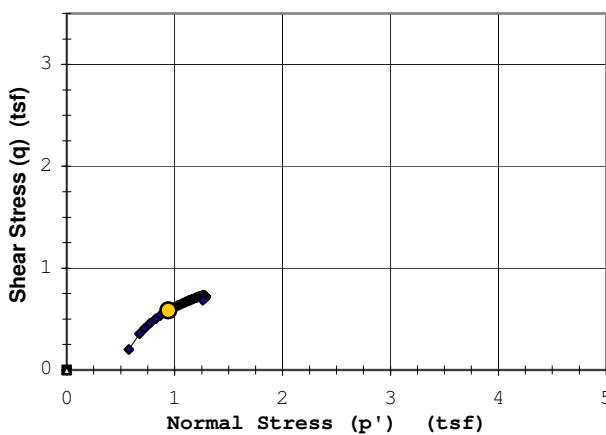
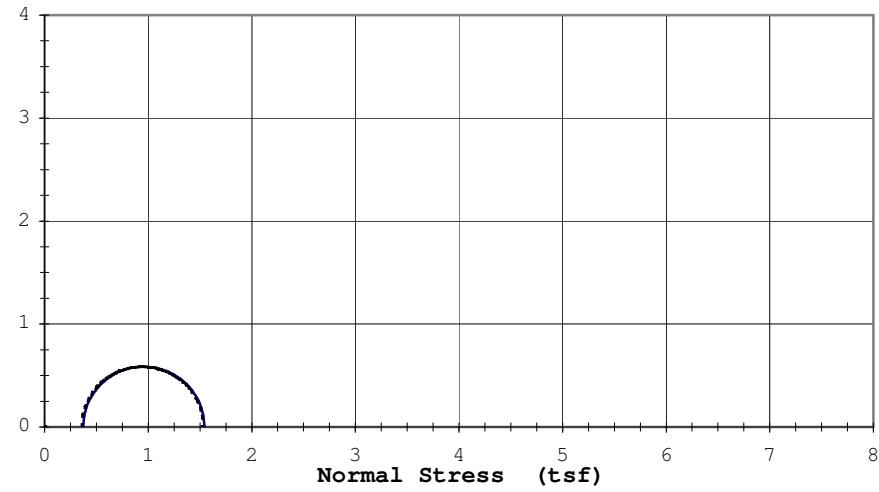
After Consolidation

Diameter (in)	1.43			
Height (in)	2.94			
Water Content (%)	22.2			
Dry Density (pcf)	105.1			
Void Ratio	0.60			
Back Pressure (tsf)	4.0			
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37			
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.46			
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.37			
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.17			
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.06			
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95			
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	1.2			

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.


 Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 31^\circ$ $a = 0.95$ (tsf)

 Effective ϕ' : 31° $c' = 0.95$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ' : 31° $c = 0.95$ (tsf)

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

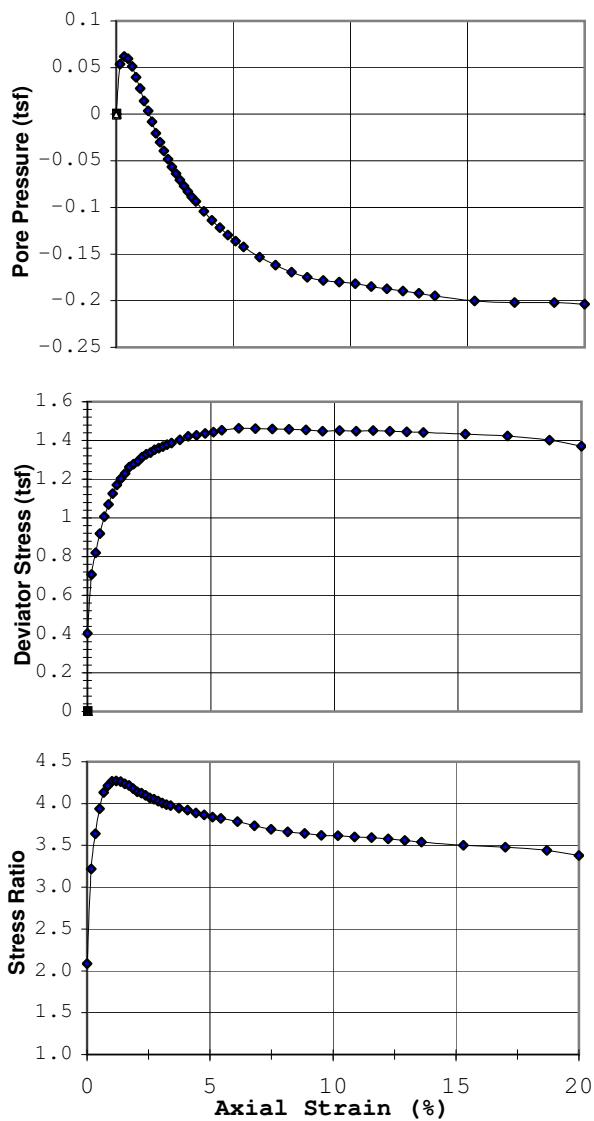
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B129

Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 8.5-10.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Max. Deviator Stress

Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = 31°
Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

Test Date: 2/16/21	Liquid Limit: 31
Test Type: CU w/pp	Plastic Limit: 13
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735	Plasticity Index: 18
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025	Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

Diameter (in)	A	B	C	D	E
Height (in)	1.44				
Water Content (%)	2.96				
Dry Density (pcf)	21.9				
Void Ratio	103.8				

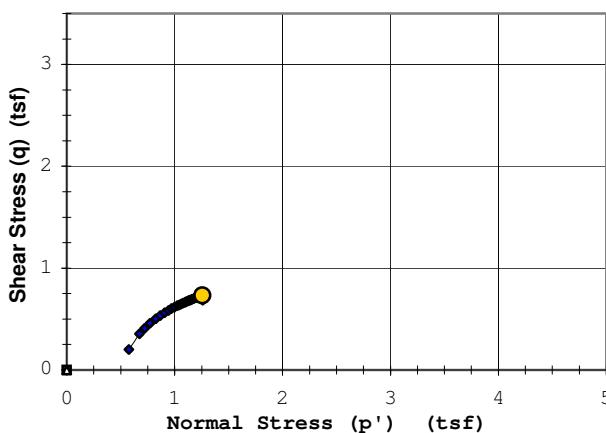
After Consolidation

Diameter (in)	A	B	C	D	E
Height (in)	1.43				
Water Content (%)	2.94				
Dry Density (pcf)	22.2				
Void Ratio	105.1				
Back Pressure (tsf)	0.60				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	4.0				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.46				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.37				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	1.46				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.06				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	0.95				

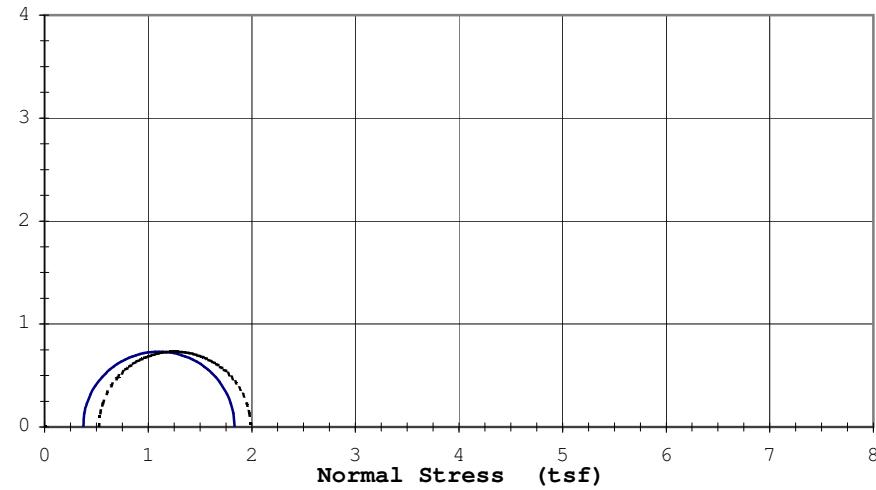
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = 31^\circ$ $a = 0.95$ (tsf)



Effective ϕ' : 31° $c' = 0.06$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ : 31° $c = 0.95$ (tsf)

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

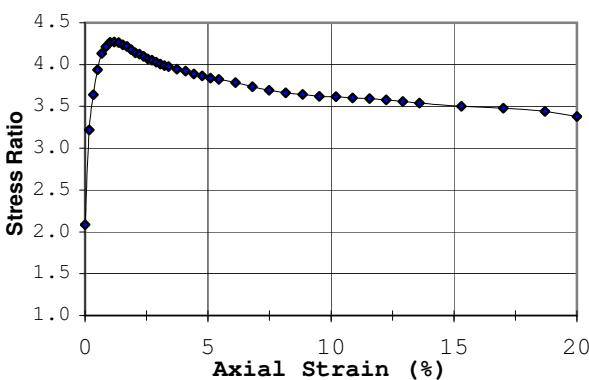
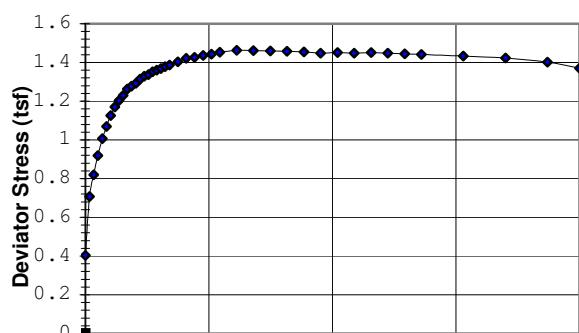
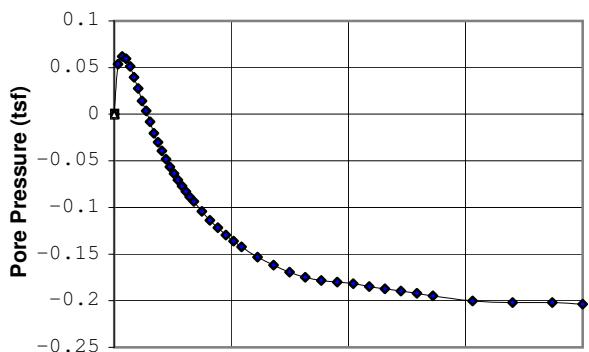
Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #: B129

 Sample #: Control Type: 3T

Depth (ft): 8.5-10.5

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)



Failure Criterion:

Given Strain of: 15%

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = °

 Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

Test Date: 2/16/21

Liquid Limit: 31

Test Type: CU w/pp

Plastic Limit: 13

Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000735

Plasticity Index: 18

Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025

Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

A B C D E

Diameter (in)

1.44

Height (in)

2.96

Water Content (%)

21.9

Dry Density (pcf)

103.8

Void Ratio

0.62

After Consolidation

A B C D E

Diameter (in)

1.43

Height (in)

2.94

Water Content (%)

22.2

Dry Density (pcf)

105.1

Void Ratio

0.60

Back Pressure (tsf)

4.0

Minor Principal Stress (tsf)

0.37

Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)

1.46

Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)

1.37

Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)

1.44

Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)

0.06

Pore Pressure Parameter "B"

0.95

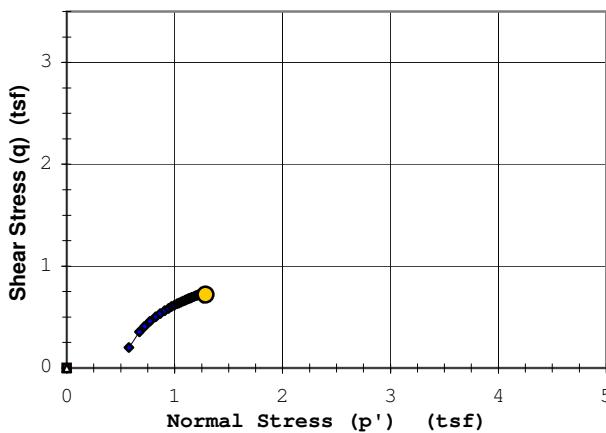
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure

15.0

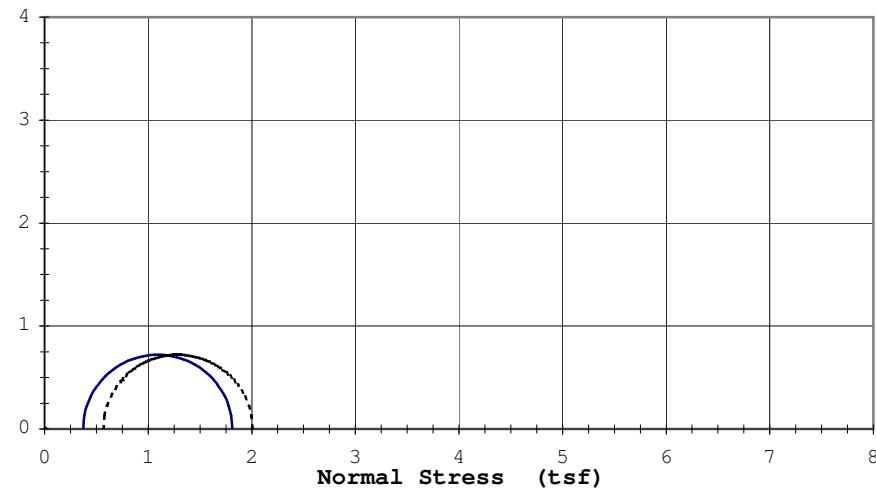
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha =$ ° $a =$ (tsf)



Boring:

B129

Sample:

Triaxial Data
Control

Depth: 8.5-10.5

Job: 12987
Date: 2/23/21

Sample 1		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.40	0.00
0.17	0.71	0.05
0.34	0.82	0.06
0.51	0.92	0.06
0.68	1.01	0.05
0.85	1.07	0.04
1.02	1.13	0.03
1.19	1.17	0.01
1.36	1.20	0.00
1.53	1.23	-0.01
1.70	1.26	-0.02
1.87	1.28	-0.03
2.04	1.29	-0.04
2.21	1.31	-0.05
2.38	1.33	-0.06
2.55	1.34	-0.06
2.72	1.35	-0.07
2.89	1.36	-0.08
3.06	1.37	-0.08
3.23	1.38	-0.09
3.40	1.39	-0.09
3.74	1.40	-0.10
4.08	1.42	-0.11
4.42	1.43	-0.12
4.76	1.44	-0.13
5.10	1.44	-0.14
5.44	1.45	-0.14
6.12	1.46	-0.15
6.80	1.46	-0.16
7.48	1.46	-0.17
8.16	1.46	-0.17
8.84	1.46	-0.18
9.52	1.45	-0.18
10.20	1.45	-0.18
10.88	1.45	-0.18
11.56	1.45	-0.19
12.24	1.45	-0.19
12.92	1.44	-0.19
13.60	1.44	-0.19
15.30	1.43	-0.20
17.00	1.42	-0.20
18.70	1.40	-0.20
20.00	1.37	-0.20

Sample 2		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)

Sample 3		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)

Sample 4		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)

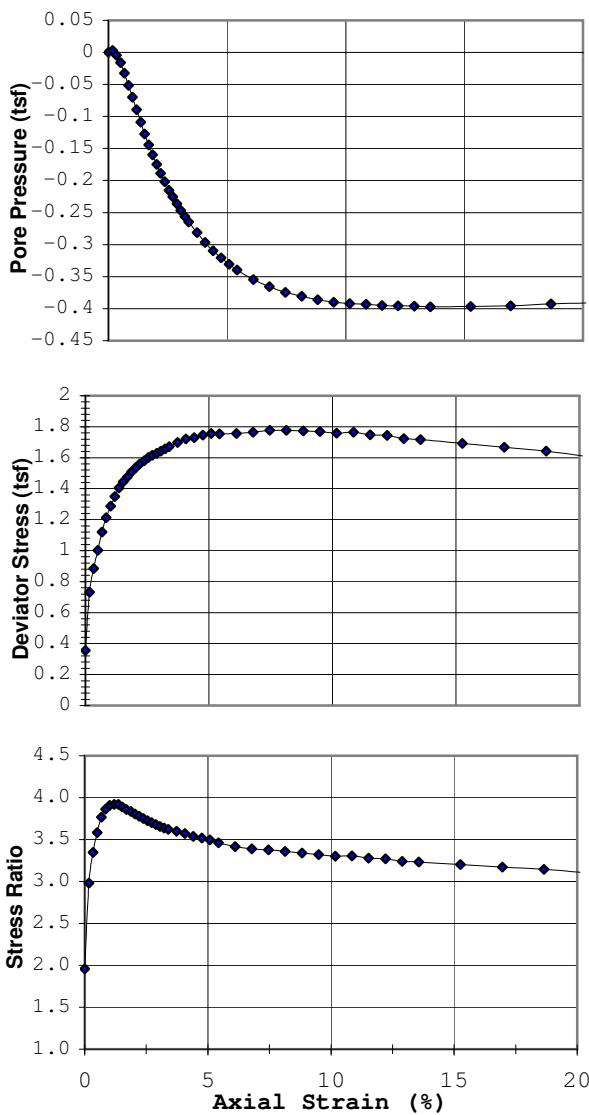
Sample 5		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company
 Boring #: B129 Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T
 Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)

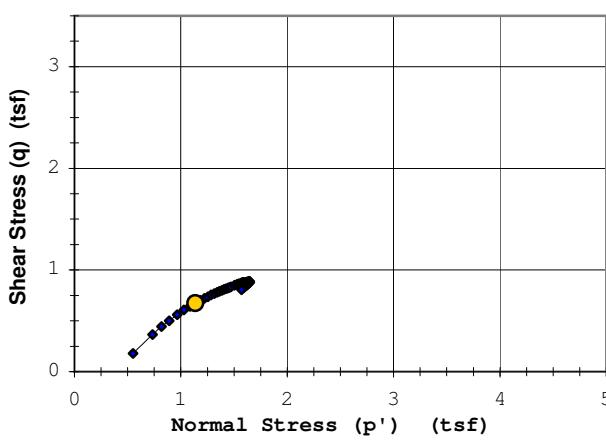


Failure Criterion:		Max. Stress Ratio				
Angle of internal friction, ϕ' =		$^{\circ}$				
Apparent Cohesion, c' =		(tsf)				
Test Date: 2/16/21		Liquid Limit: 31				
Test Type: CU w/pp		Plastic Limit: 13				
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000738		Plasticity Index: 18				
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025		Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69				
<i>Before Consolidation</i>		A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)		1.44				
Height (in)		2.97				
Water Content (%)		18.9				
Dry Density (pcf)		107.8				
Void Ratio		0.56				
<i>After Consolidation</i>						
Diameter (in)		1.43				
Height (in)		2.95				
Water Content (%)		20.1				
Dry Density (pcf)		109.0				
Void Ratio		0.54				
Back Pressure (tsf)		5.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)		0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)		1.78				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)		1.61				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)		1.35				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)		0.00				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"		0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure		1.2				

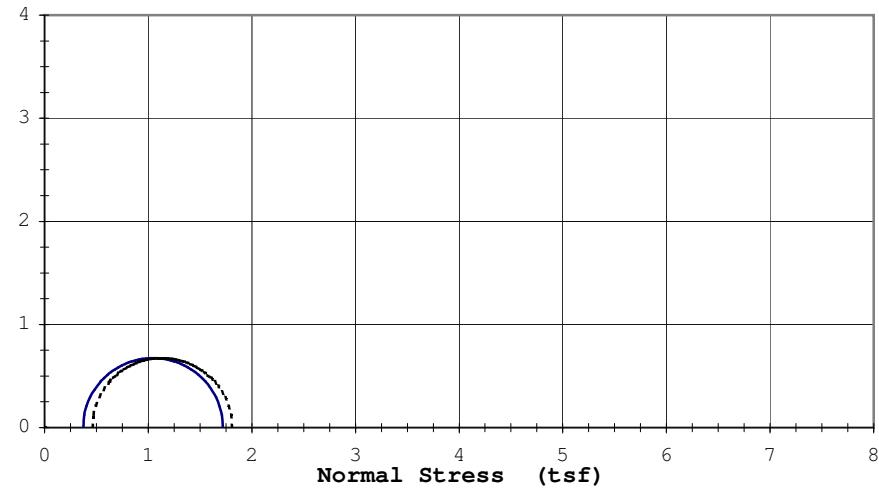
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha = {}^{\circ}$ $a = \text{ (tsf)}$



----- Effective ϕ' : ${}^{\circ}$ $c' = \text{ (tsf)}$
 _____ Total ϕ : ${}^{\circ}$ $c = \text{ (tsf)}$

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company

Boring #:

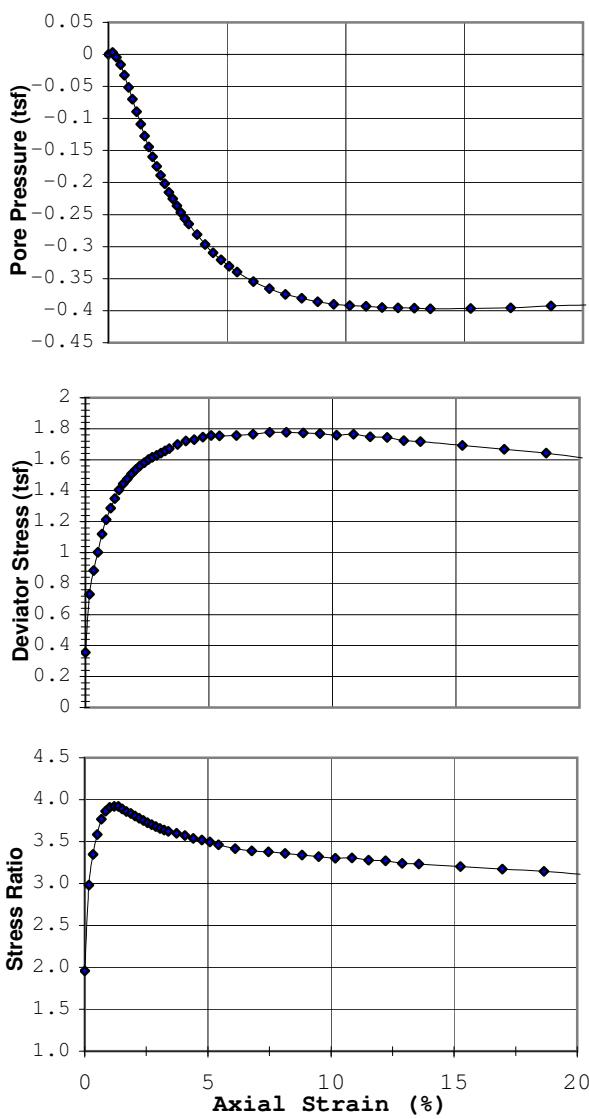
B129

Sample #: Cycled

Type: 3T

Depth (ft): **8.5-10.5**

Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)

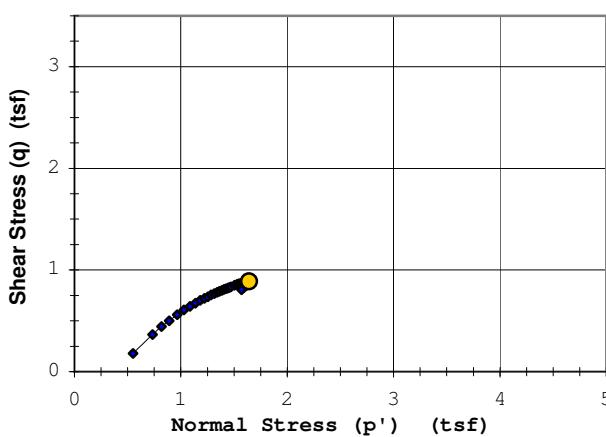


Failure Criterion:		Max. Deviator Stress				
Angle of internal friction, ϕ' =		$^{\circ}$				
Apparent Cohesion, c' =		(tsf)				
Test Date: 2/16/21		Liquid Limit: 31				
Test Type: CU w/pp		Plastic Limit: 13				
Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000738		Plasticity Index: 18				
Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025		Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69				
<i>Before Consolidation</i>		A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)		1.44				
Height (in)		2.97				
Water Content (%)		18.9				
Dry Density (pcf)		107.8				
Void Ratio		0.56				
<i>After Consolidation</i>		1.43				
Diameter (in)		2.95				
Height (in)		20.1				
Water Content (%)		109.0				
Dry Density (pcf)		0.54				
Back Pressure (tsf)		5.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)		0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)		1.78				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)		1.61				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)		1.78				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)		0.00				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"		0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure		8.1				

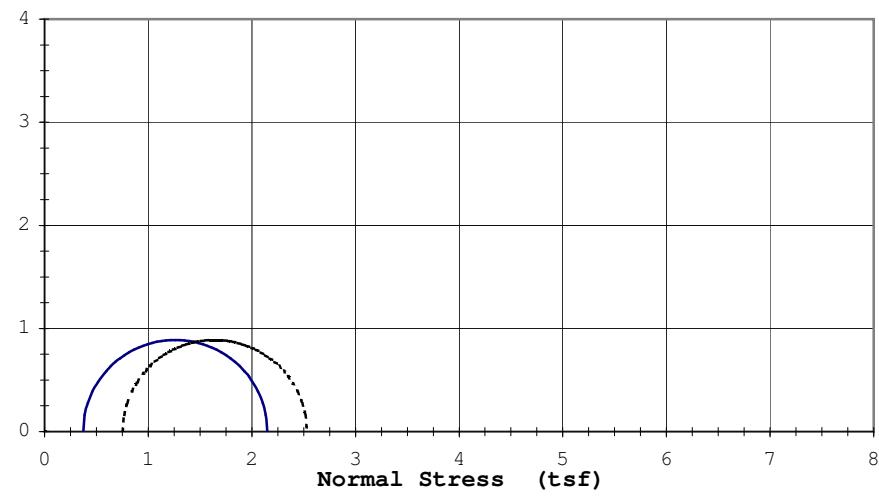
"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
$\alpha =$ <input type="text"/> $^{\circ}$
$a =$ <input type="text"/> (tsf)



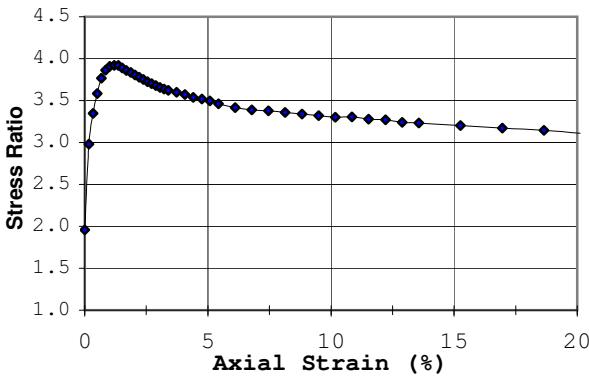
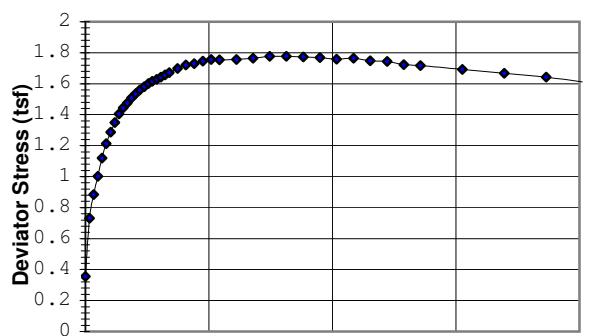
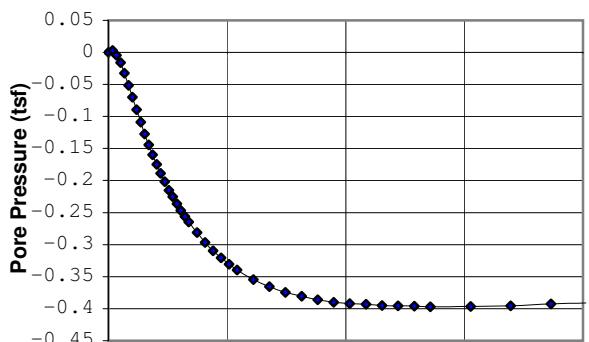
----- Effective ϕ' : <input type="text"/> $^{\circ}$	$c' =$ <input type="text"/> (tsf)
_____ Total ϕ : <input type="text"/> $^{\circ}$	$c =$ <input type="text"/> (tsf)

TRIAXIAL TEST ASTM: D 4767

Job No. 12987

Date: 2/23/21

Project: Nobles / Barr Engineering Company
 Boring #: B129 Sample #: Cycled Type: 3T
 Soil Type: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)


Failure Criterion: Given Strain of: 15%

 Angle of internal friction, ϕ' = °
 Apparent Cohesion, c' = (tsf)

 Test Date: 2/16/21 Liquid Limit: 31
 Test Type: CU w/pp Plastic Limit: 13
 Strain Rate (in/min): 0.000738 Plasticity Index: 18
 Strain Rate (%/min): 0.025 Spec. Gravity (Assumed): 2.69

Before Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.44				
Height (in)	2.97				
Water Content (%)	18.9				
Dry Density (pcf)	107.8				
Void Ratio	0.56				

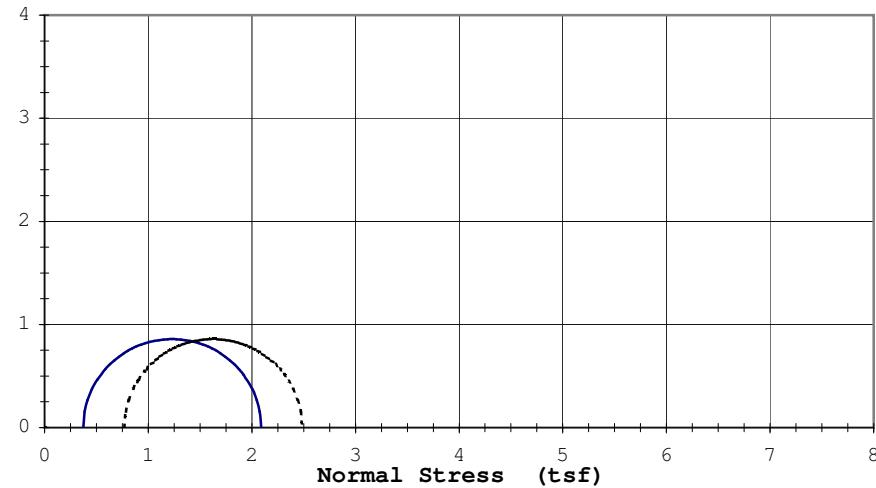
After Consolidation

	A	B	C	D	E
Diameter (in)	1.43				
Height (in)	2.95				
Water Content (%)	20.1				
Dry Density (pcf)	109.0				
Void Ratio	0.54				
Back Pressure (tsf)	5.0				
Minor Principal Stress (tsf)	0.37				
Max. Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.78				
Ultimate Deviator Stress (tsf)	1.61				
Deviator Stress at Failure (tsf)	1.72				
Max. Pore Pressure Buildup (tsf)	0.00				
Pore Pressure Parameter "B"	0.95				
Pct. Axial Strain at Failure	15.0				

"These test results are for informational purposes only and must be reviewed by a qualified professional engineer to verify that the test parameters shown are appropriate for any particular design"

Remarks: Radial drainage strips applied to trimmed specimen; Saturated, backpressured until "B" response was 0.95 to 1.00; Consolidated; All Drainage valves closed and immediately sheared.

A correction for membrane stiffness was applied to the deviator stress.



Rupture Envelope at Failure
 $\alpha =$ ° $a =$ (tsf)

Effective ϕ' : ° $c' =$ (tsf)
 Total ϕ : ° $c =$ (tsf)

Boring:

B129

Sample:

Triaxial Data
Cycled

Depth: 8.5-10.5

Job: 12987
Date: 2/23/21

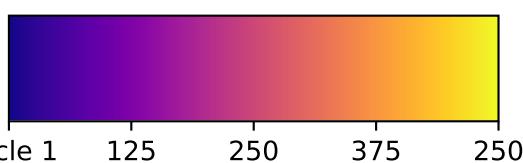
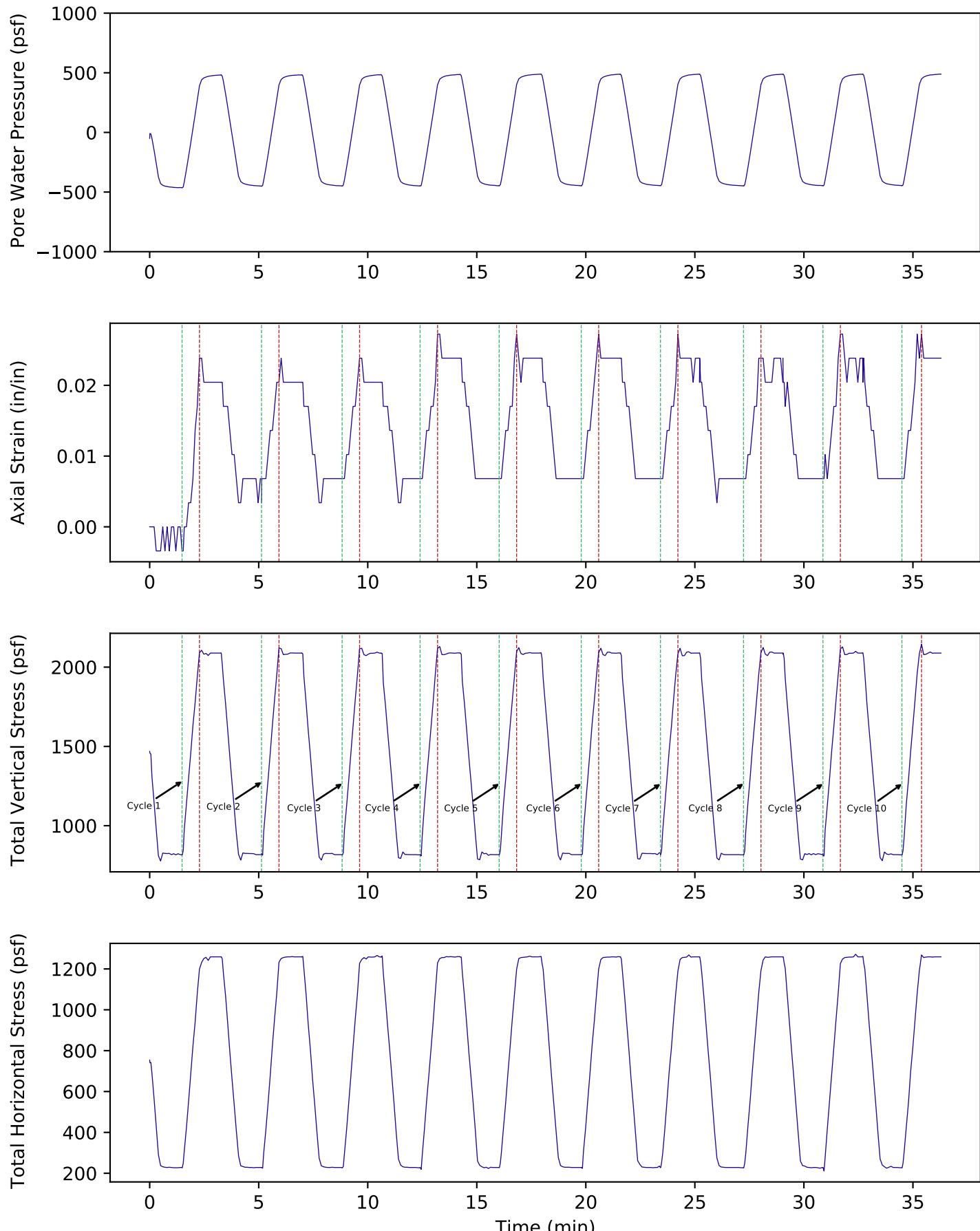
Sample 1		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.36	0.00
0.17	0.73	0.00
0.34	0.89	0.00
0.51	1.00	-0.02
0.68	1.12	-0.03
0.85	1.21	-0.05
1.02	1.29	-0.07
1.19	1.35	-0.09
1.36	1.40	-0.11
1.53	1.44	-0.13
1.70	1.48	-0.14
1.87	1.51	-0.16
2.03	1.53	-0.17
2.20	1.56	-0.19
2.38	1.58	-0.20
2.55	1.60	-0.22
2.71	1.61	-0.23
2.88	1.63	-0.24
3.05	1.64	-0.25
3.22	1.66	-0.26
3.39	1.67	-0.26
3.73	1.70	-0.28
4.07	1.72	-0.30
4.41	1.73	-0.31
4.75	1.75	-0.32
5.09	1.76	-0.33
5.43	1.75	-0.34
6.11	1.76	-0.35
6.78	1.76	-0.37
7.46	1.78	-0.37
8.14	1.78	-0.38
8.82	1.77	-0.39
9.50	1.77	-0.39
10.17	1.76	-0.39
10.85	1.76	-0.39
11.53	1.75	-0.39
12.21	1.74	-0.40
12.89	1.72	-0.40
13.57	1.72	-0.40
15.26	1.69	-0.40
16.96	1.67	-0.40
18.65	1.64	-0.39
20.12	1.61	-0.39

Sample 2		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.36	0.00
0.17	0.73	0.00
0.34	0.89	0.00
0.51	1.00	-0.02
0.68	1.12	-0.03
0.85	1.21	-0.05
1.02	1.29	-0.07
1.19	1.35	-0.09
1.36	1.40	-0.11
1.53	1.44	-0.13
1.70	1.48	-0.14
1.87	1.51	-0.16
2.03	1.53	-0.17
2.20	1.56	-0.19
2.38	1.58	-0.20
2.55	1.60	-0.22
2.71	1.61	-0.23
2.88	1.63	-0.24
3.05	1.64	-0.25
3.22	1.66	-0.26
3.39	1.67	-0.26
3.73	1.70	-0.28
4.07	1.72	-0.30
4.41	1.73	-0.31
4.75	1.75	-0.32
5.09	1.76	-0.33
5.43	1.75	-0.34
6.11	1.76	-0.35
6.78	1.76	-0.37
7.46	1.78	-0.37
8.14	1.78	-0.38
8.82	1.77	-0.39
9.50	1.77	-0.39
10.17	1.76	-0.39
10.85	1.76	-0.39
11.53	1.75	-0.39
12.21	1.74	-0.40
12.89	1.72	-0.40
13.57	1.72	-0.40
15.26	1.69	-0.40
16.96	1.67	-0.40
18.65	1.64	-0.39
20.12	1.61	-0.39

Sample 3		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.36	0.00
0.17	0.73	0.00
0.34	0.89	0.00
0.51	1.00	-0.02
0.68	1.12	-0.03
0.85	1.21	-0.05
1.02	1.29	-0.07
1.19	1.35	-0.09
1.36	1.40	-0.11
1.53	1.44	-0.13
1.70	1.48	-0.14
1.87	1.51	-0.16
2.03	1.53	-0.17
2.20	1.56	-0.19
2.38	1.58	-0.20
2.55	1.60	-0.22
2.71	1.61	-0.23
2.88	1.63	-0.24
3.05	1.64	-0.25
3.22	1.66	-0.26
3.39	1.67	-0.26
3.73	1.70	-0.28
4.07	1.72	-0.30
4.41	1.73	-0.31
4.75	1.75	-0.32
5.09	1.76	-0.33
5.43	1.75	-0.34
6.11	1.76	-0.35
6.78	1.76	-0.37
7.46	1.78	-0.37
8.14	1.78	-0.38
8.82	1.77	-0.39
9.50	1.77	-0.39
10.17	1.76	-0.39
10.85	1.76	-0.39
11.53	1.75	-0.39
12.21	1.74	-0.40
12.89	1.72	-0.40
13.57	1.72	-0.40
15.26	1.69	-0.40
16.96	1.67	-0.40
18.65	1.64	-0.39
20.12	1.61	-0.39

Sample 4		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.36	0.00
0.17	0.73	0.00
0.34	0.89	0.00
0.51	1.00	-0.02
0.68	1.12	-0.03
0.85	1.21	-0.05
1.02	1.29	-0.07
1.19	1.35	-0.09
1.36	1.40	-0.11
1.53	1.44	-0.13
1.70	1.48	-0.14
1.87	1.51	-0.16
2.03	1.53	-0.17
2.20	1.56	-0.19
2.38	1.58	-0.20
2.55	1.60	-0.22
2.71	1.61	-0.23
2.88	1.63	-0.24
3.05	1.64	-0.25
3.22	1.66	-0.26
3.39	1.67	-0.26
3.73	1.70	-0.28
4.07	1.72	-0.30
4.41	1.73	-0.31
4.75	1.75	-0.32
5.09	1.76	-0.33
5.43	1.75	-0.34
6.11	1.76	-0.35
6.78	1.76	-0.37
7.46	1.78	-0.37
8.14	1.78	-0.38
8.82	1.77	-0.39
9.50	1.77	-0.39
10.17	1.76	-0.39
10.85	1.76	-0.39
11.53	1.75	-0.39
12.21	1.74	-0.40
12.89	1.72	-0.40
13.57	1.72	-0.40
15.26	1.69	-0.40
16.96	1.67	-0.40
18.65	1.64	-0.39
20.12	1.61	-0.39

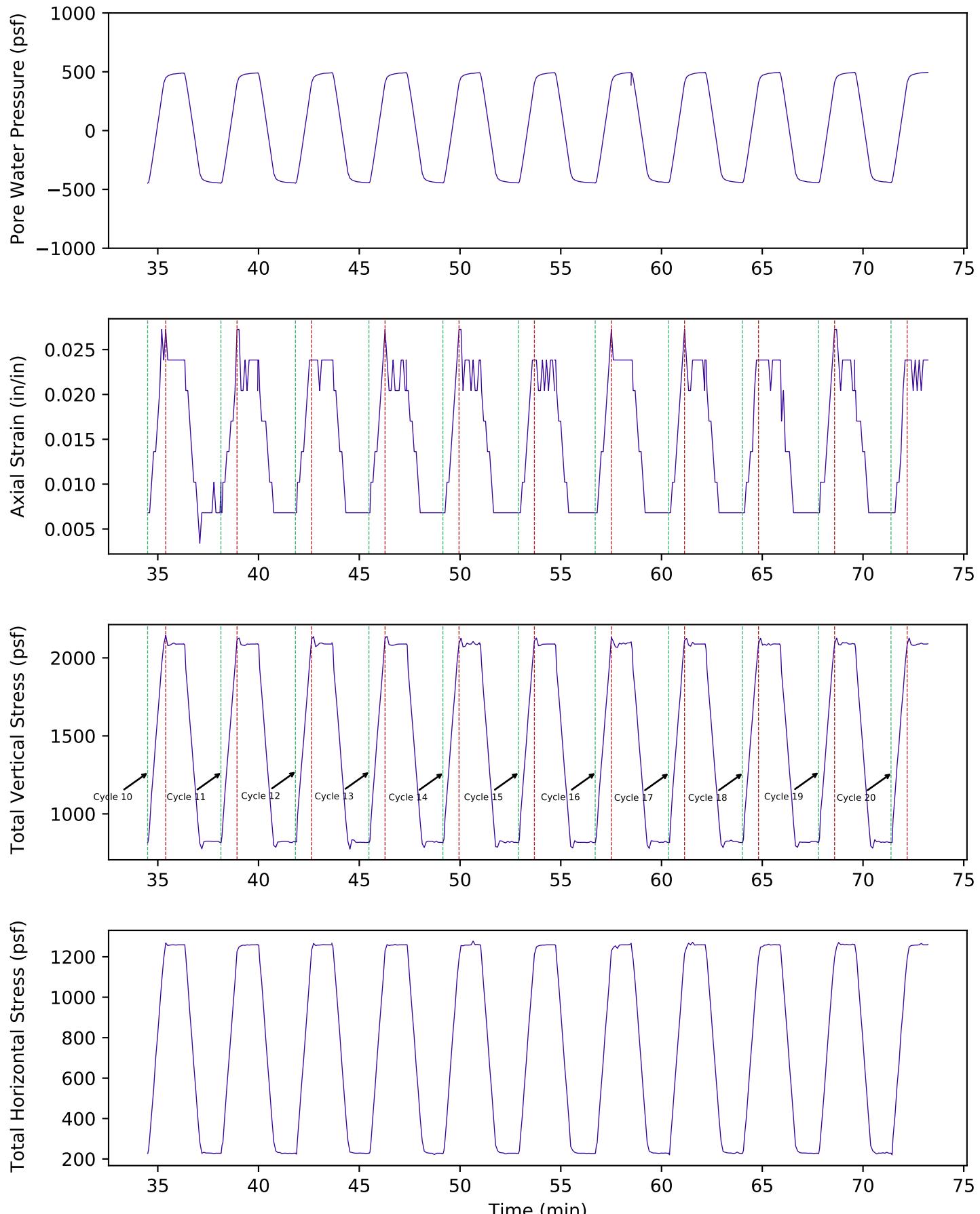
Sample 5		
Strain (%)	Deviator Stress (tsf)	Pore Pressure (tsf)
0.00	0.36	0.00
0.17	0.73	0.00
0.34	0.89	0.00
0.51	1.00	-0.02
0.68	1.12	-0.03
0.85	1.21	-0.05
1.02	1.29	-0.07
1.19	1.35	-0.09
1.36	1.40	-0.11
1.53	1.44	-0.13
1.70	1.48	-0.14
1.87	1.51	-0.16
2.03	1.53	-0.17
2.20	1.56	-0.19
2.38	1.58	-0.20
2.55	1.60	-0.22
2.71	1.61	-0.23
2.88	1.63	-0.24
3.05	1.64	-0.25
3.22	1.66	-0.26
3.39	1.67	-0.26
3.73	1.70	-0.28
4.07	1.72	-0.30
4.41	1.73	-0.31
4.75	1.75	-0.32
5.09	1.76	-0.33
5.43	1.75	-0.34
6.11	1.76	-0.35
6.78	1.76	-0.37
7.46	1.78	-0.37
8.14	1.78	-0.38
8.82	1.77	-0.39
9.50	1.77	-0.39
10.17	1.76	-0.39
10.85	1.76	-0.39
11.53	1.75	-0.39
12.21	1.74	-0.40
12.89	1.72	-0.40
13.57	1.72	-0.40
15.26	1.69	-0.40
16.96	1.67	-0.40
18.65	1.64	-0.39
20.12	1.61	-0.39

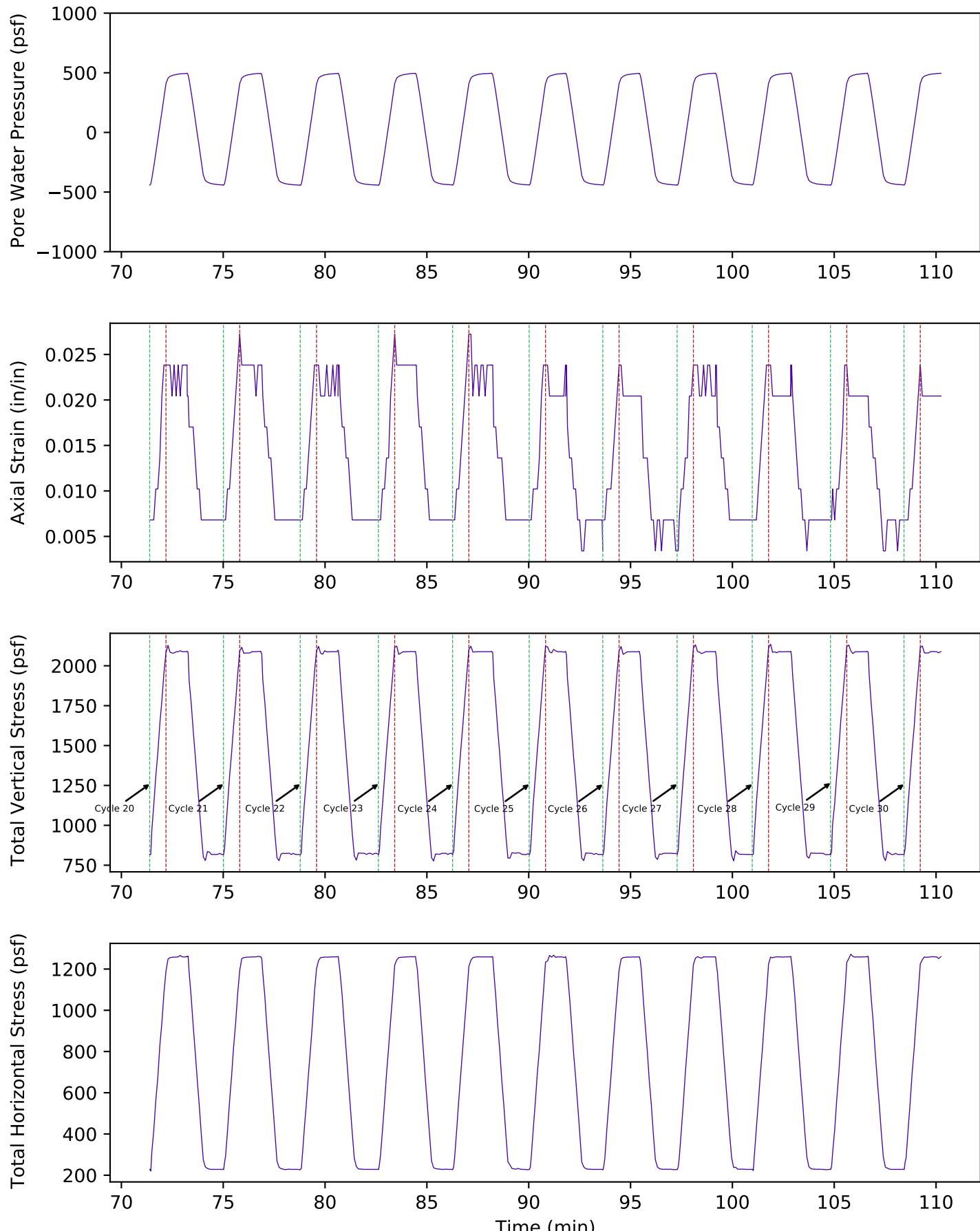


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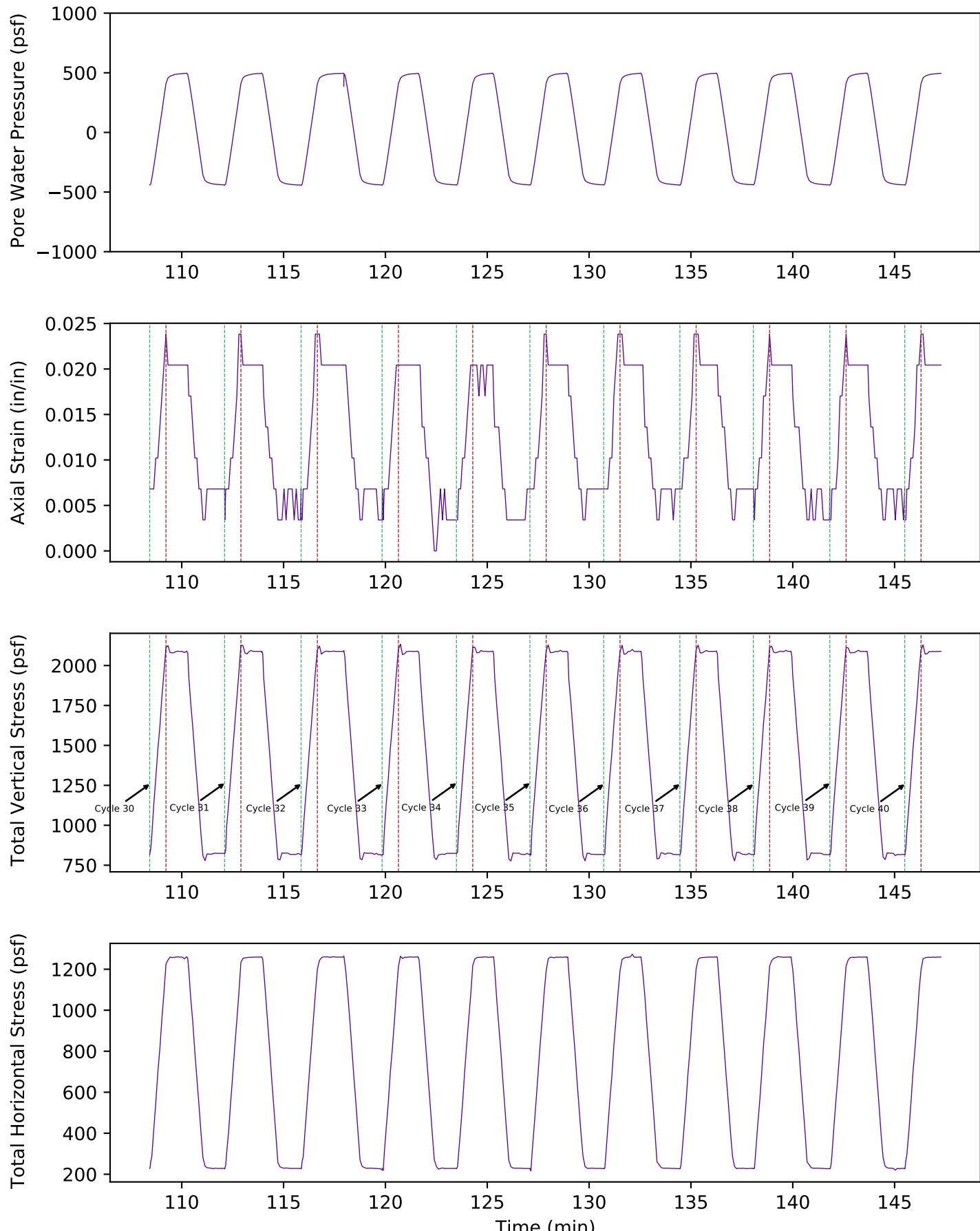


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Stress Path Data

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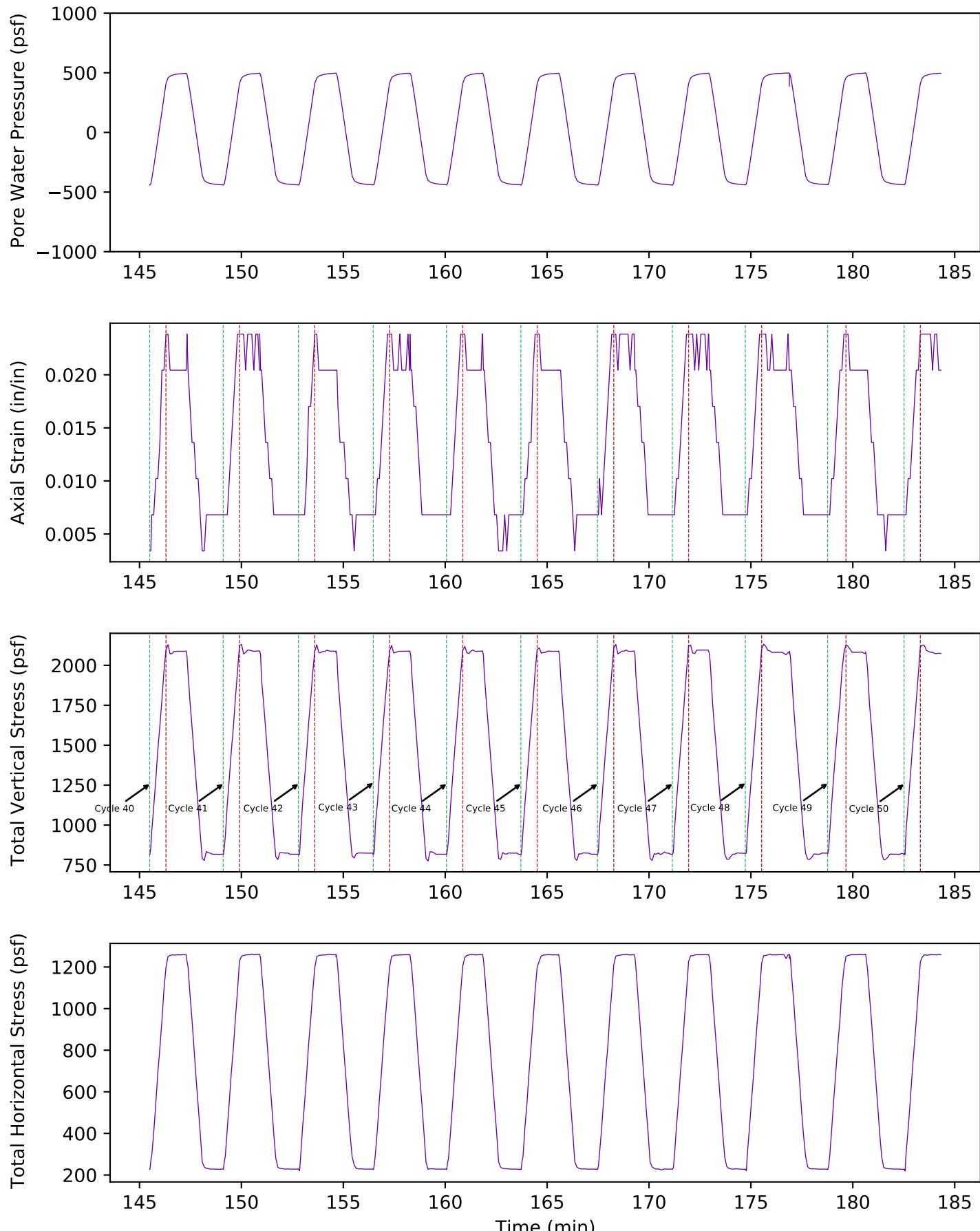


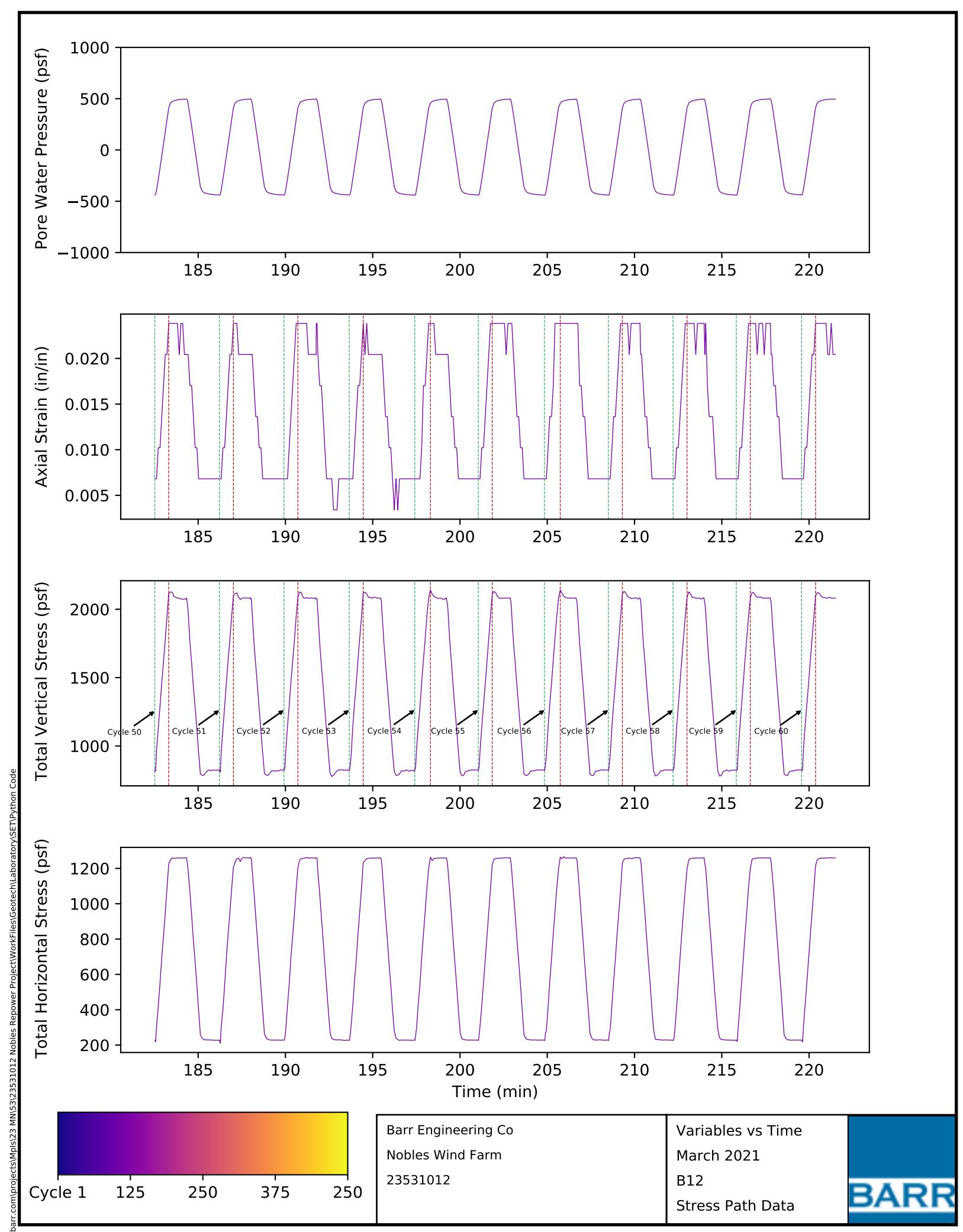
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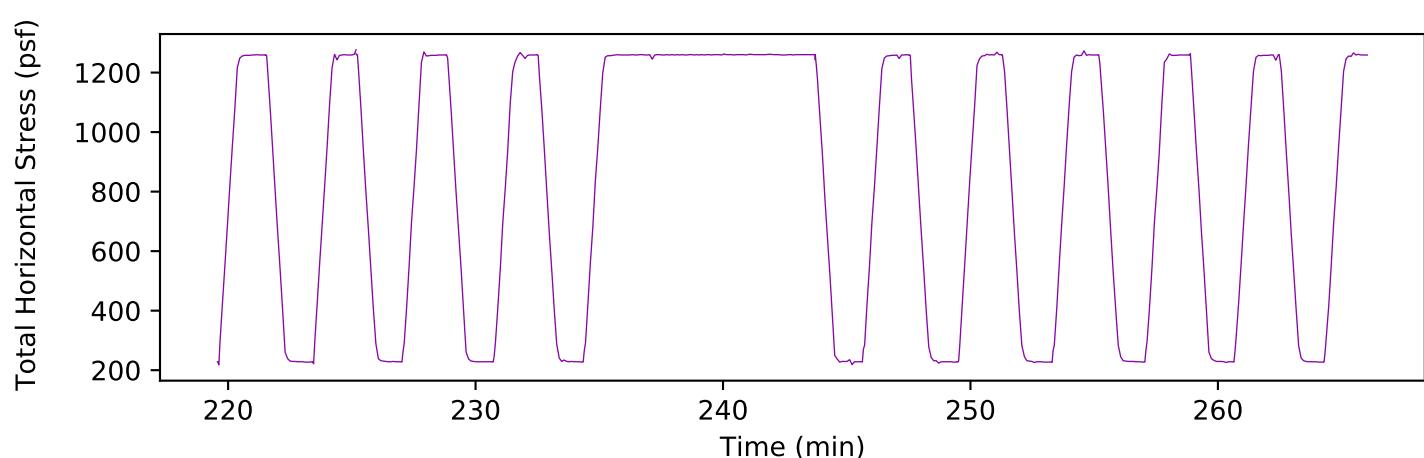
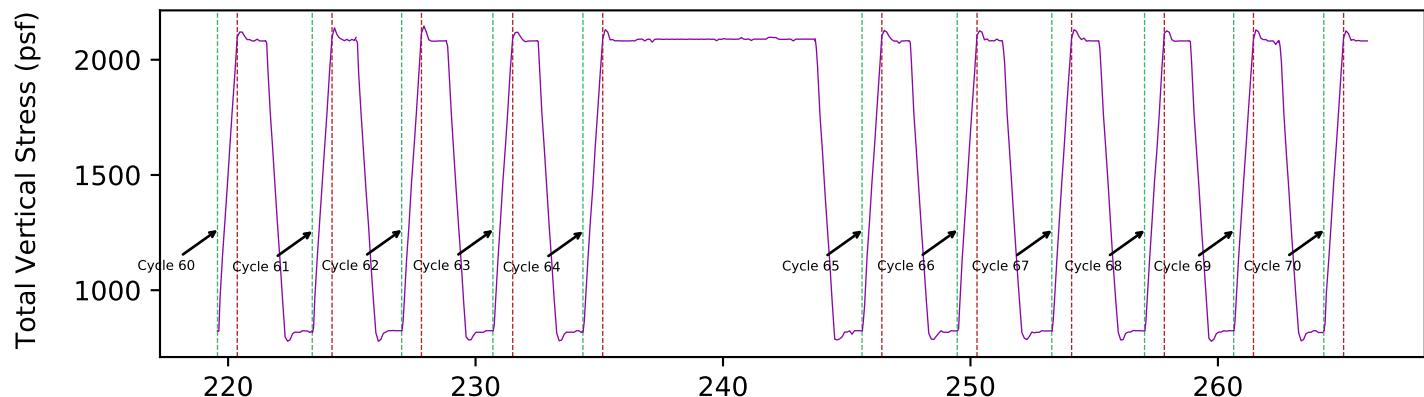
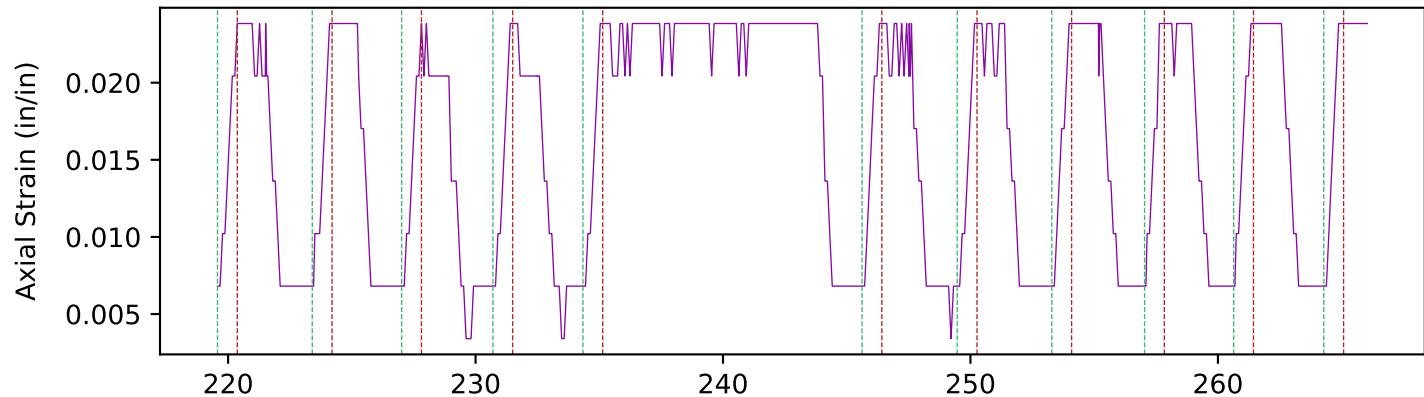
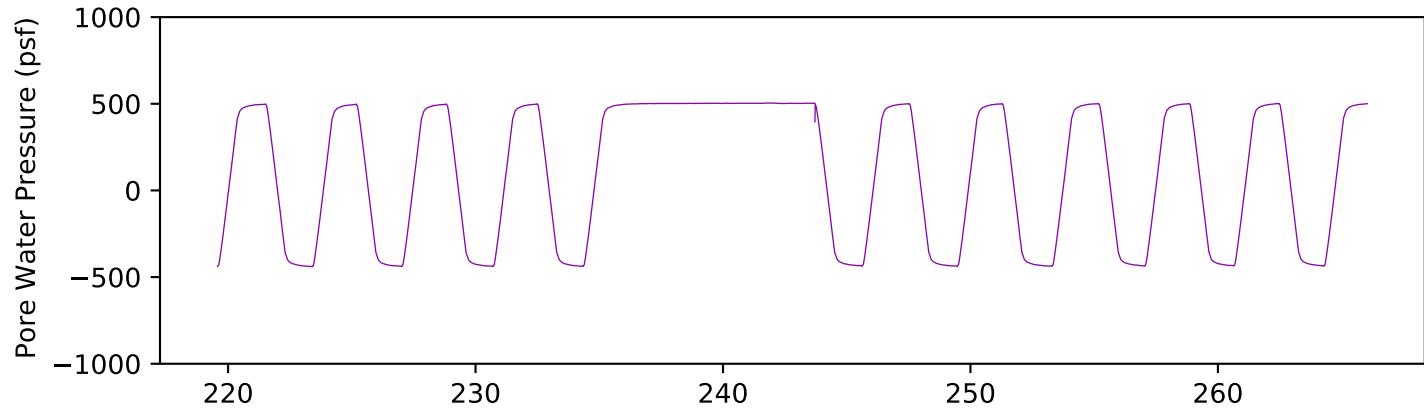
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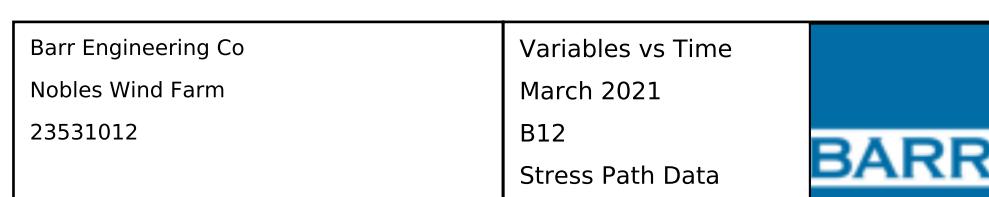
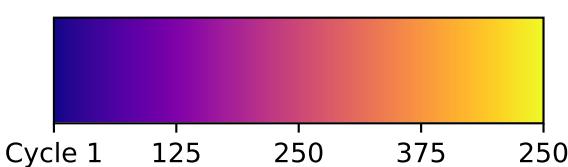
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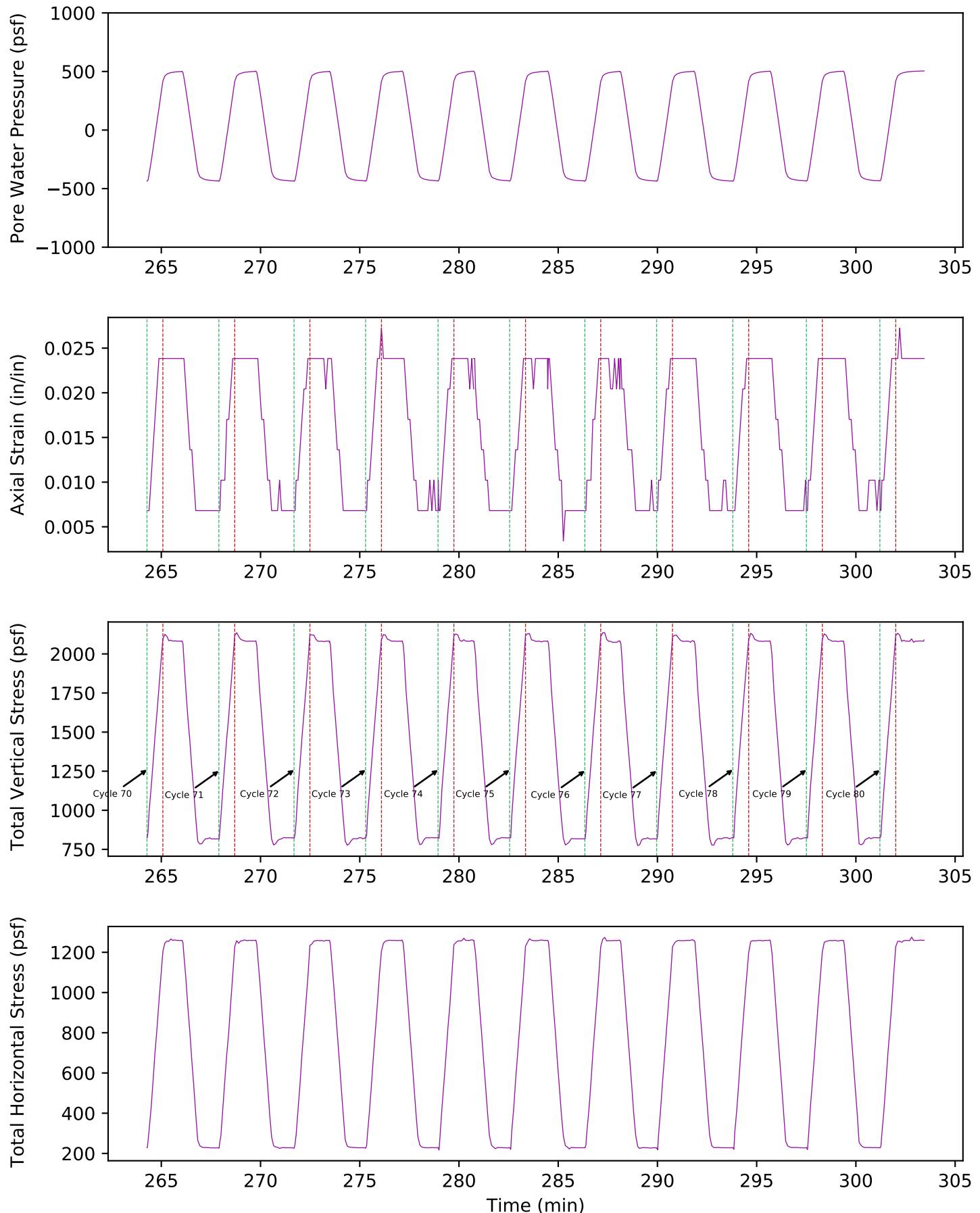


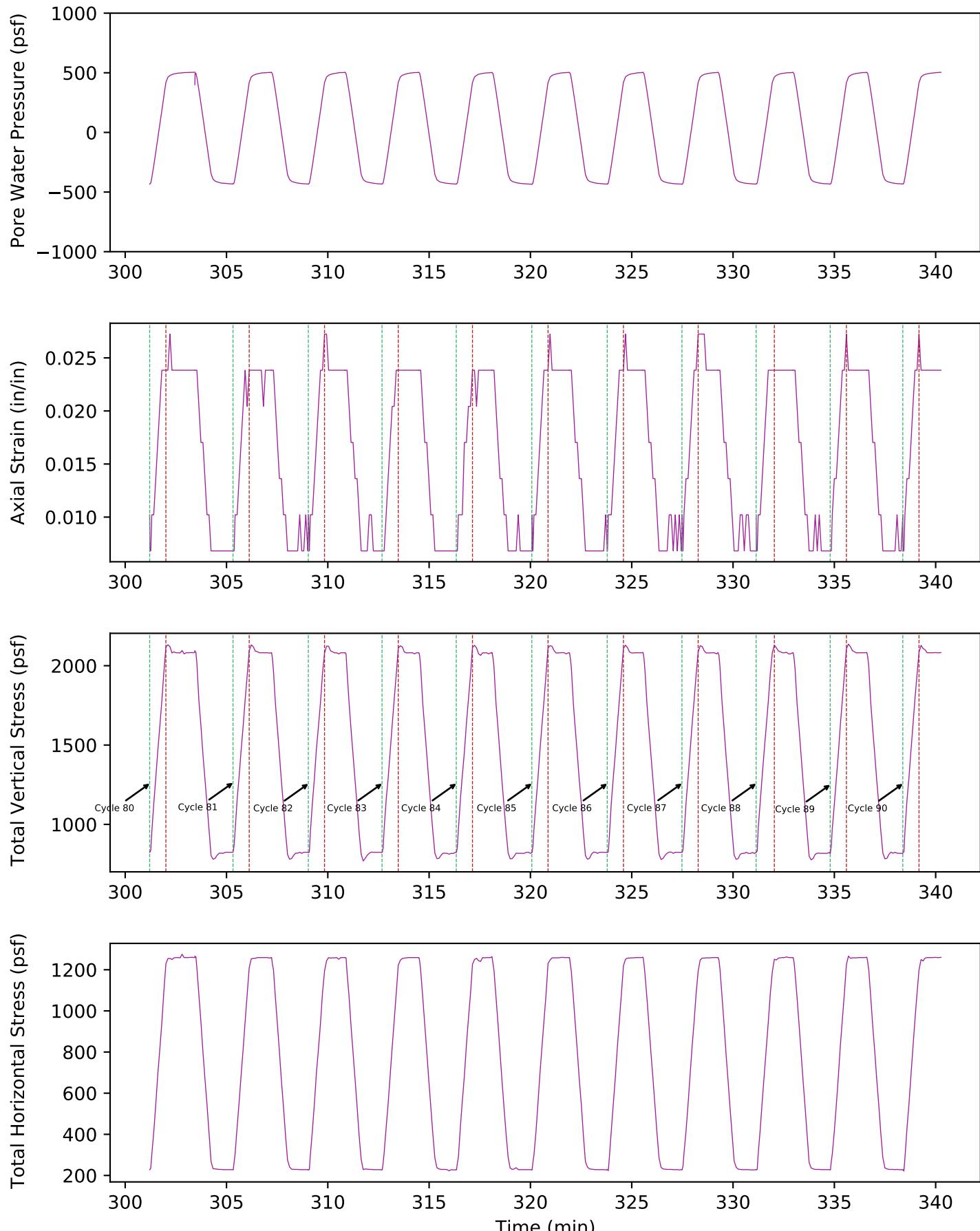


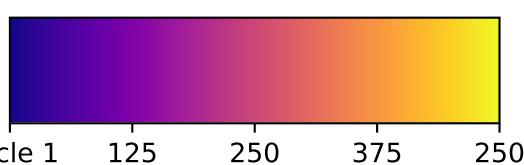
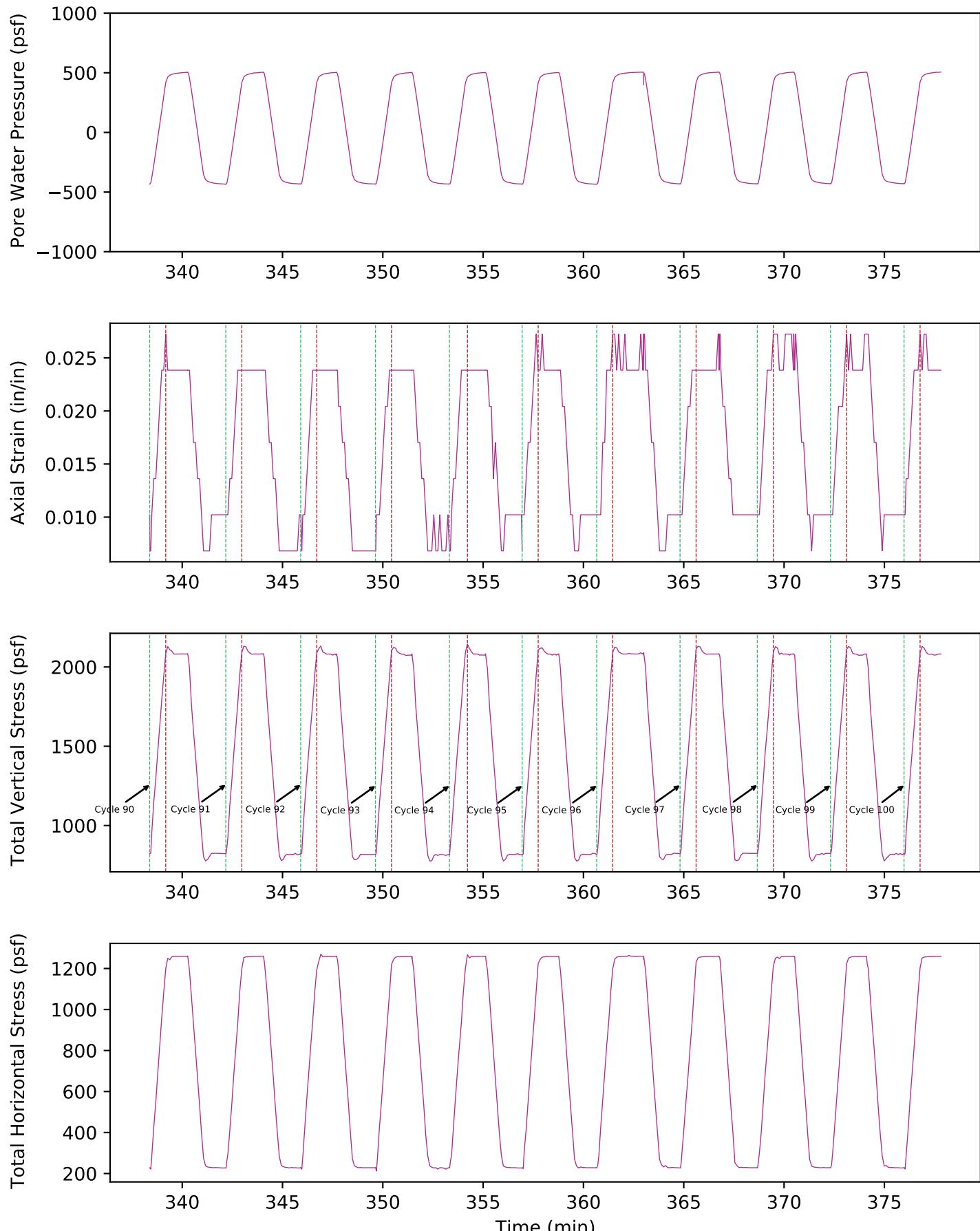


Time (min)





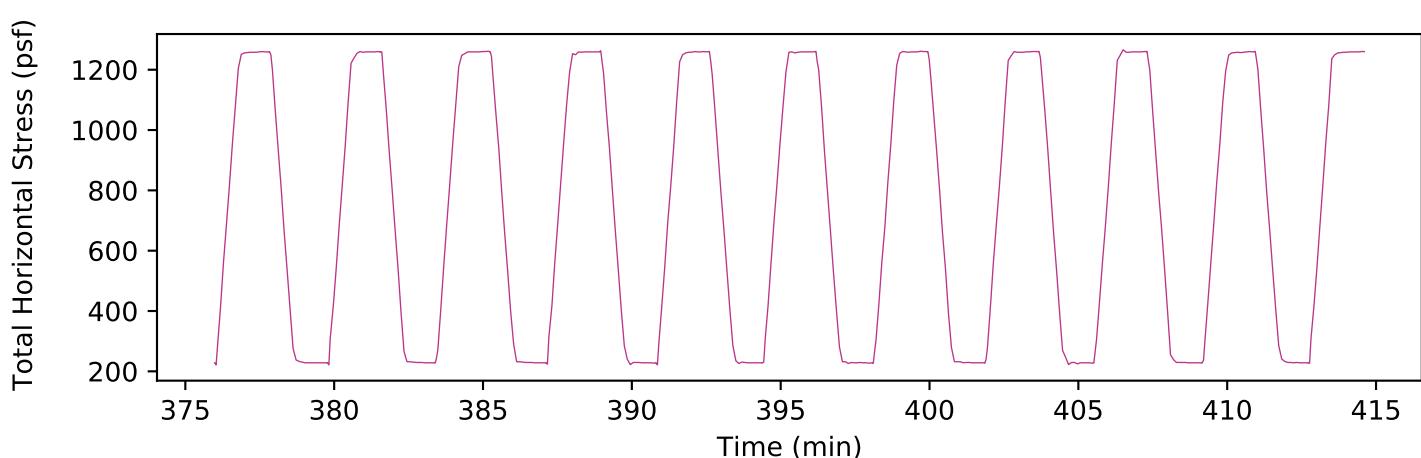
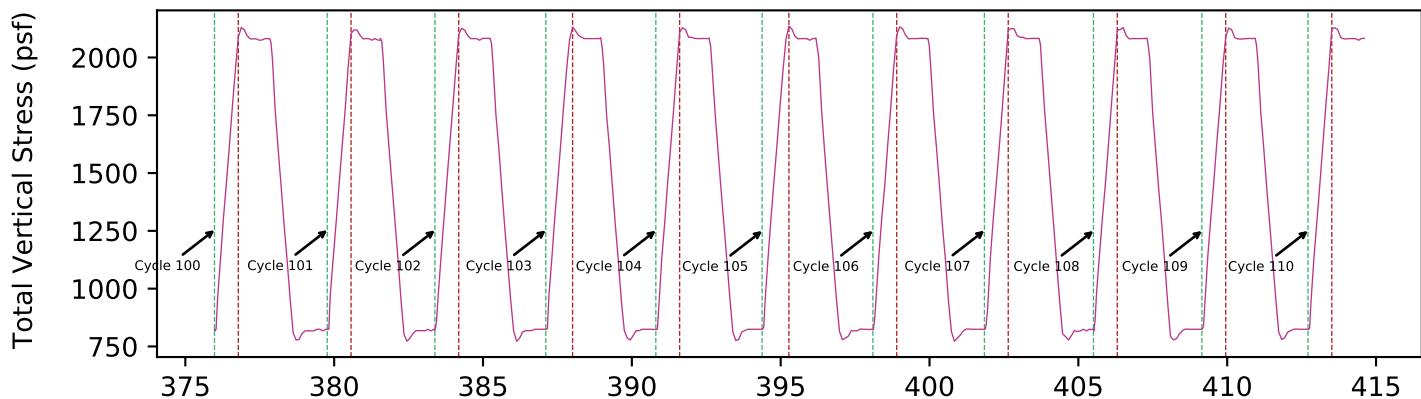
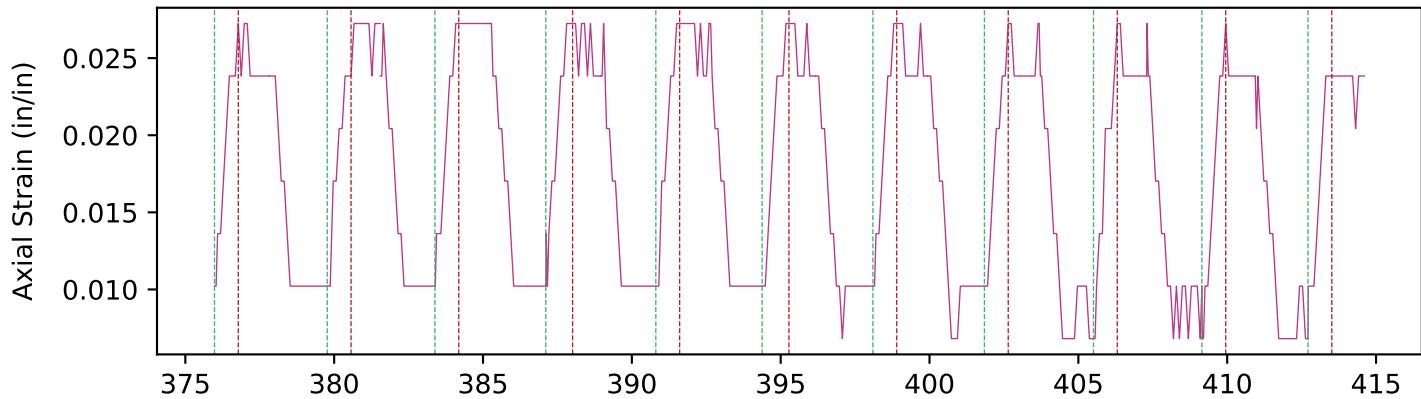
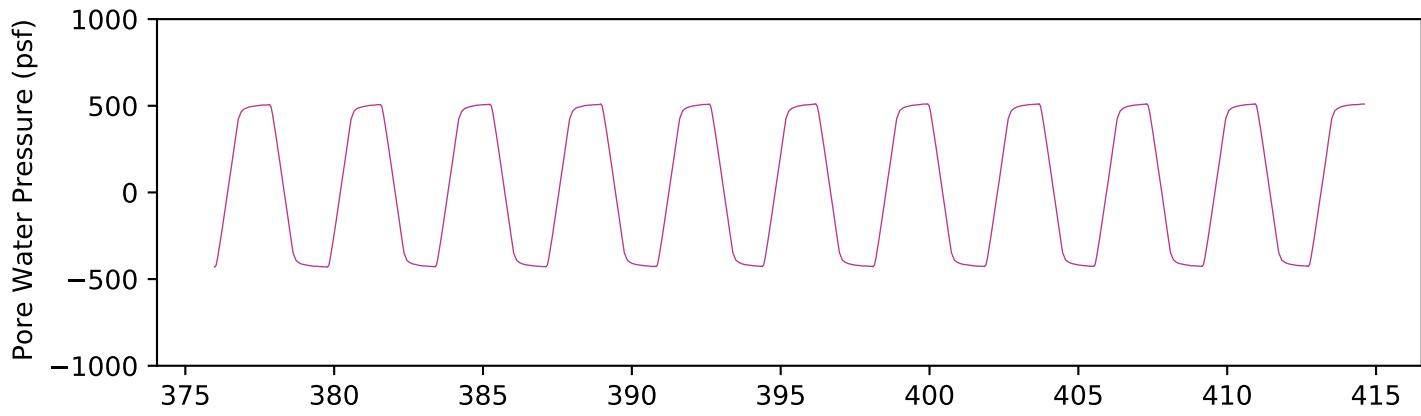




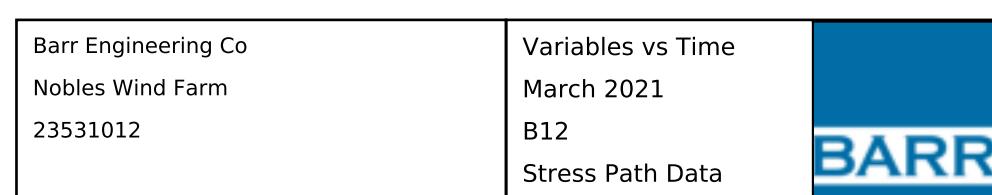
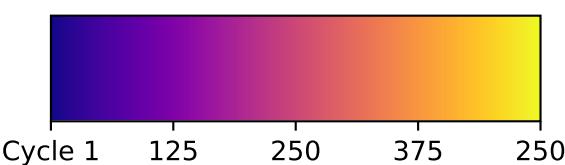
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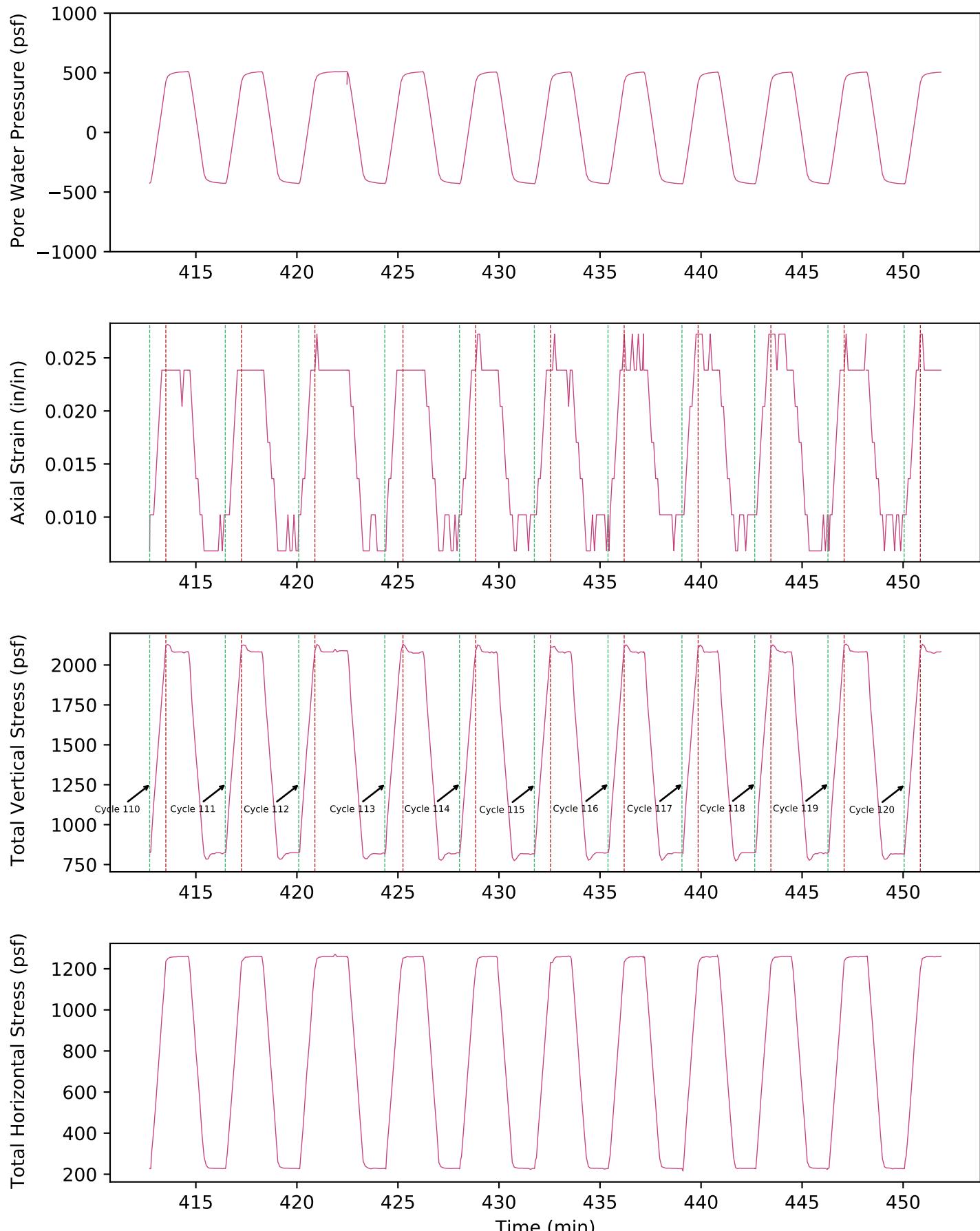
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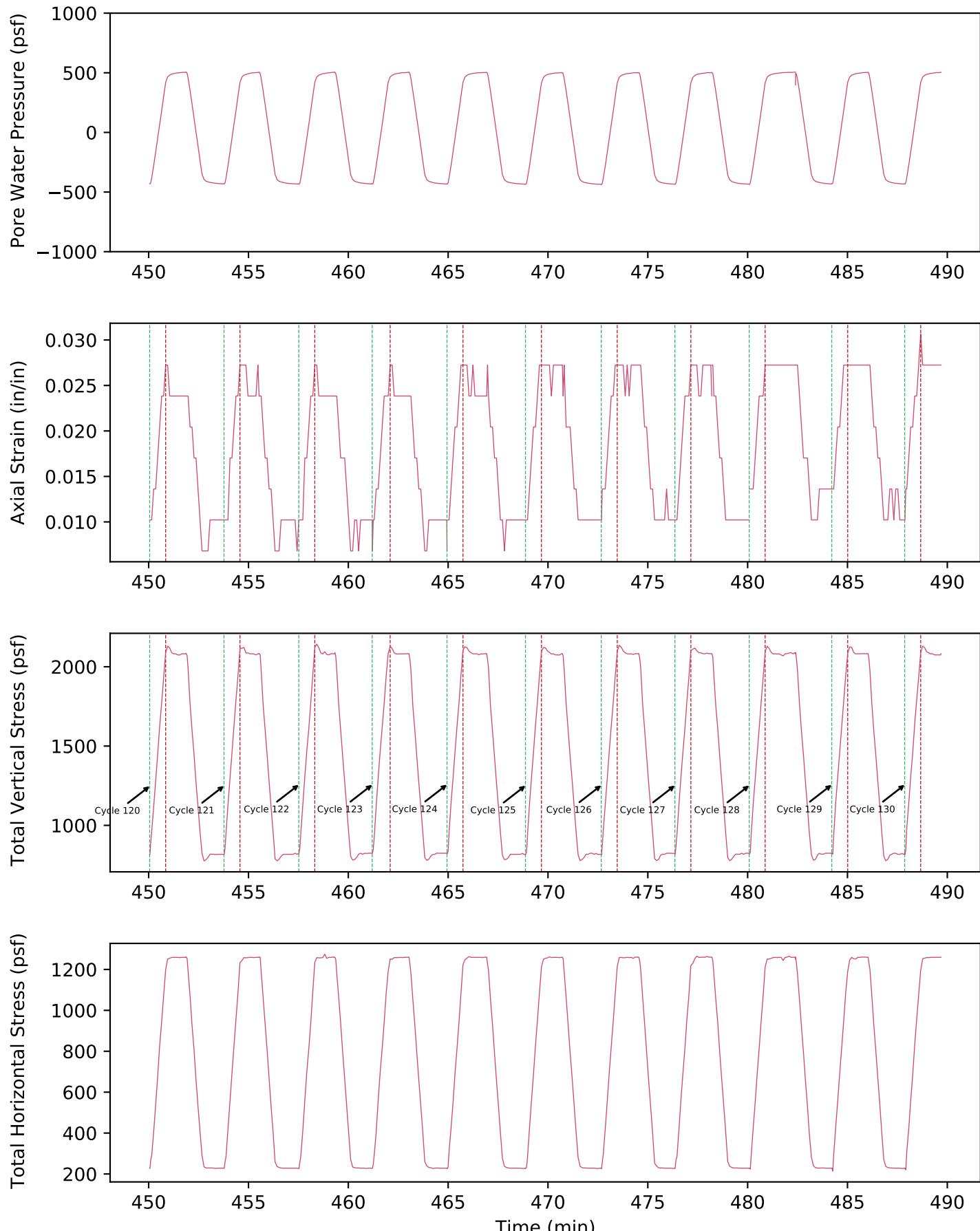
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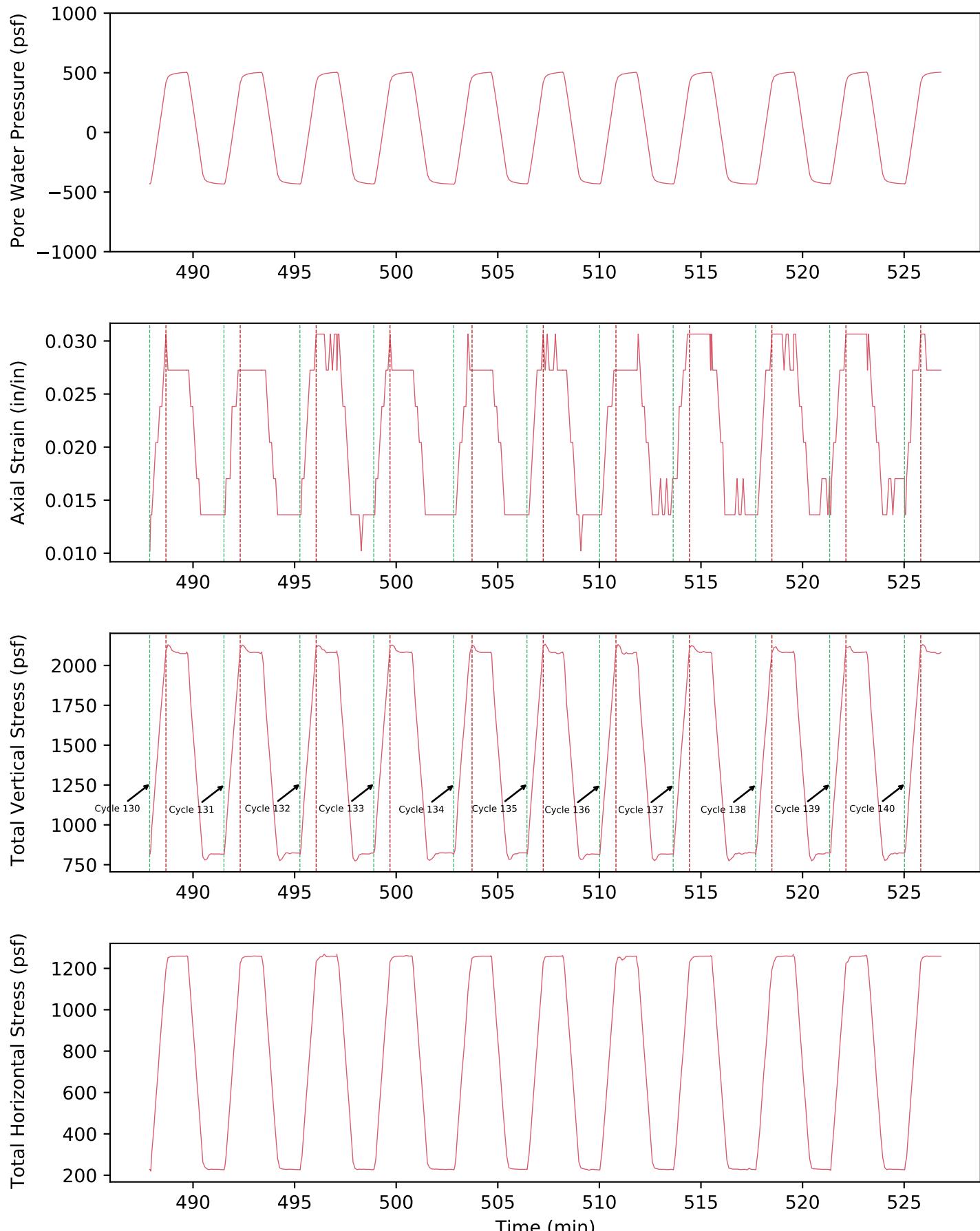


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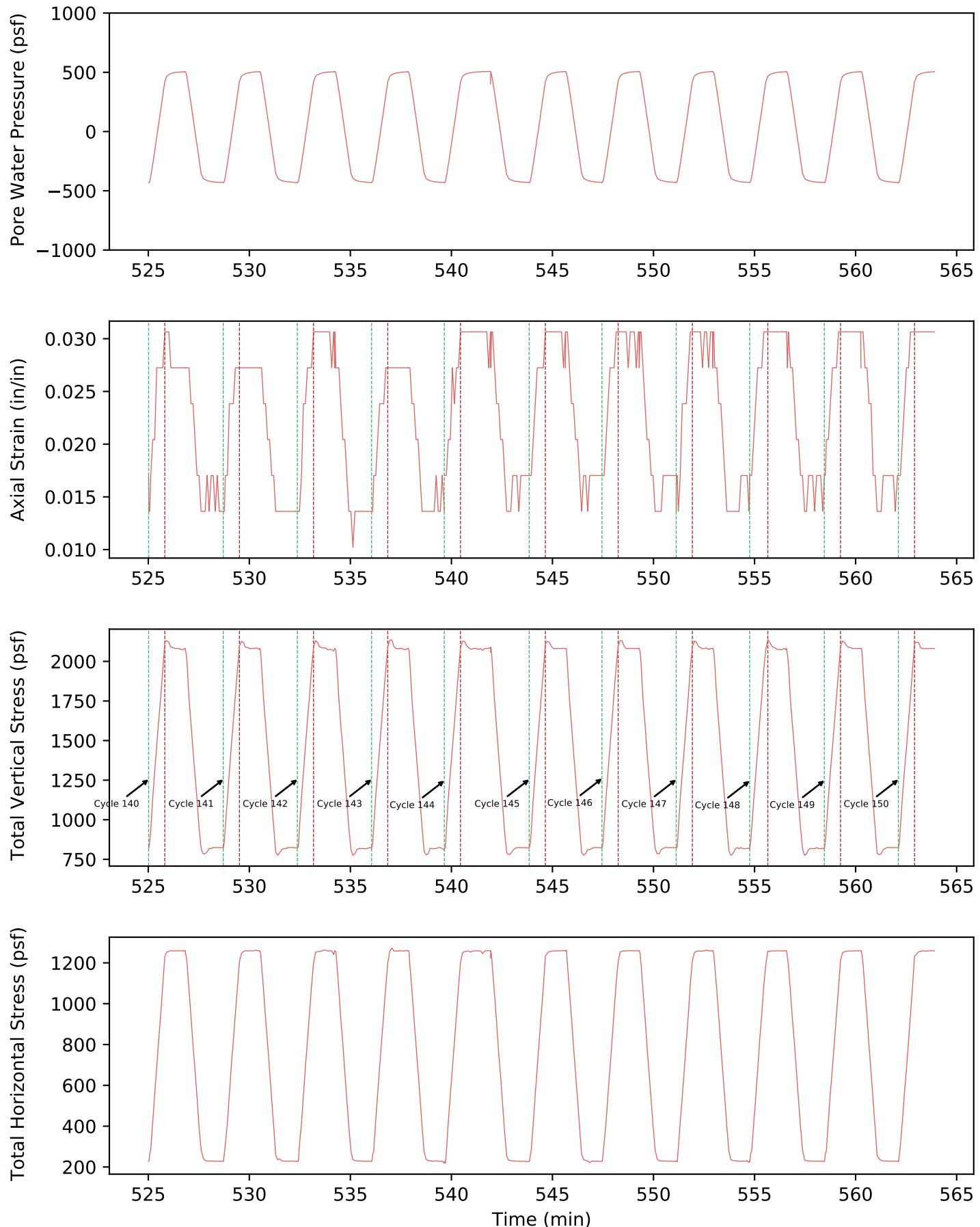


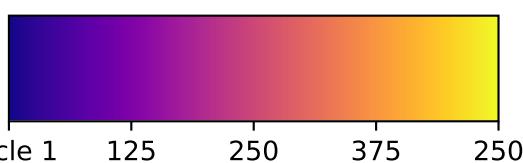
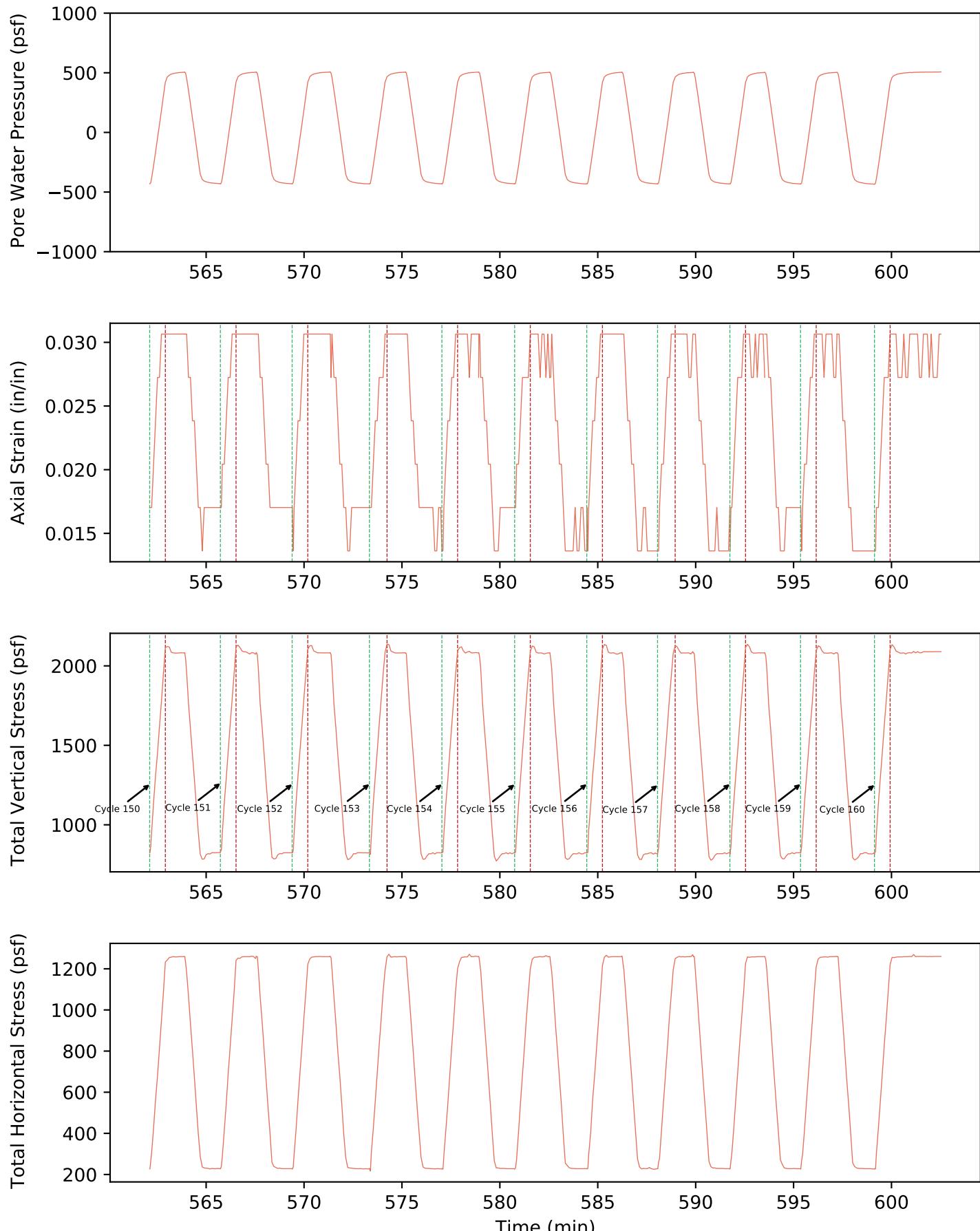
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Cycle 1 125 250 375 250

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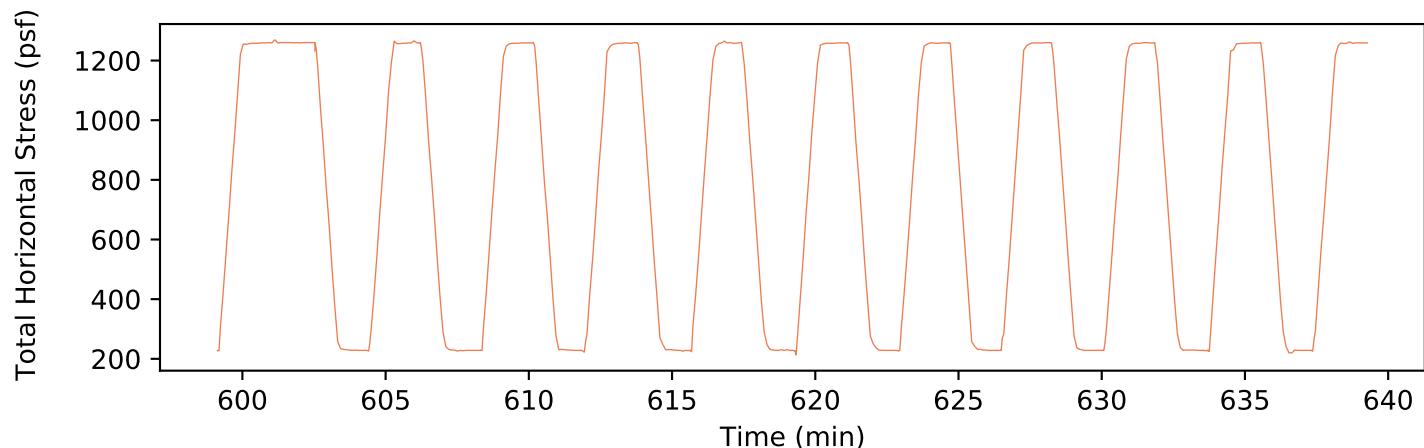
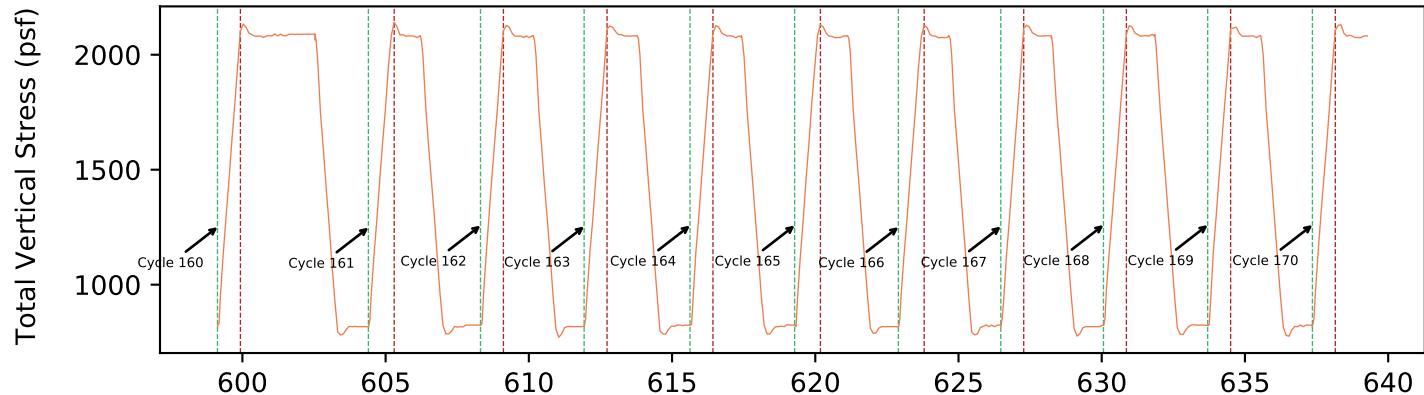
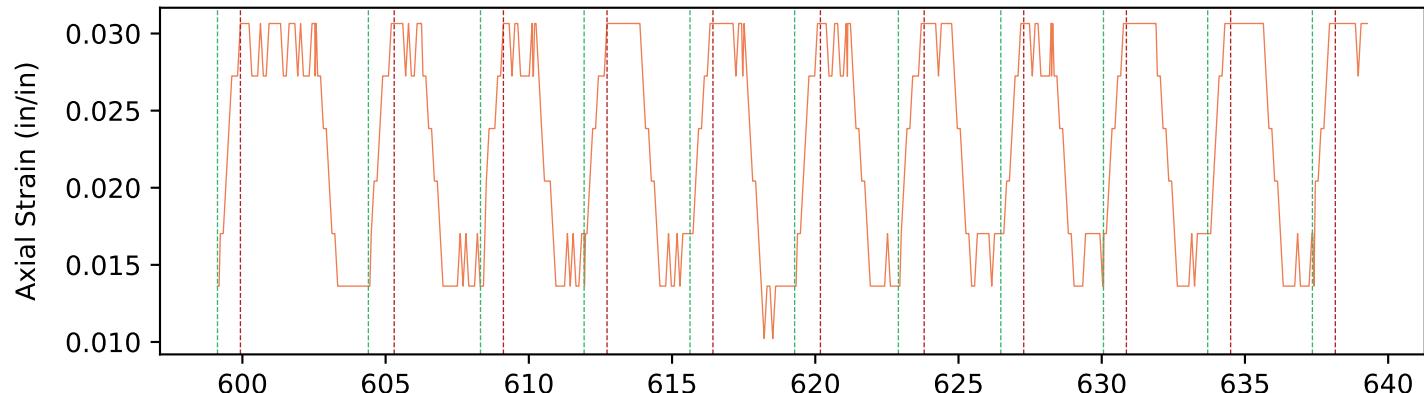
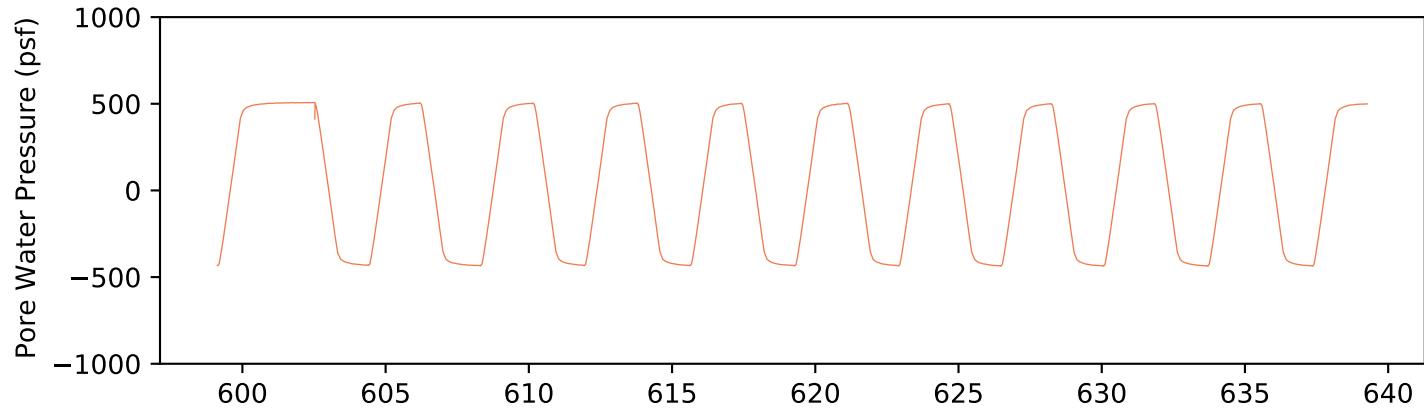




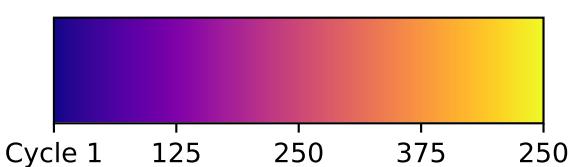
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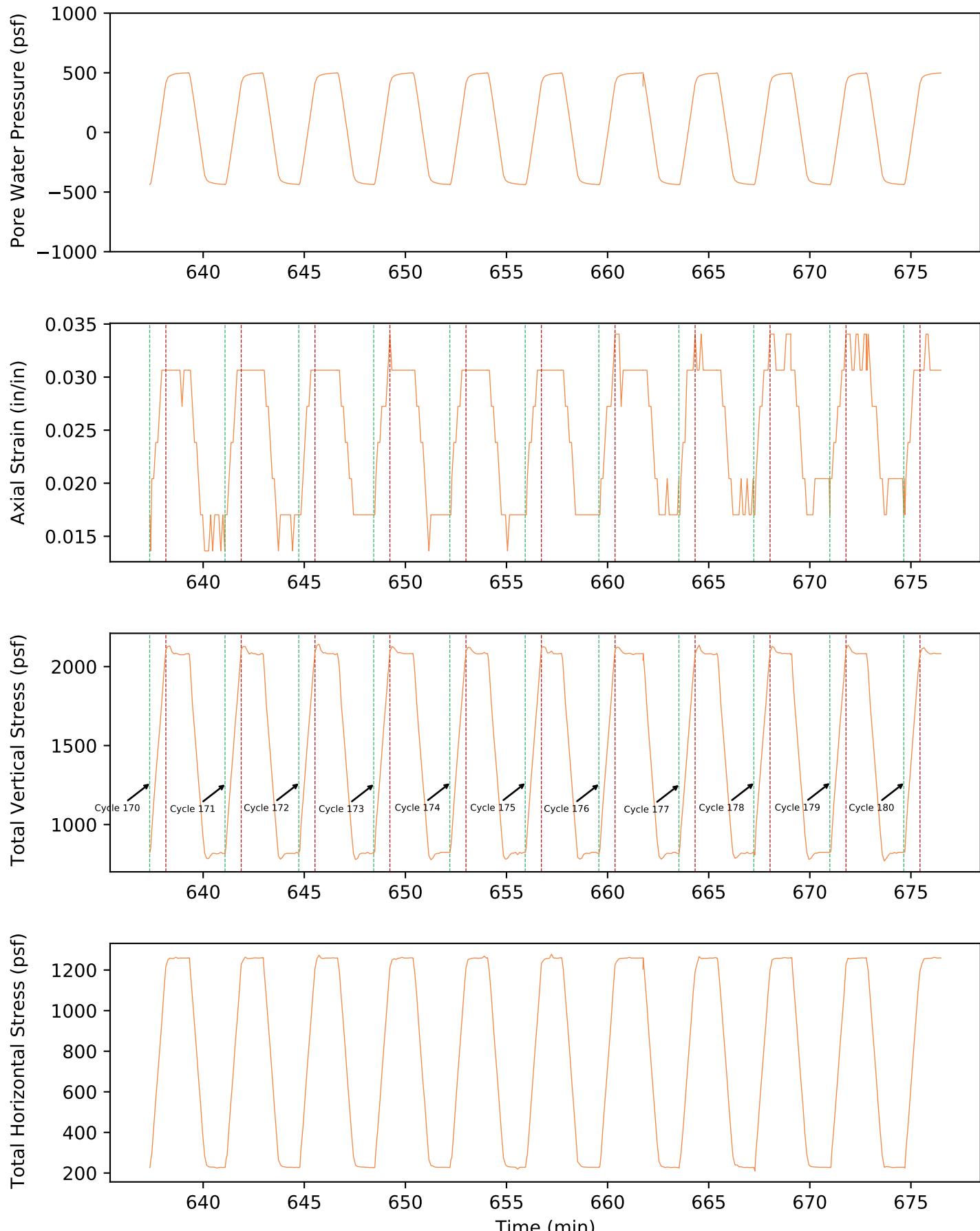
Time (min)



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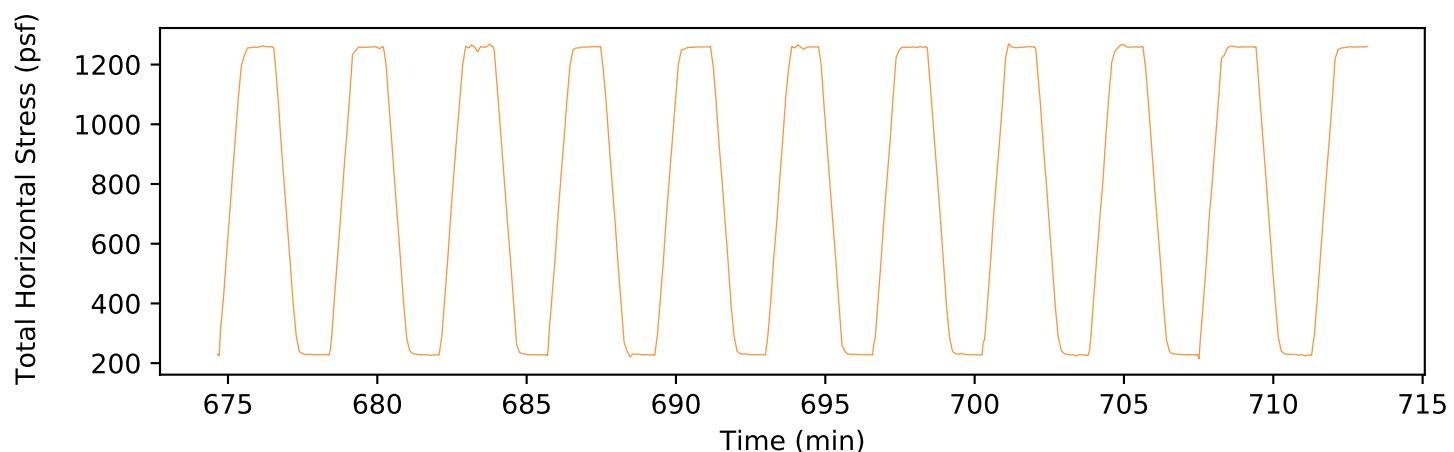
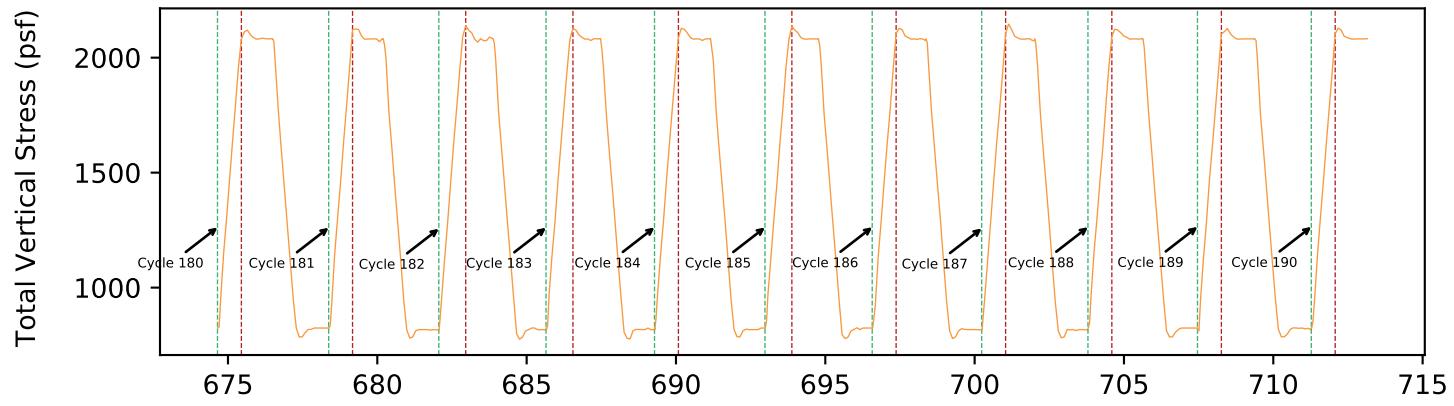
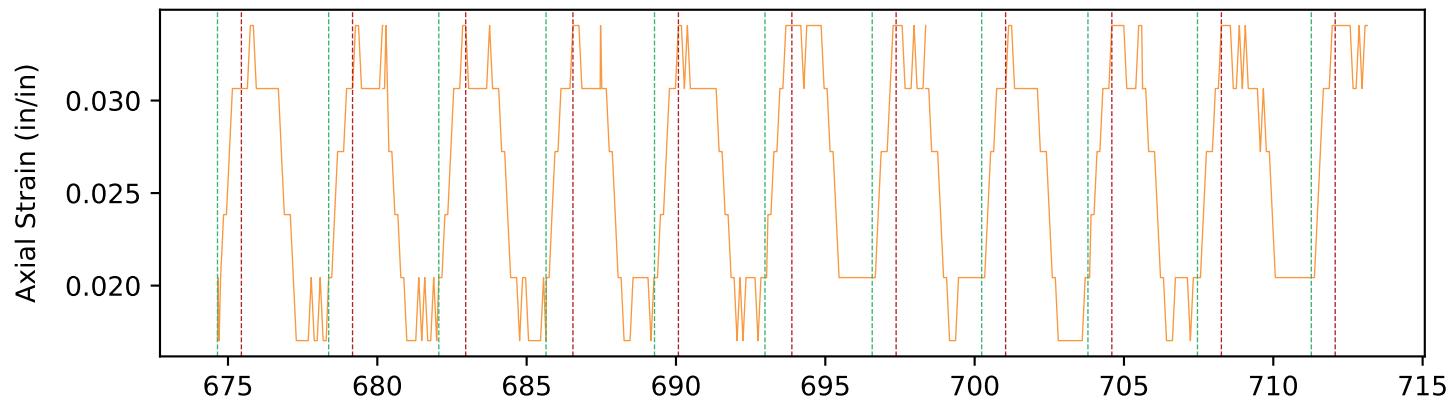
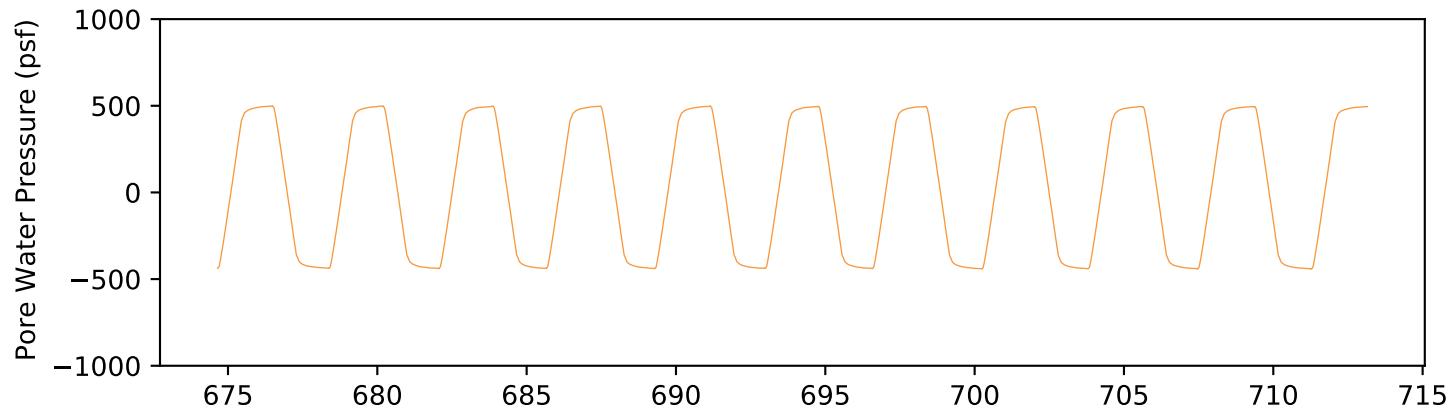


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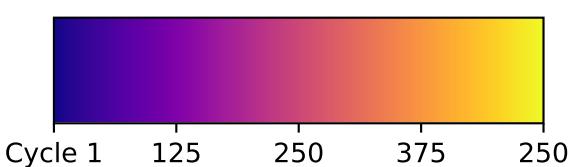
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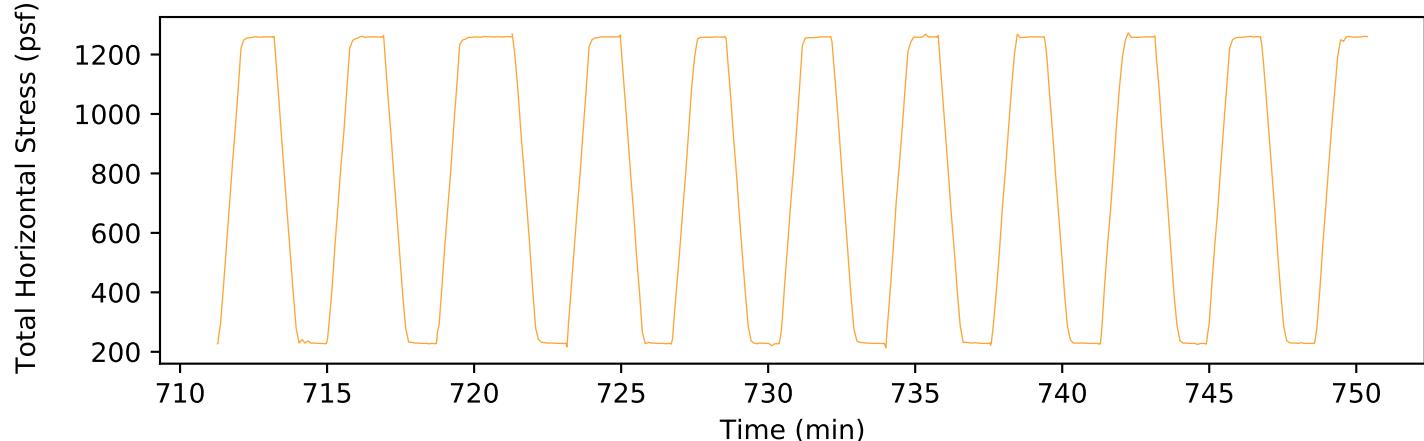
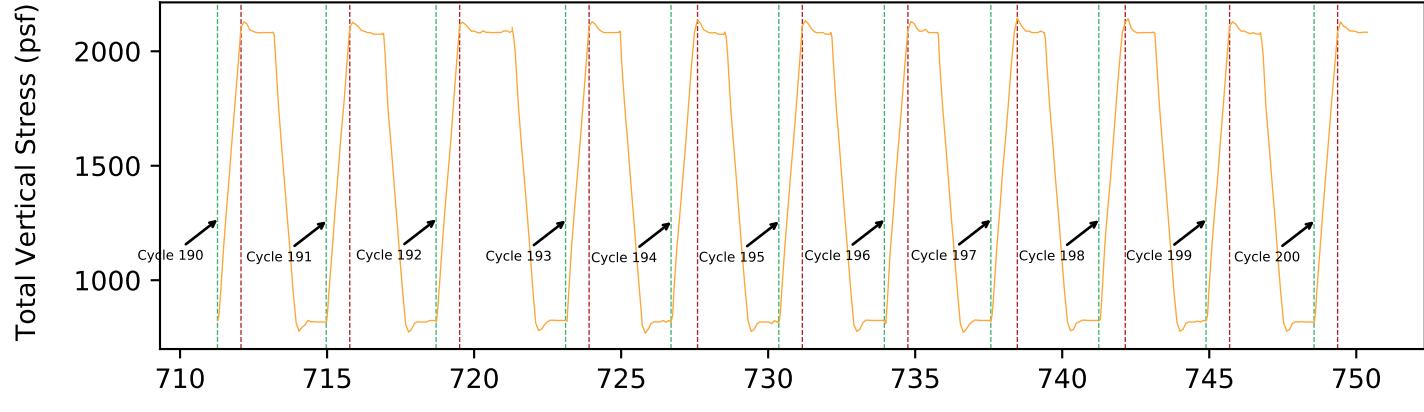
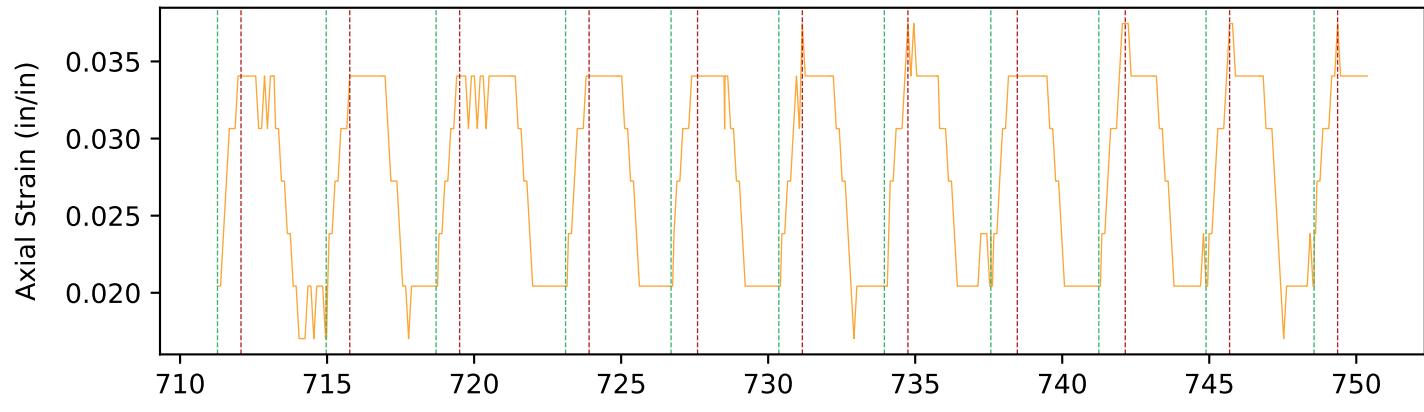
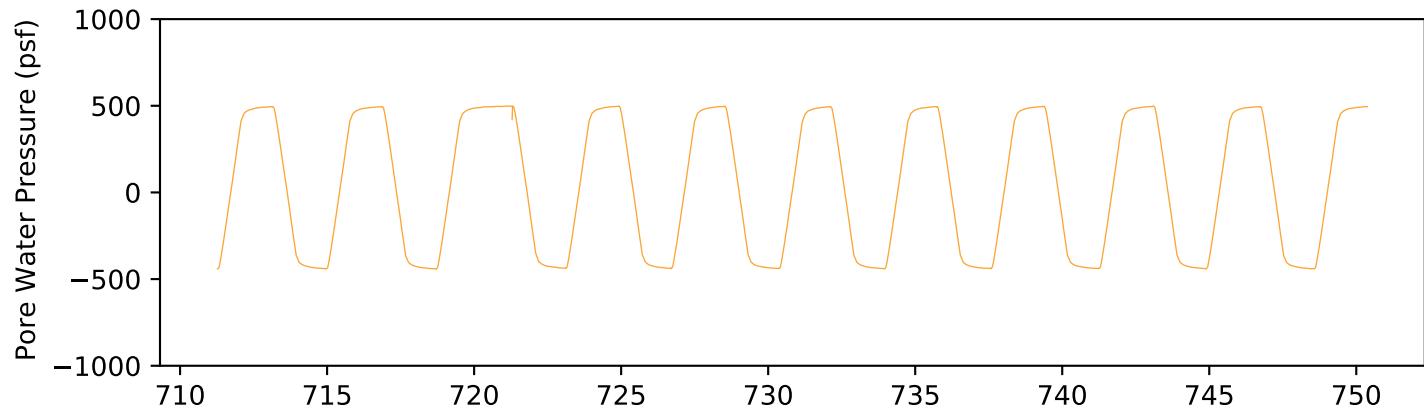
Time (min)



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Time (min)

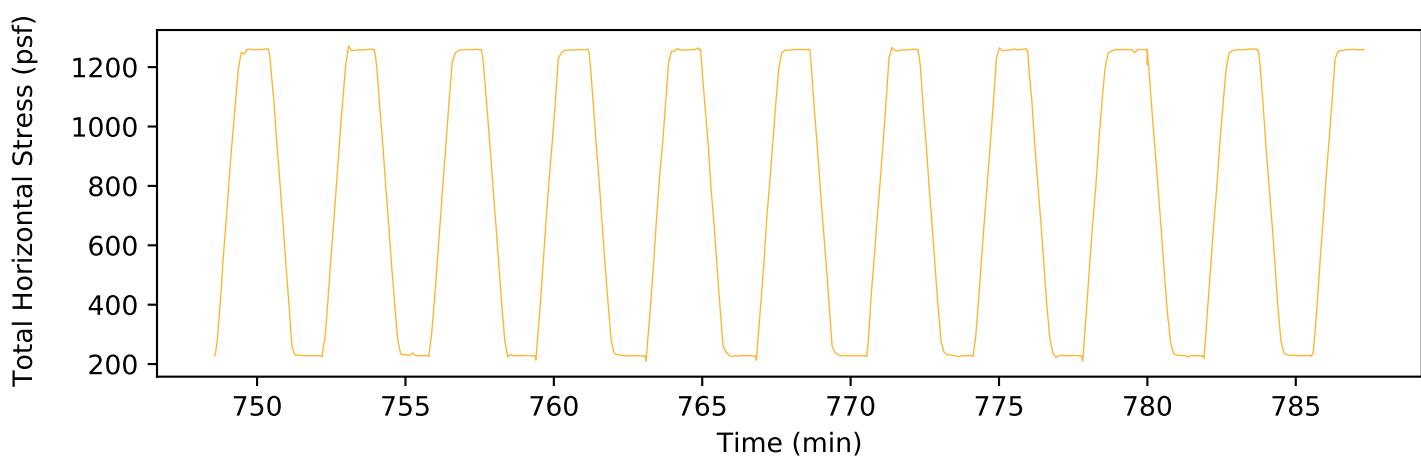
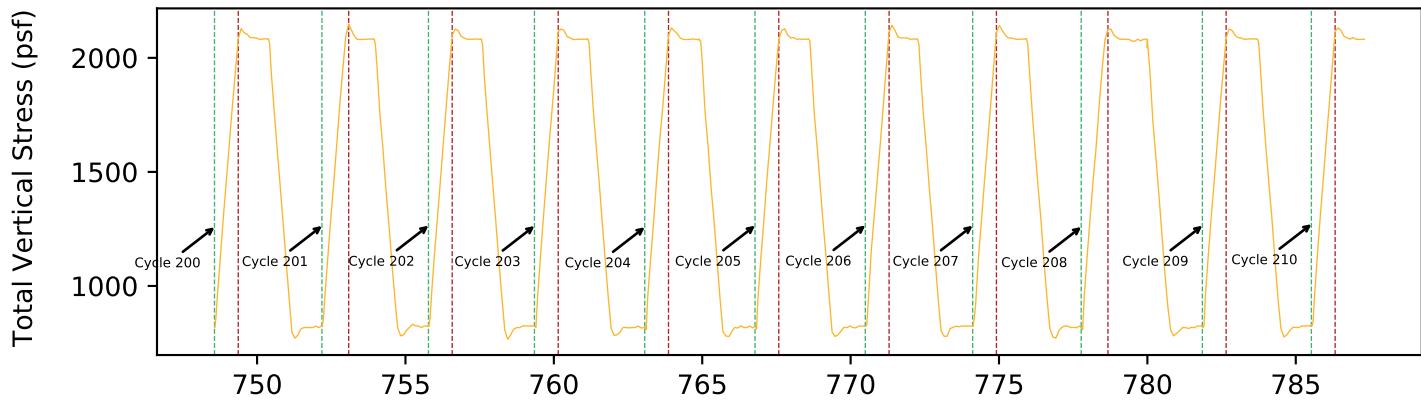
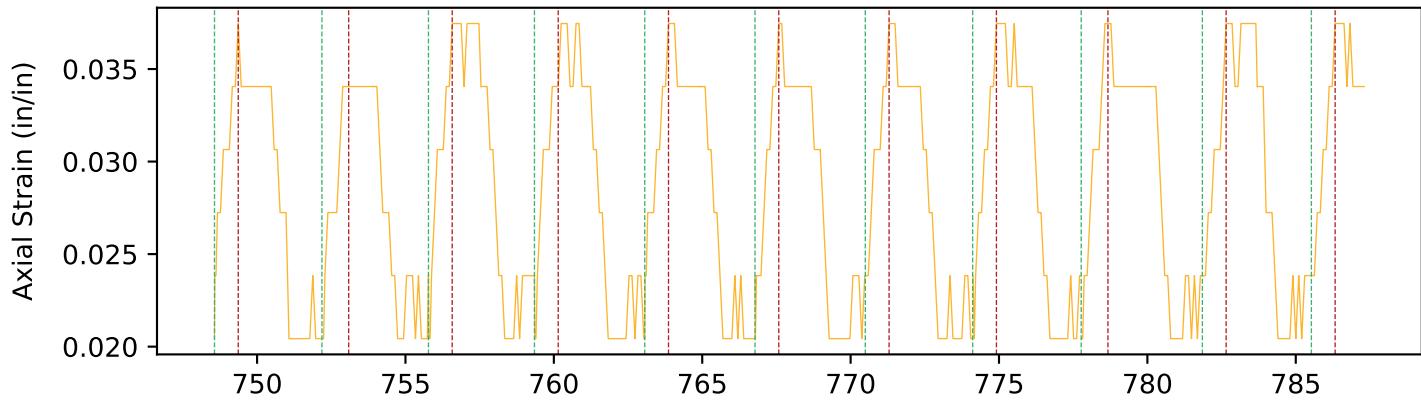
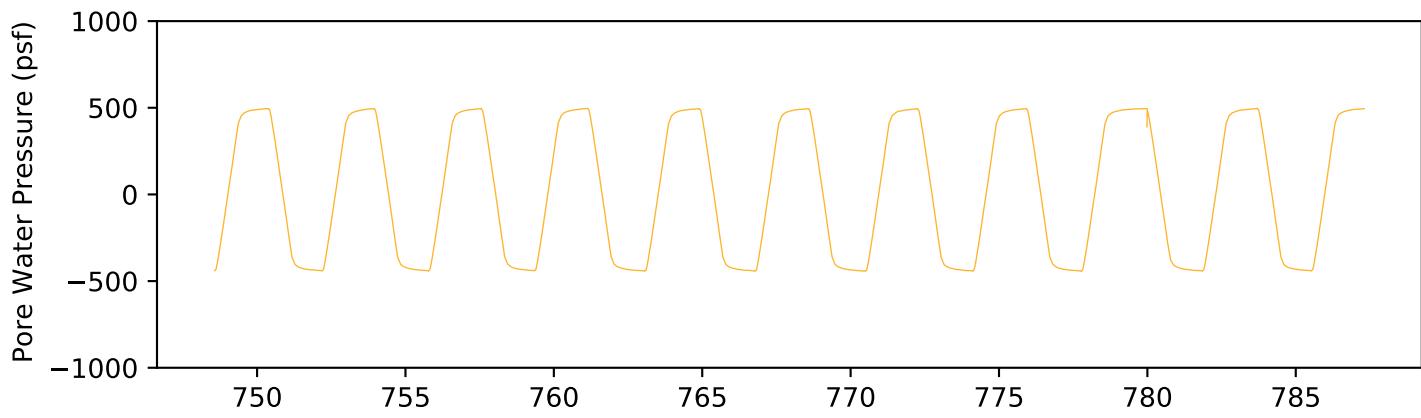
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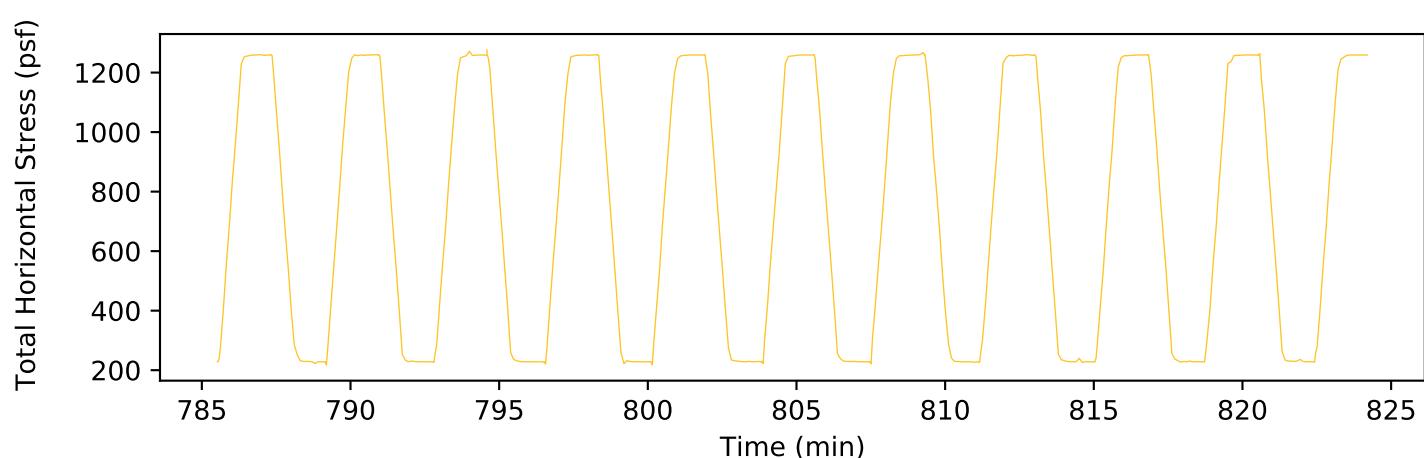
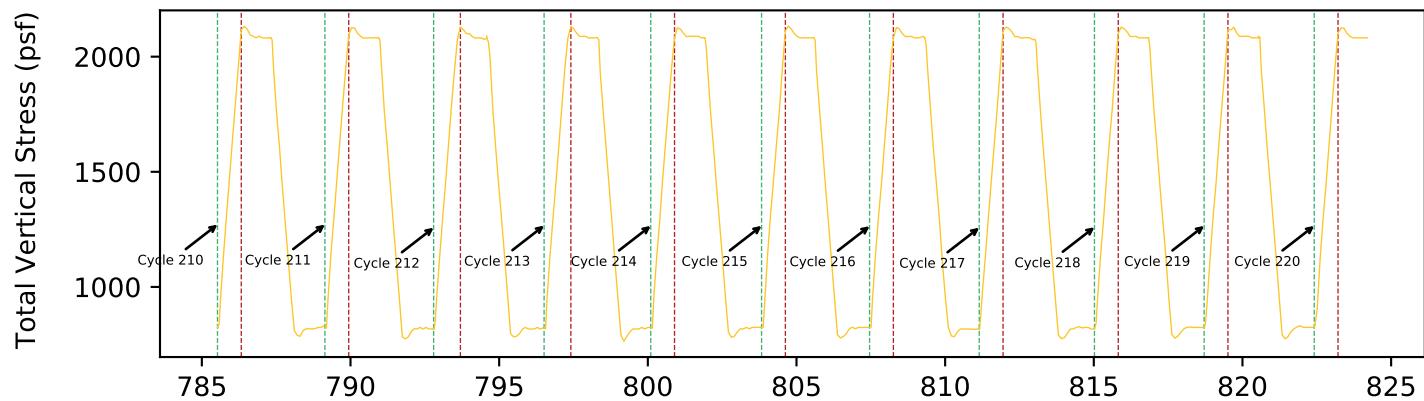
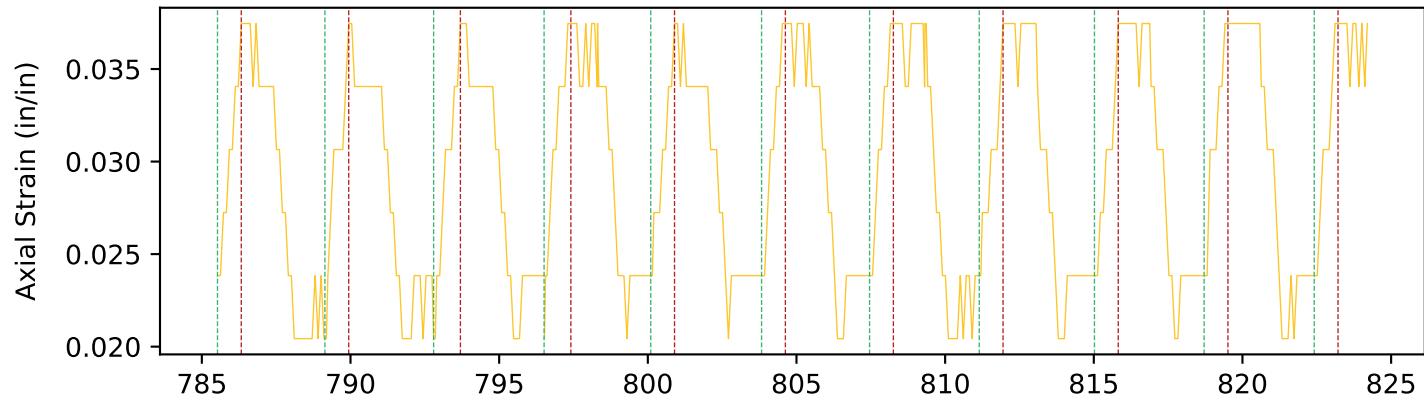
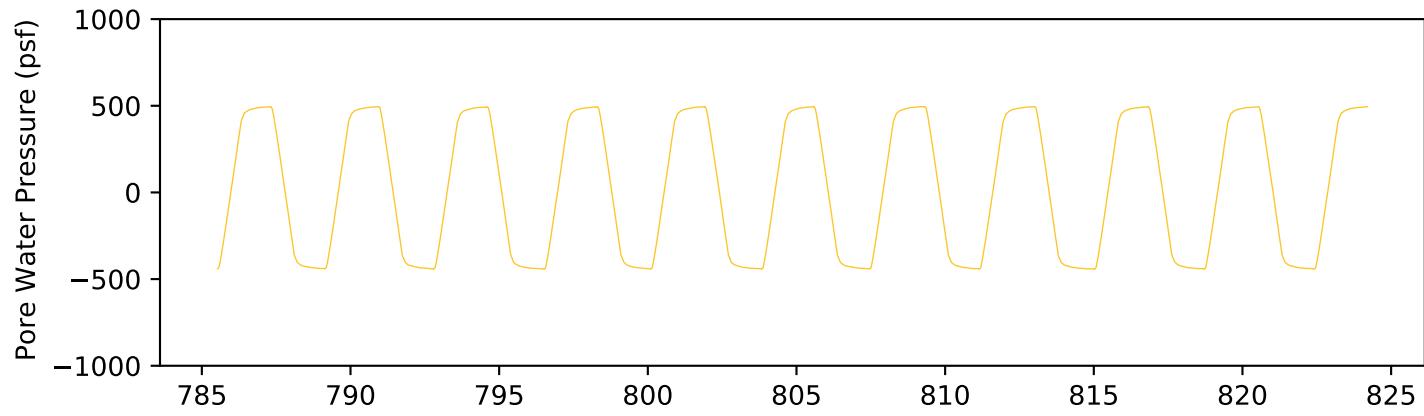
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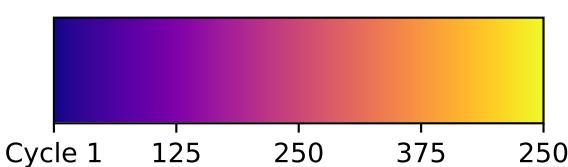
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Stress Path Data

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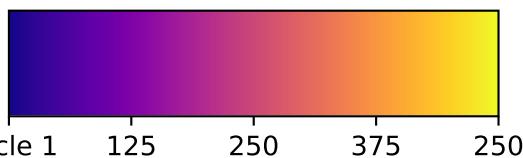
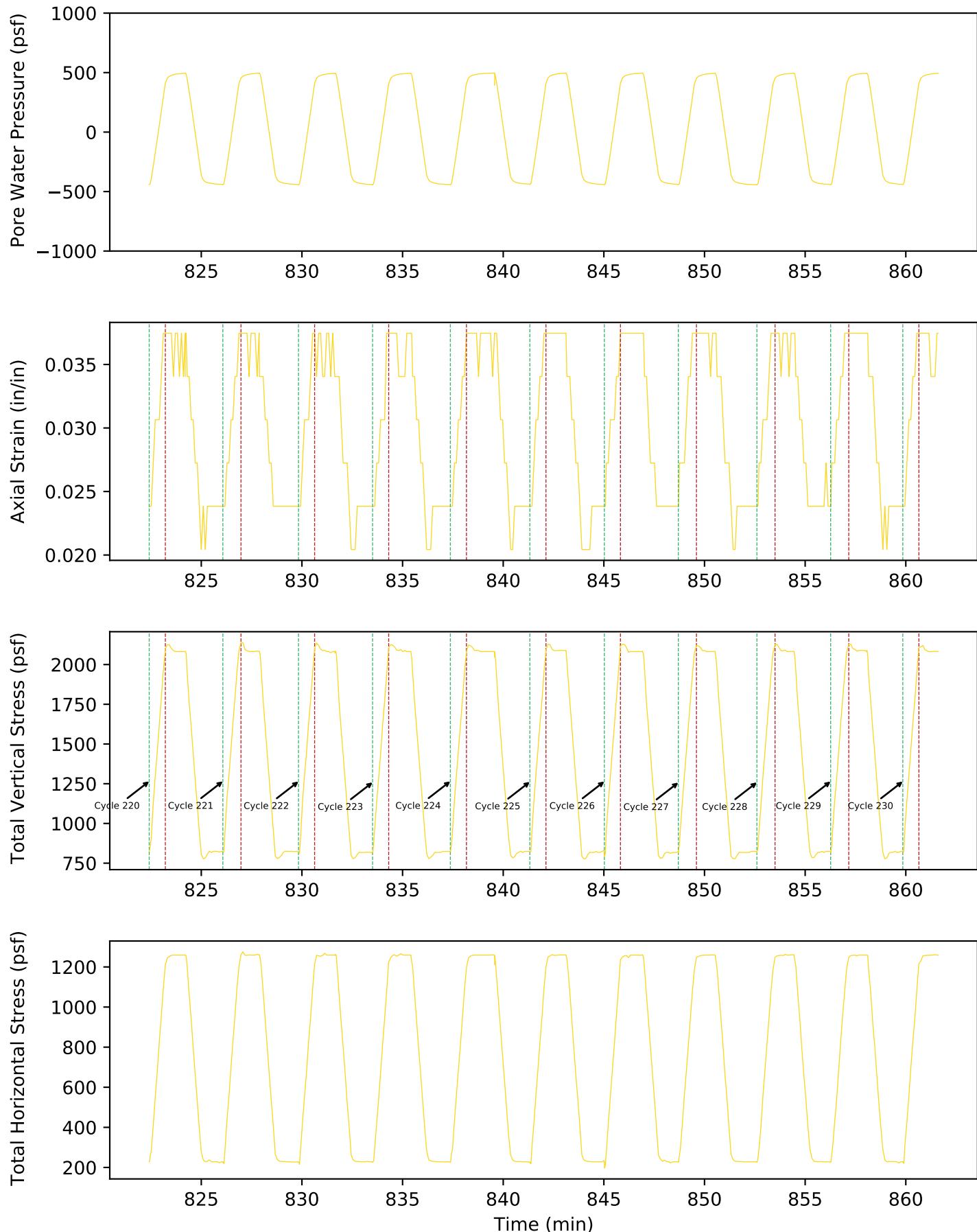
Time (min)



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Variables vs Time
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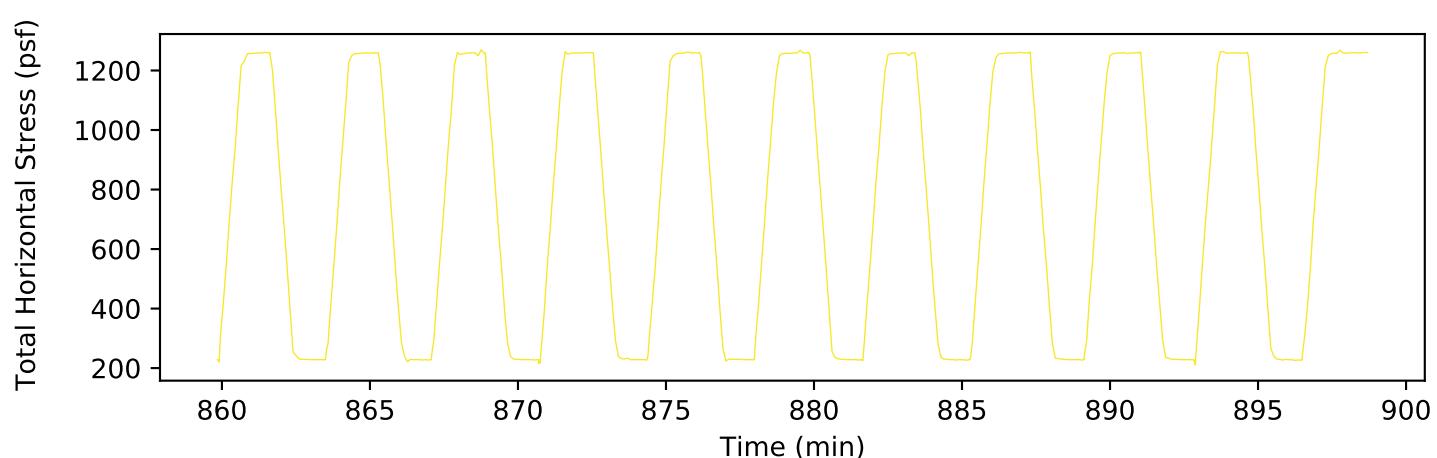
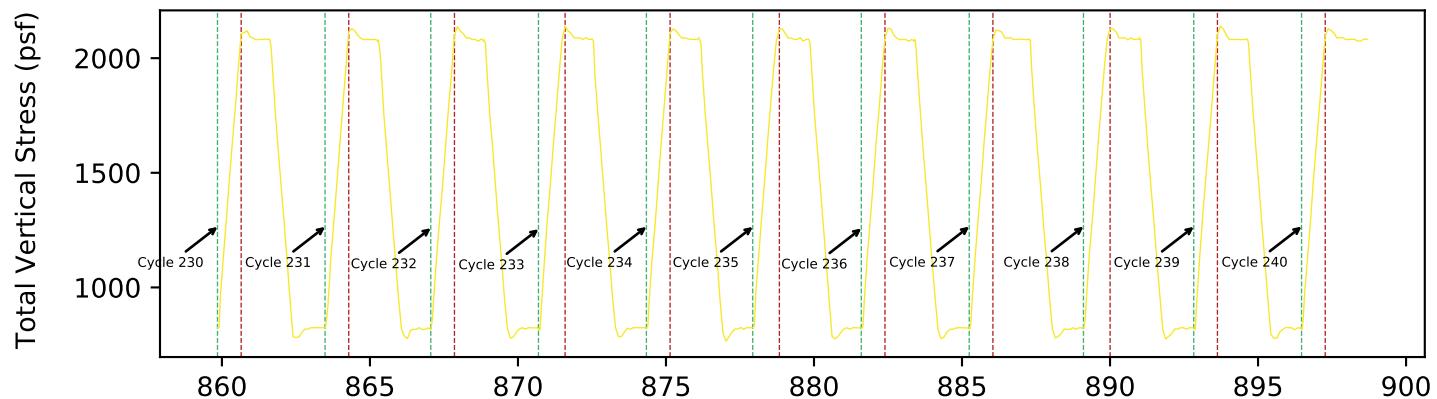
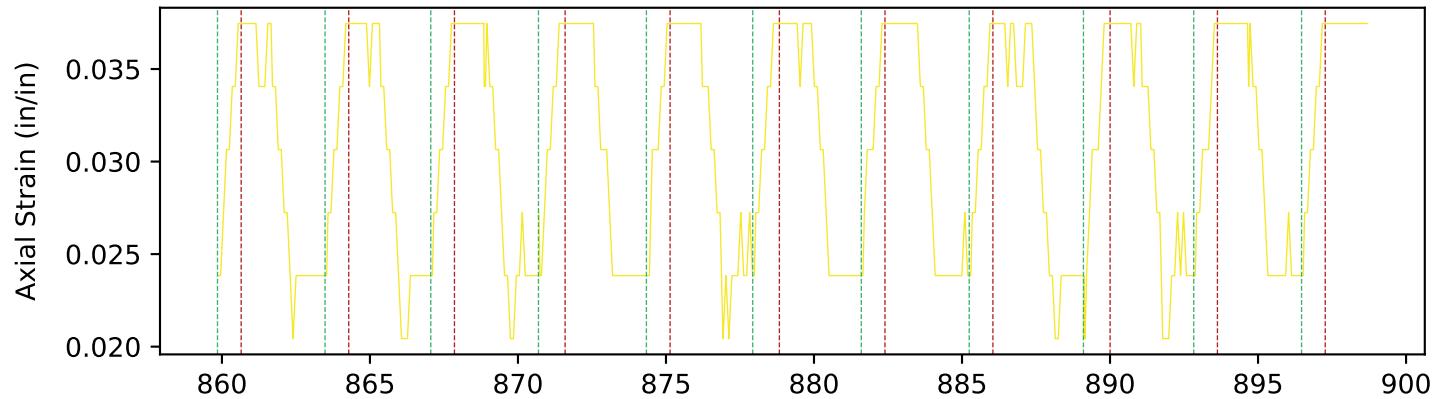
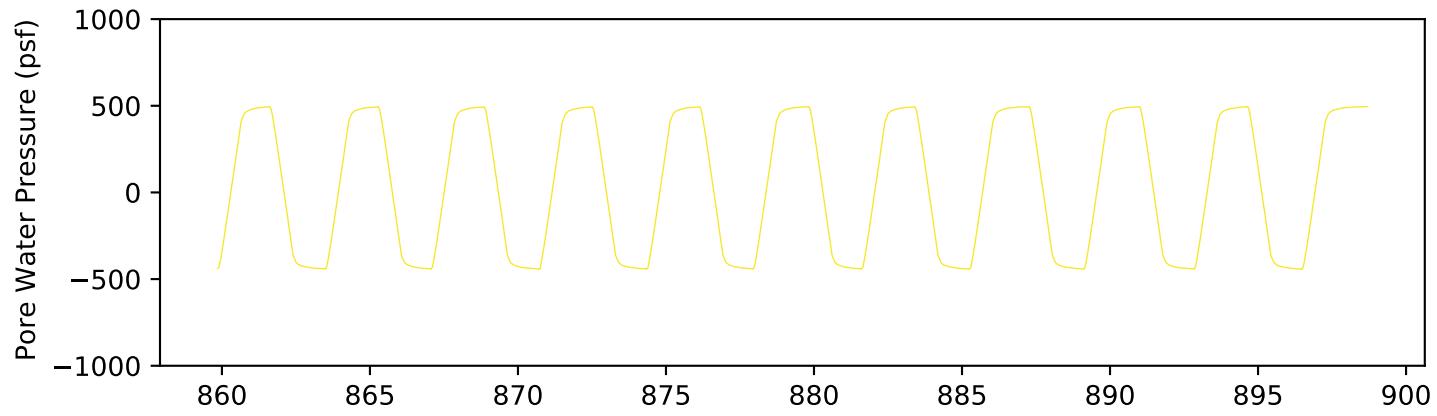
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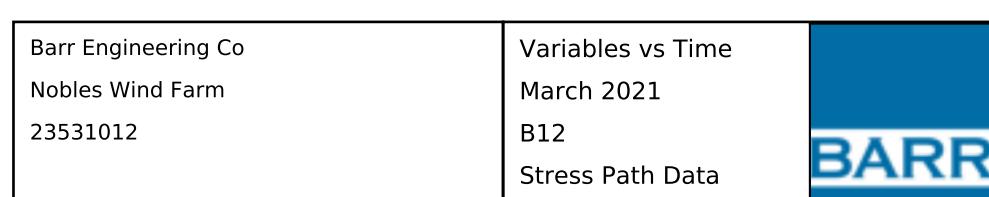
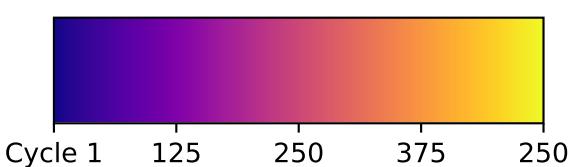
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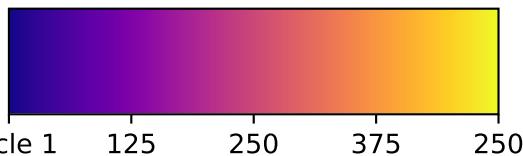
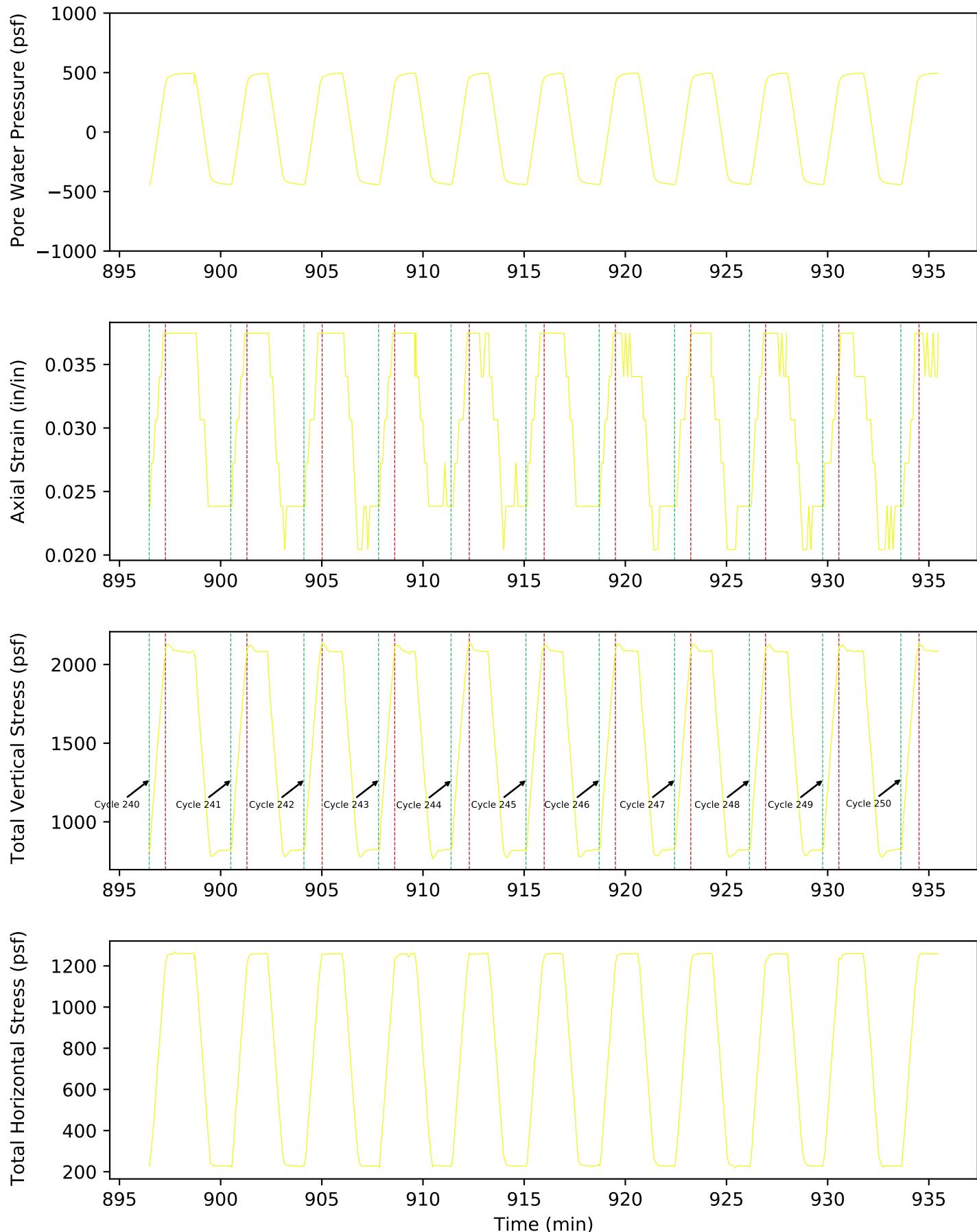
Variables vs Time
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Time (min)

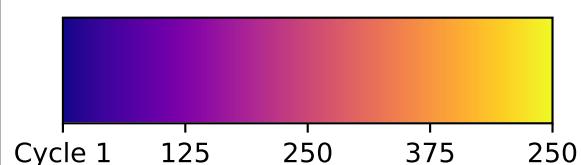
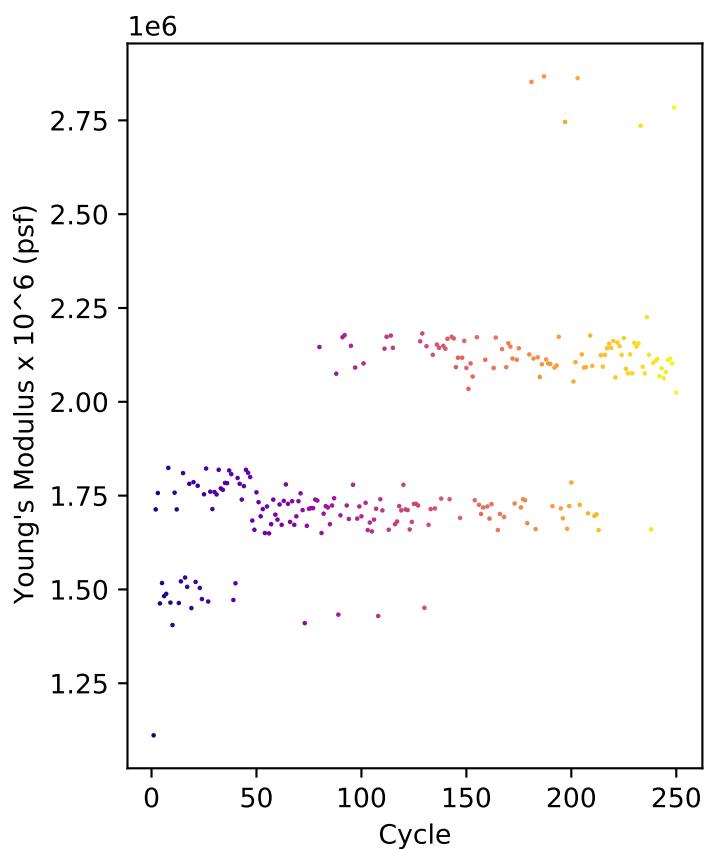
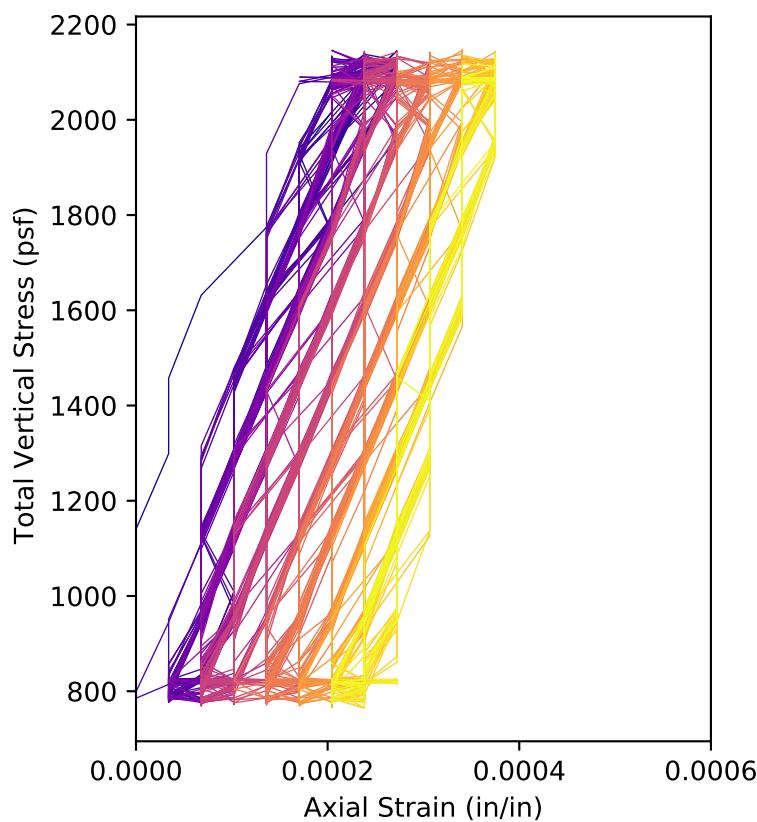
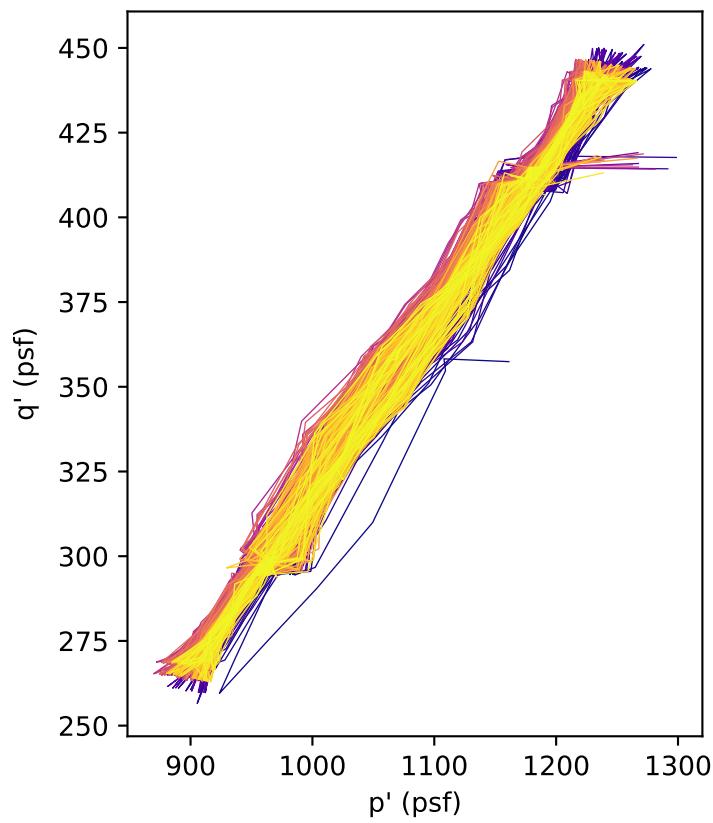
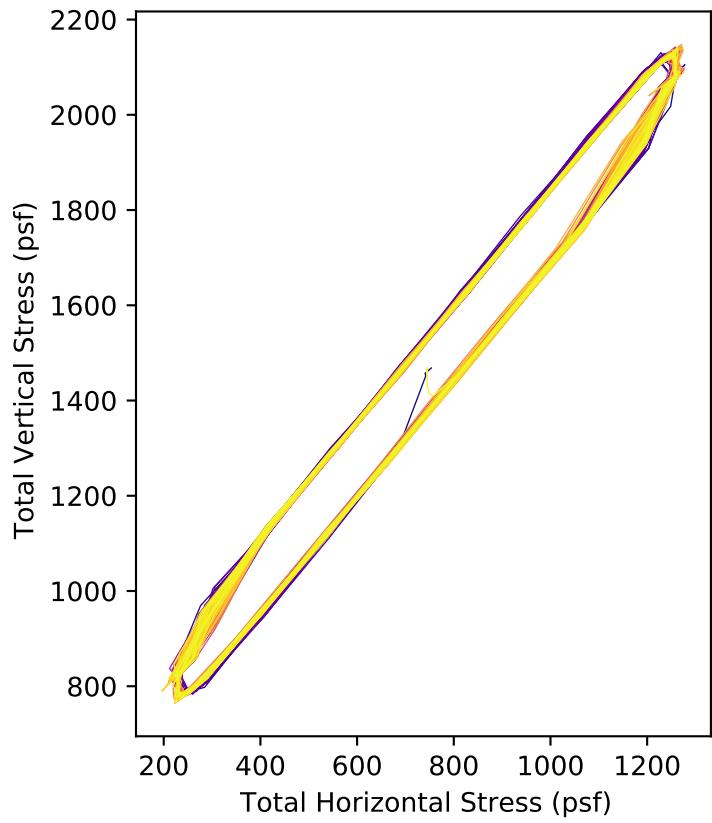




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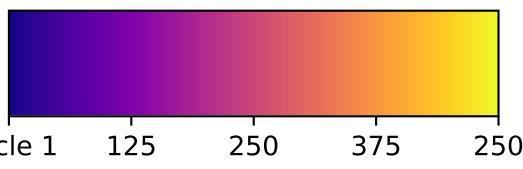
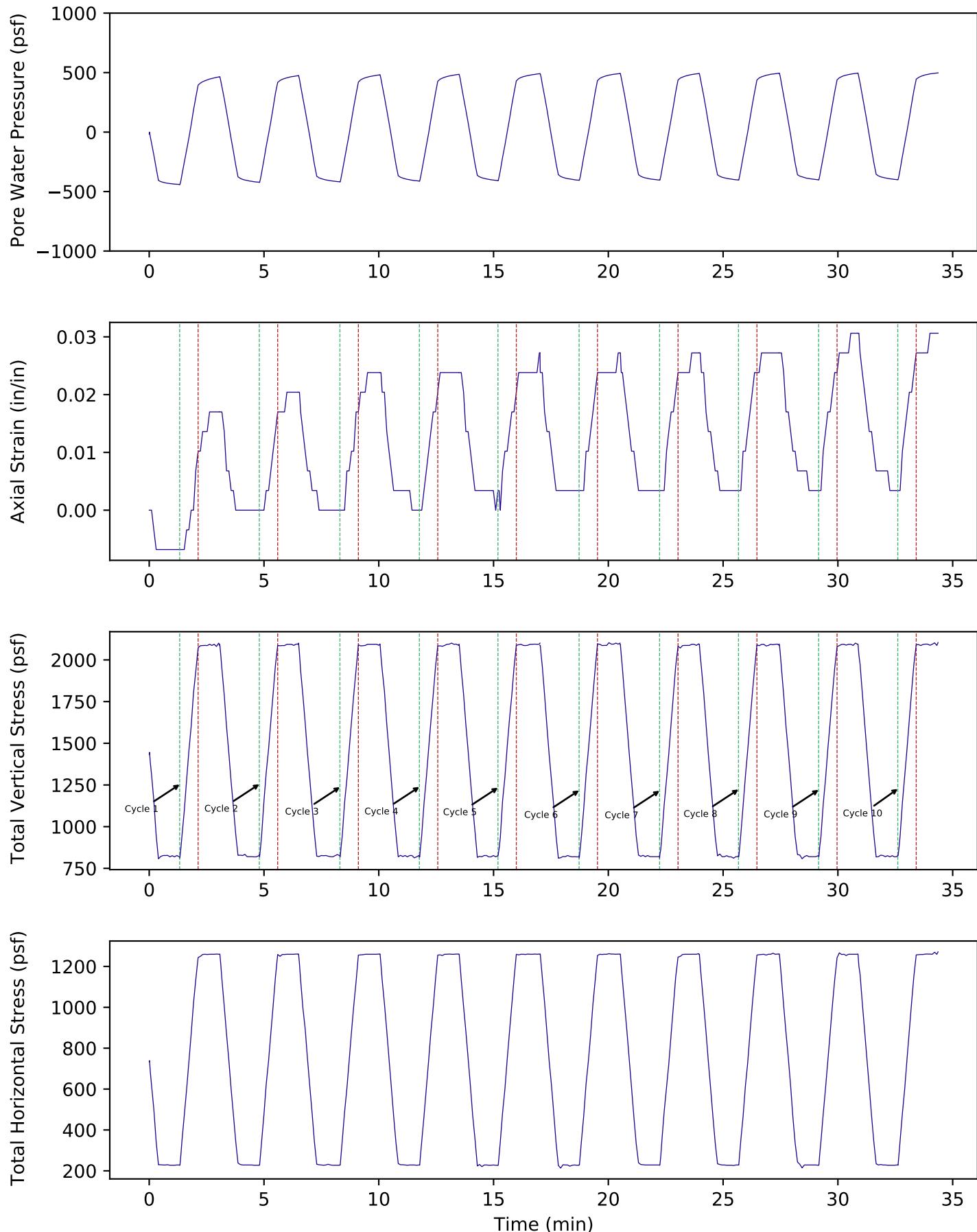
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Hysteresis Graphs
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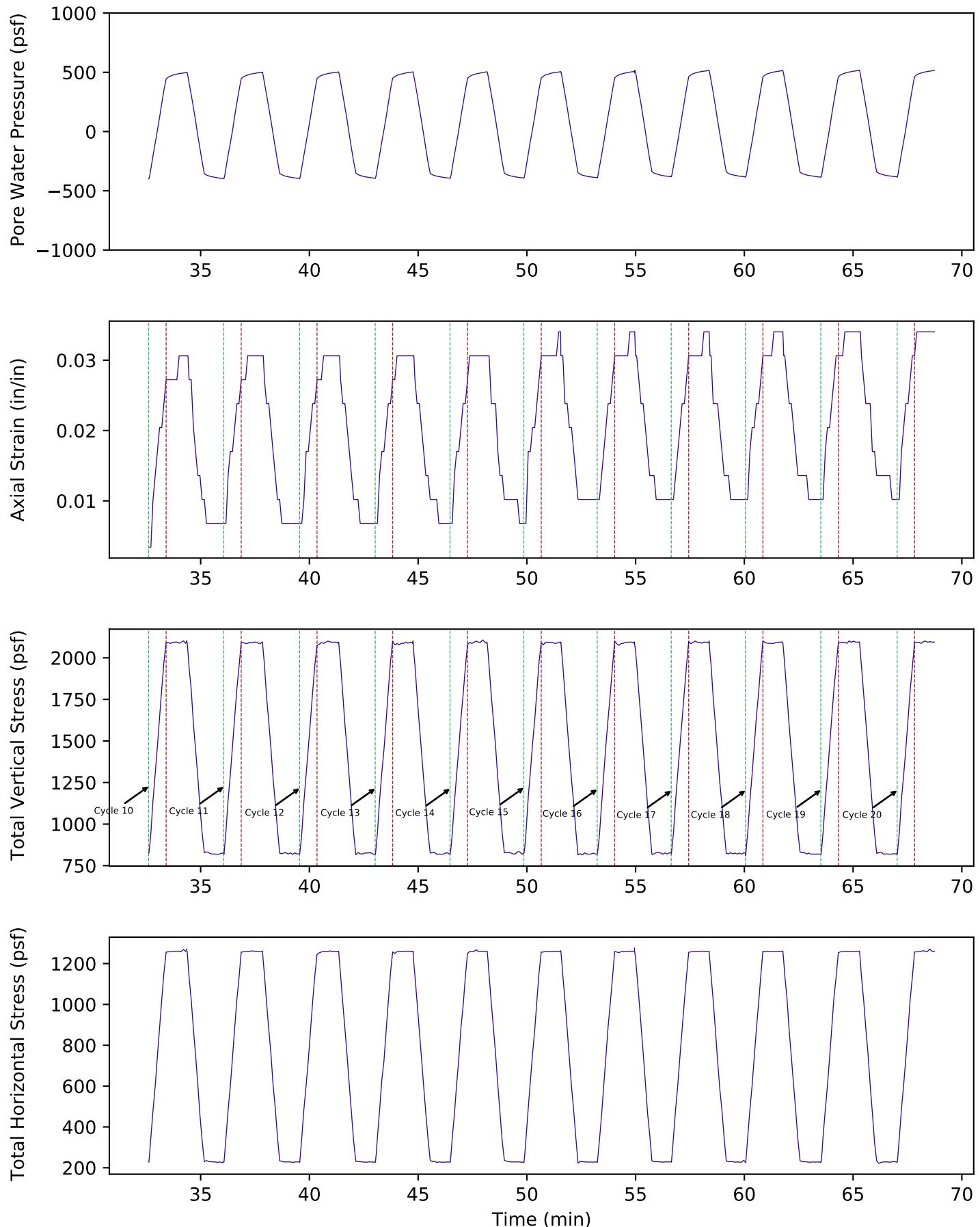
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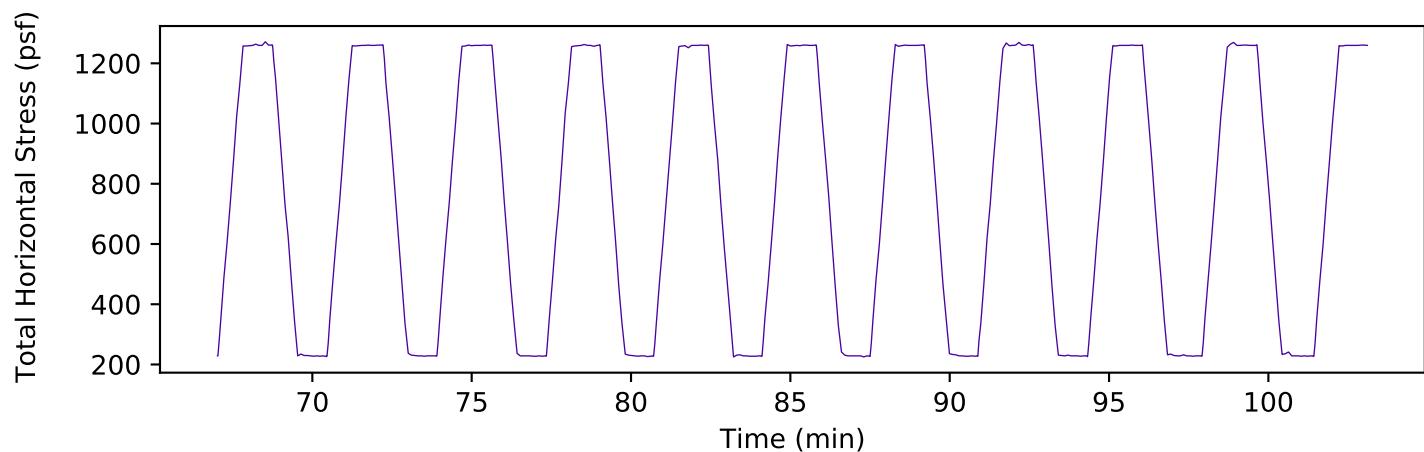
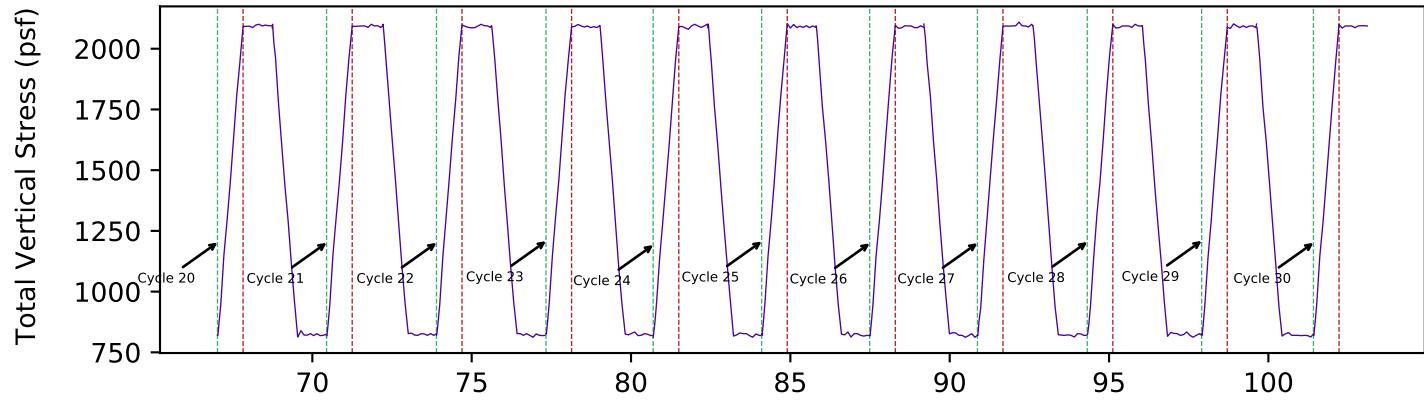
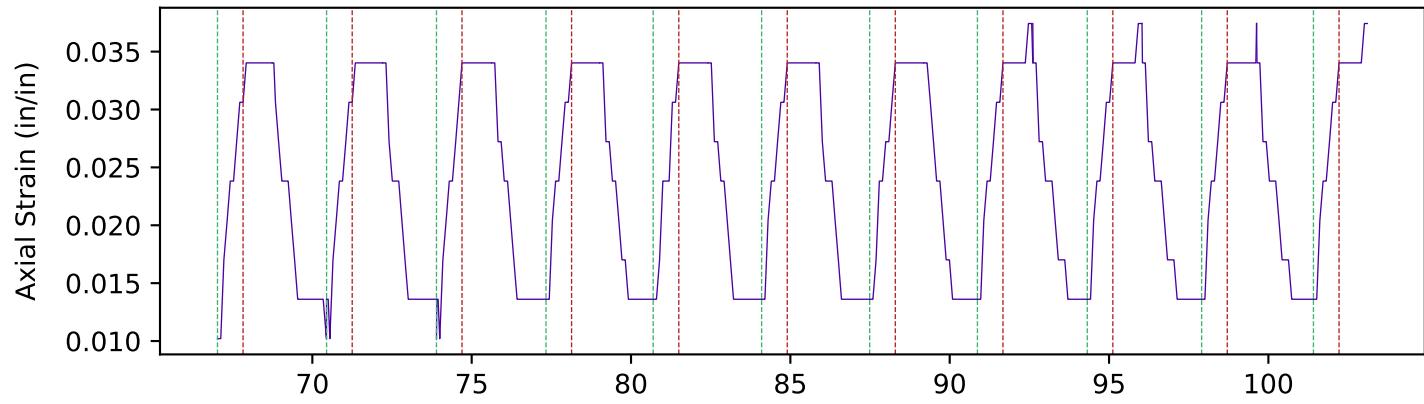
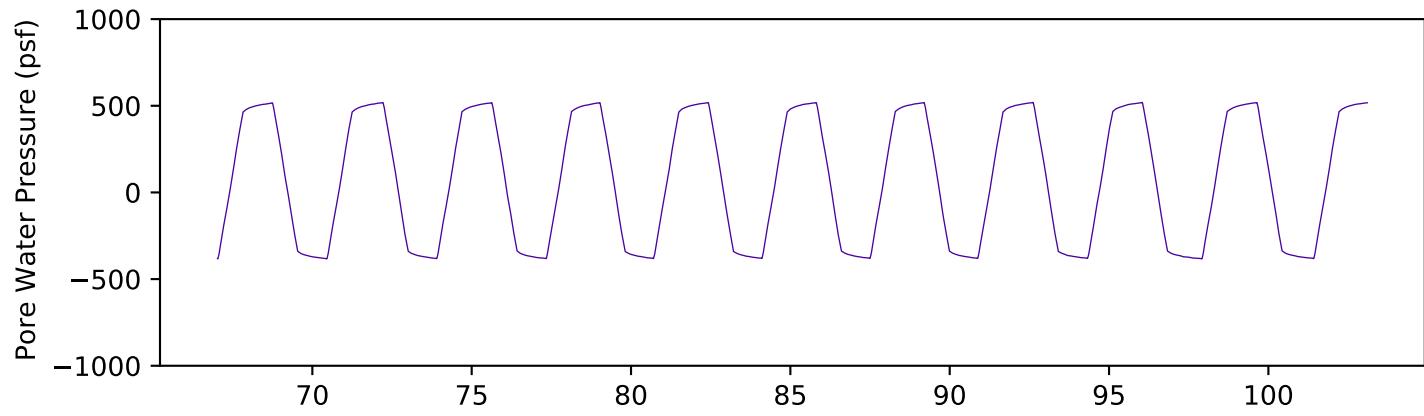


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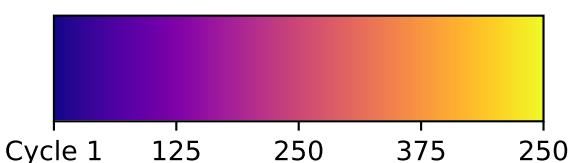
Variables vs Time
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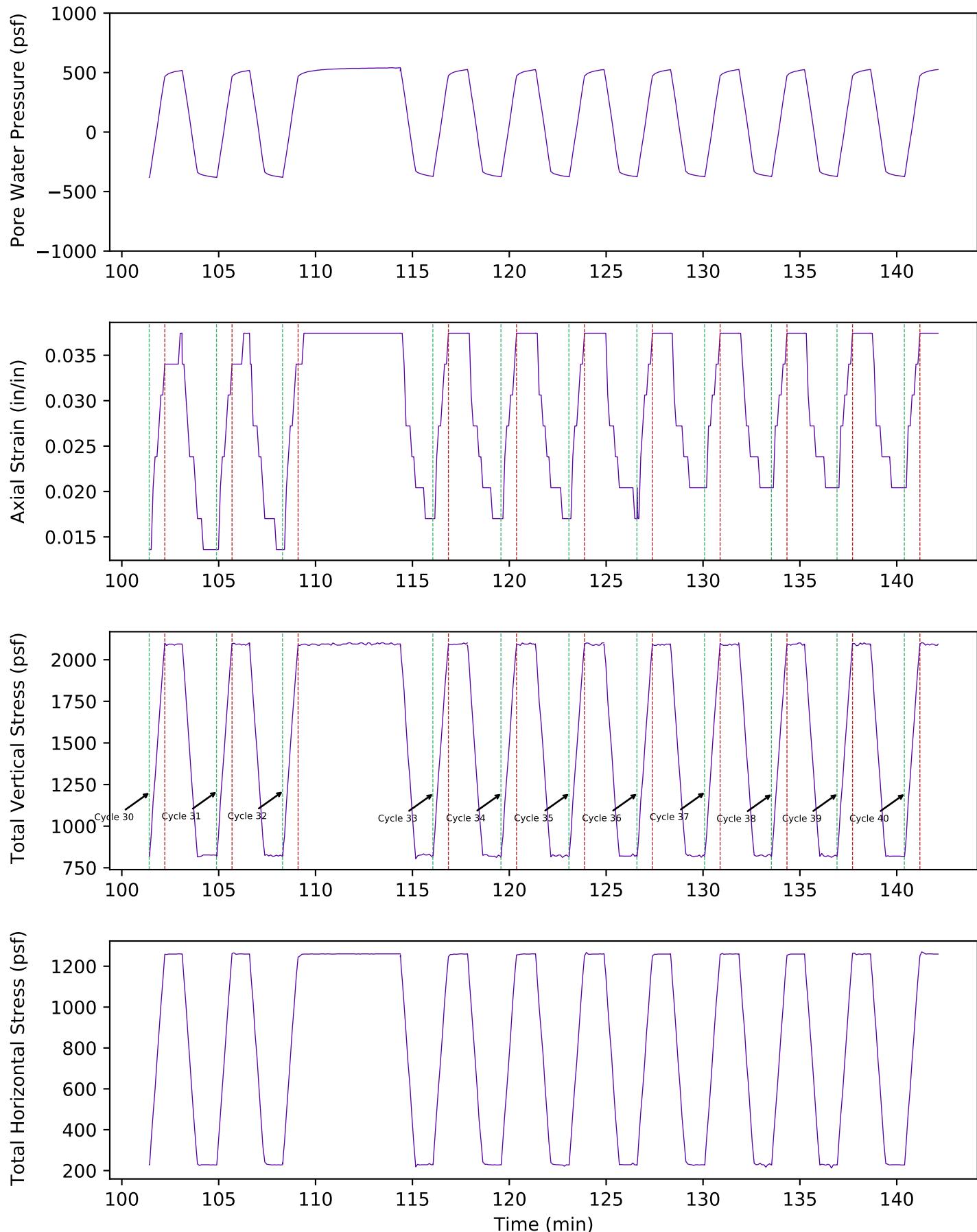
Time (min)



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Stress Path Data

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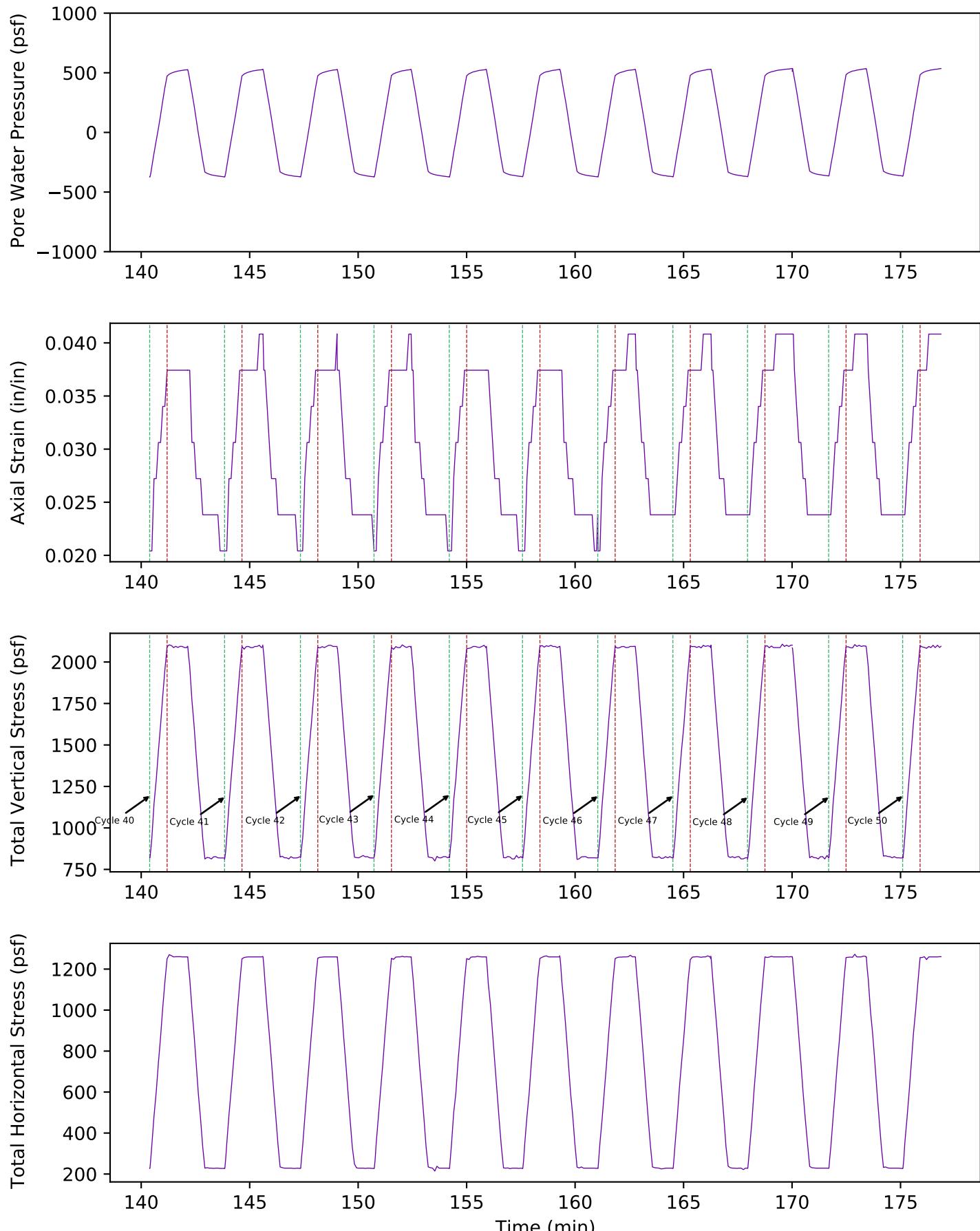
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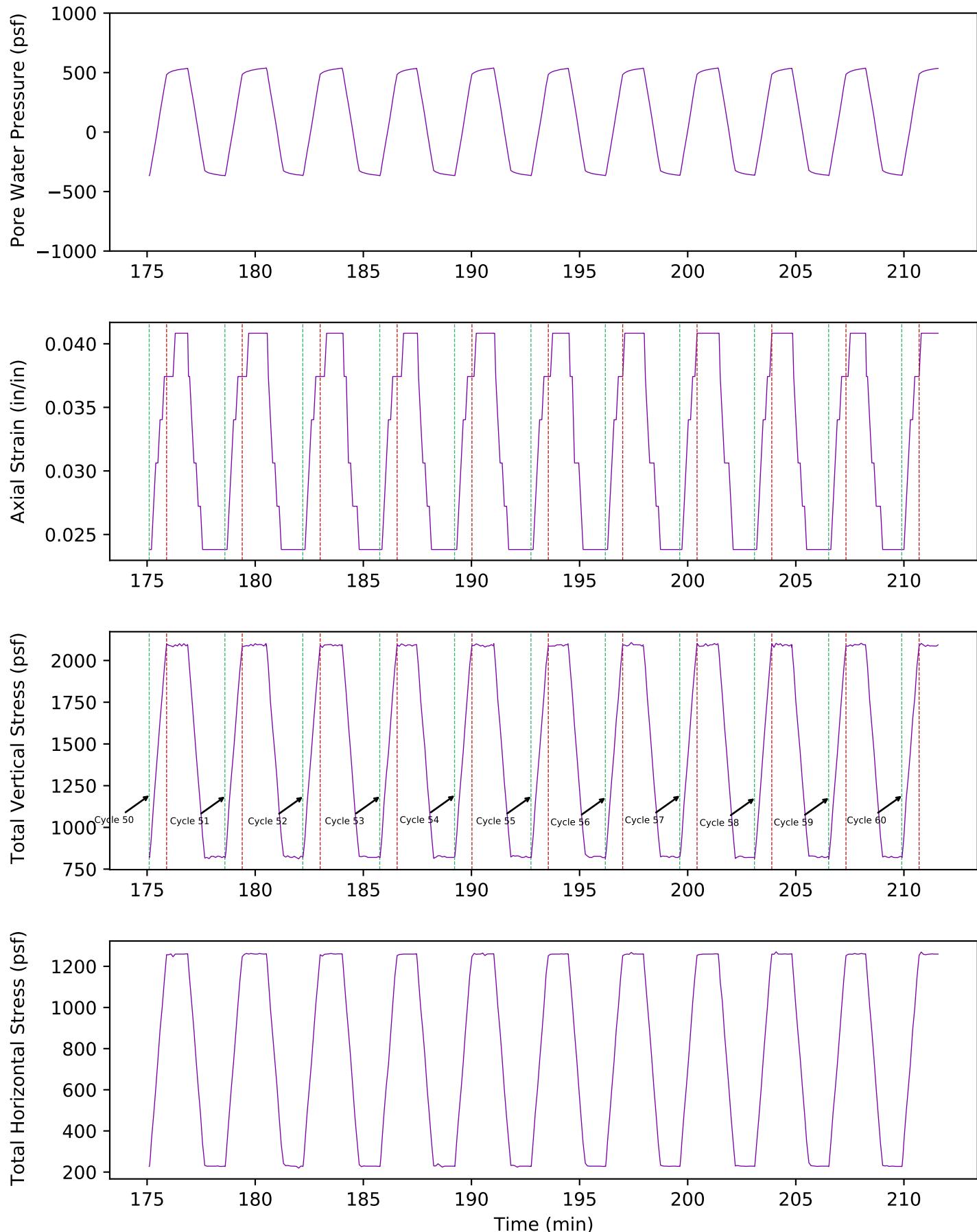
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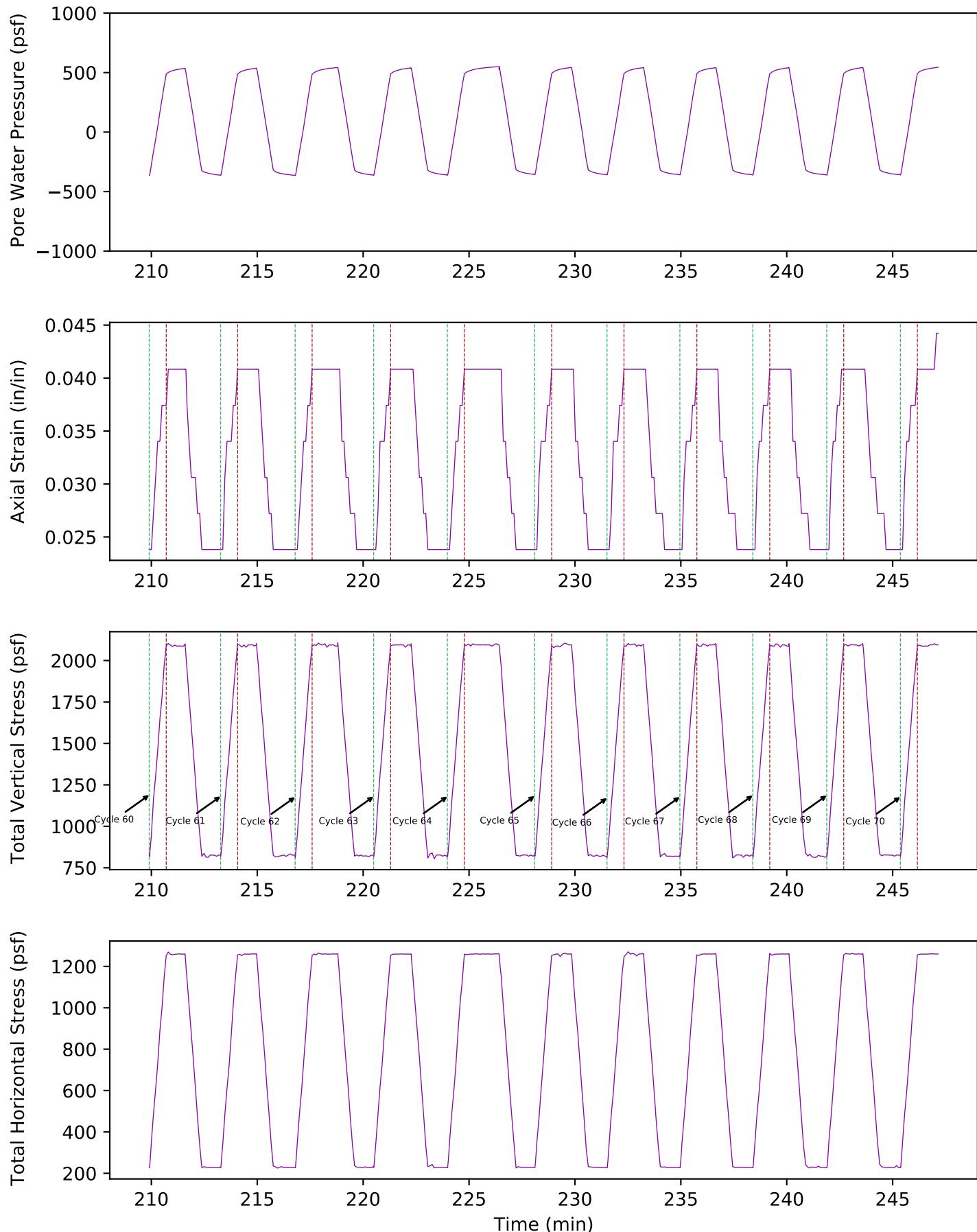
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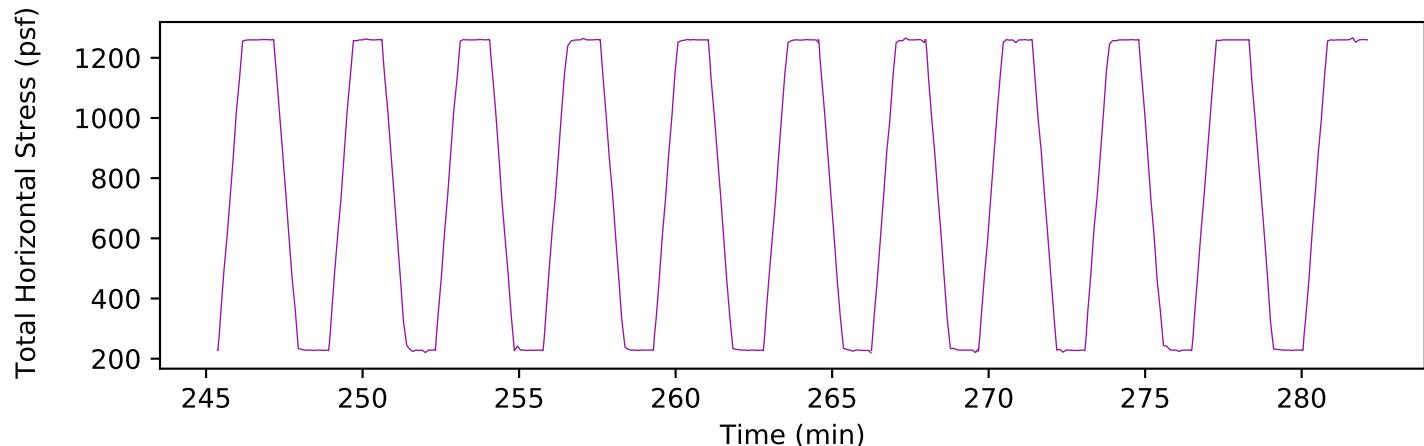
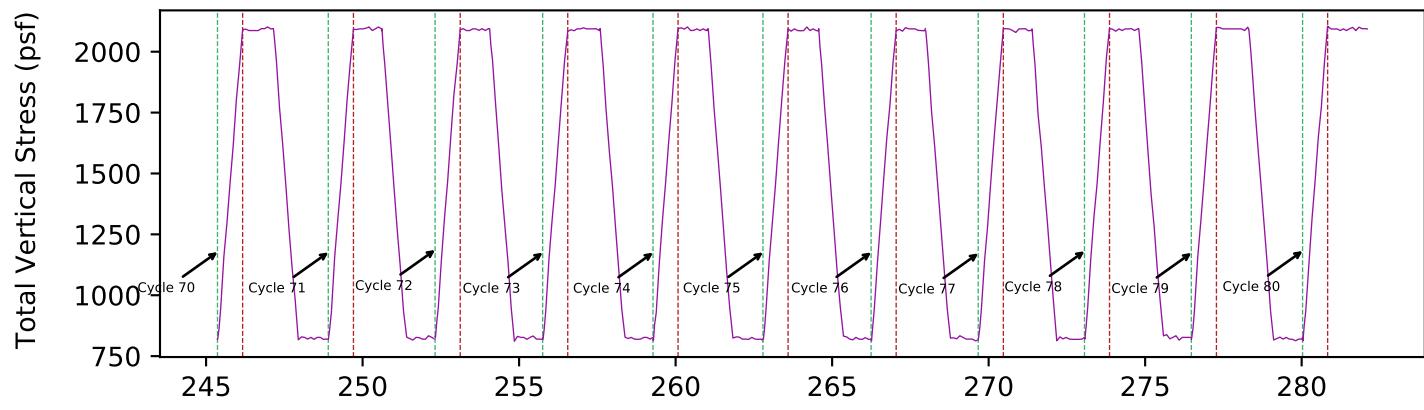
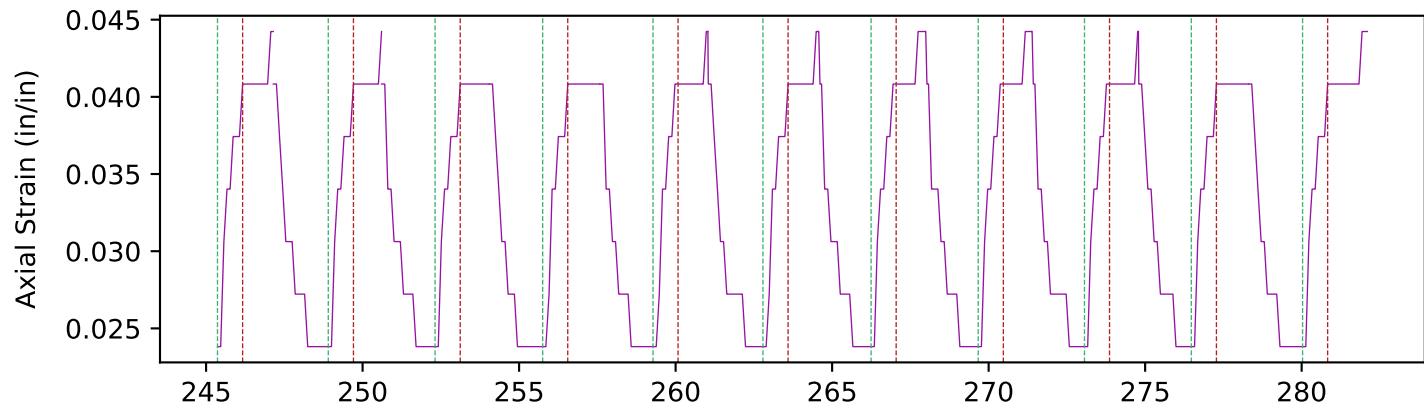
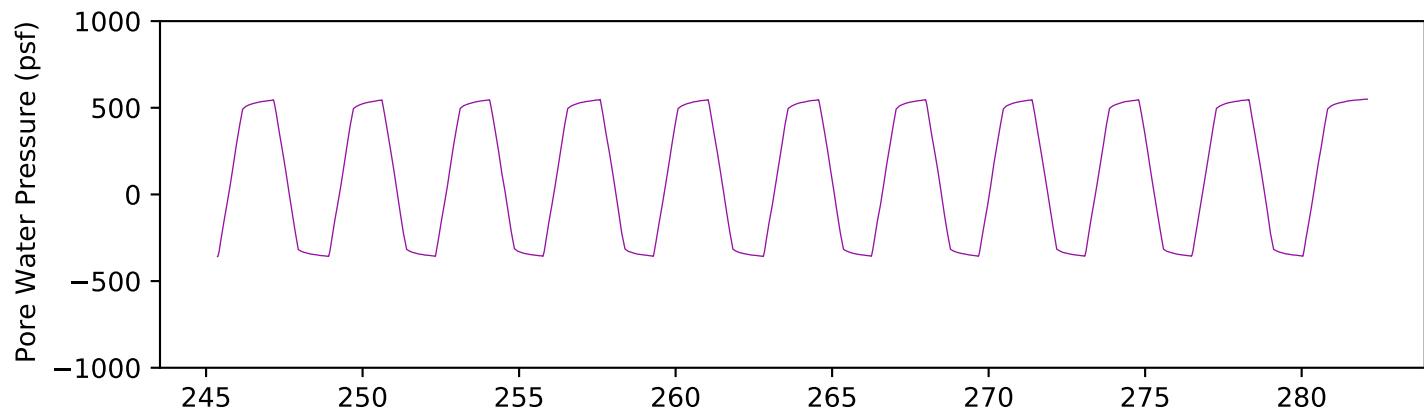
Variables vs Time
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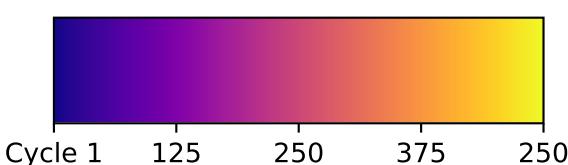








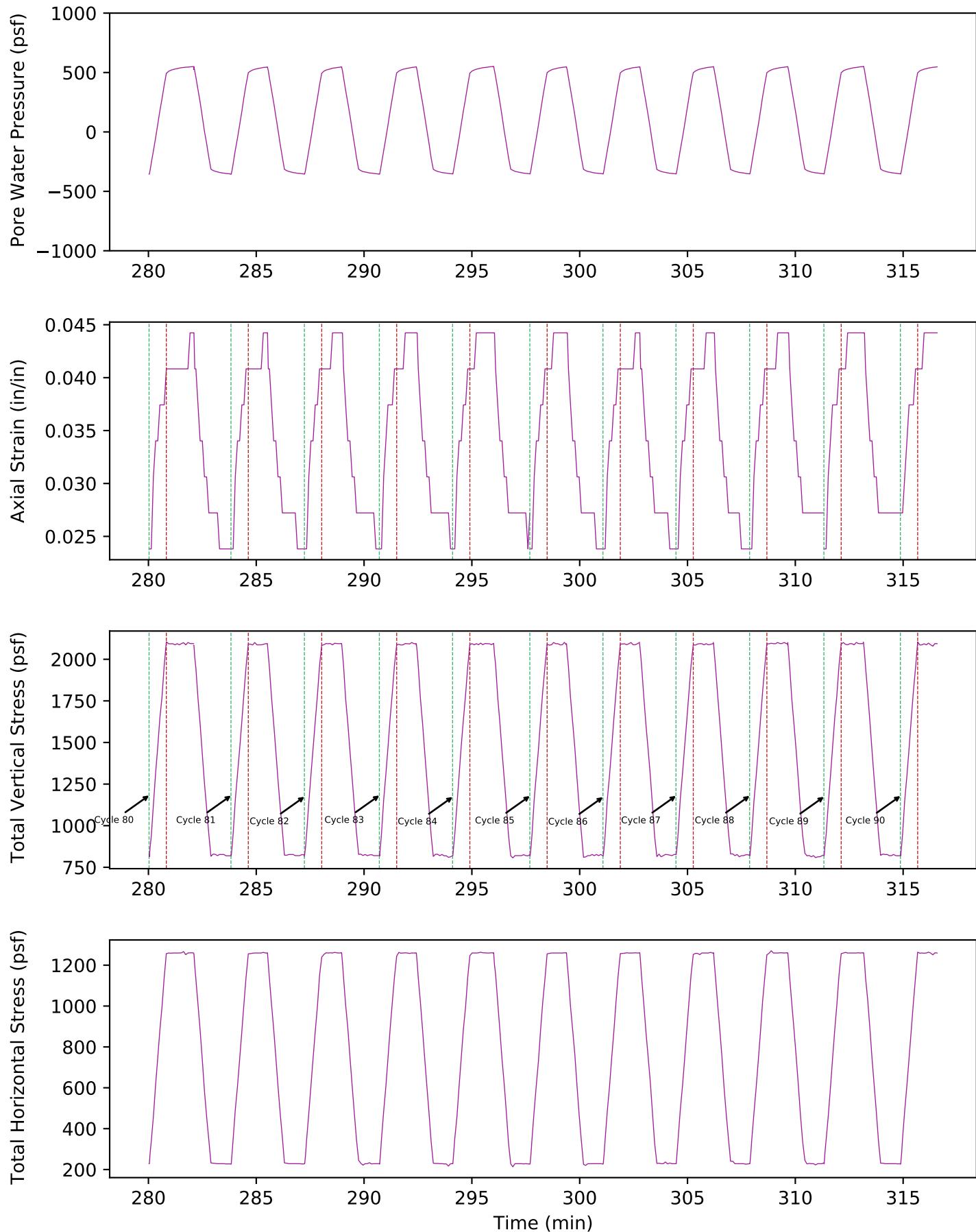
Time (min)



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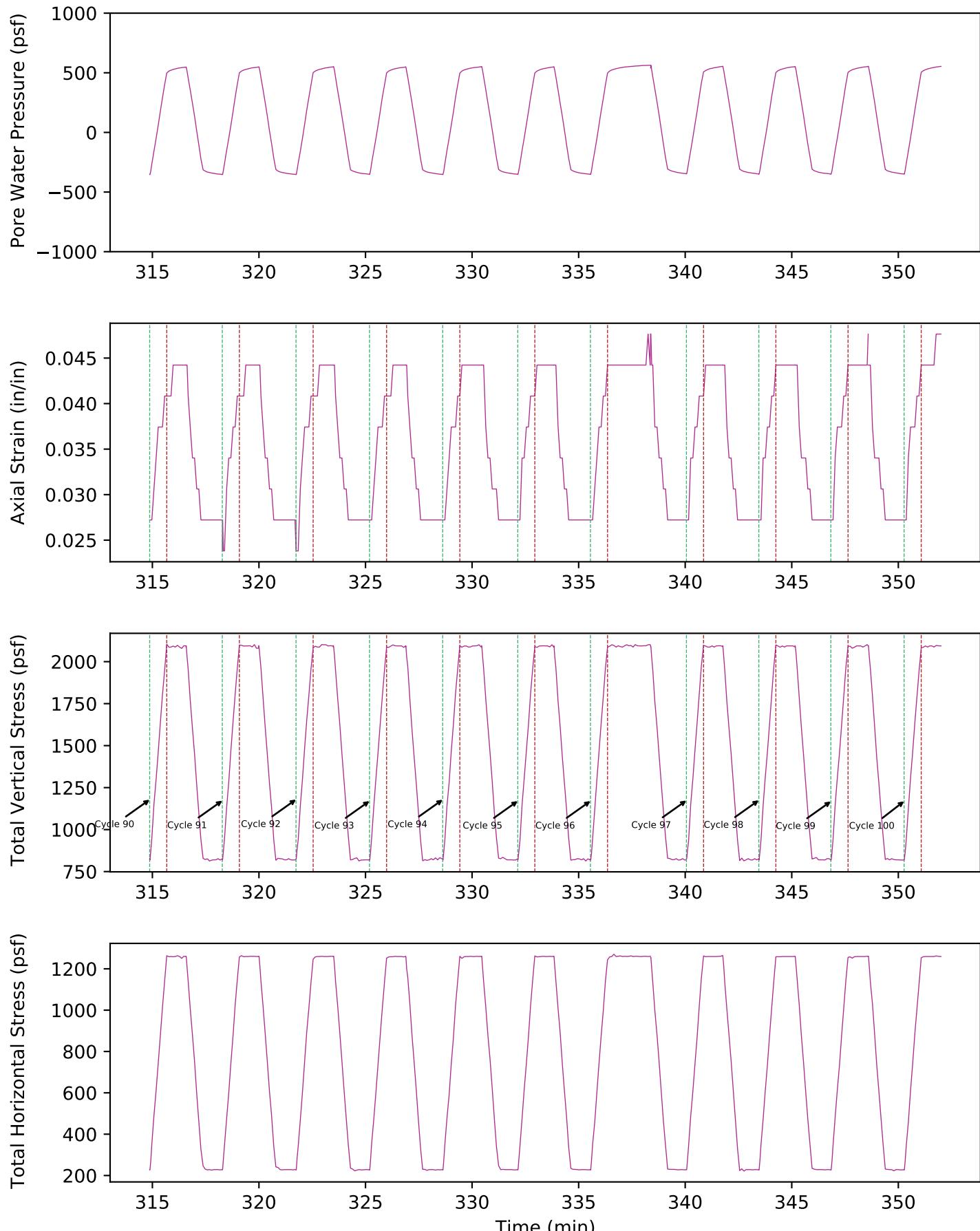
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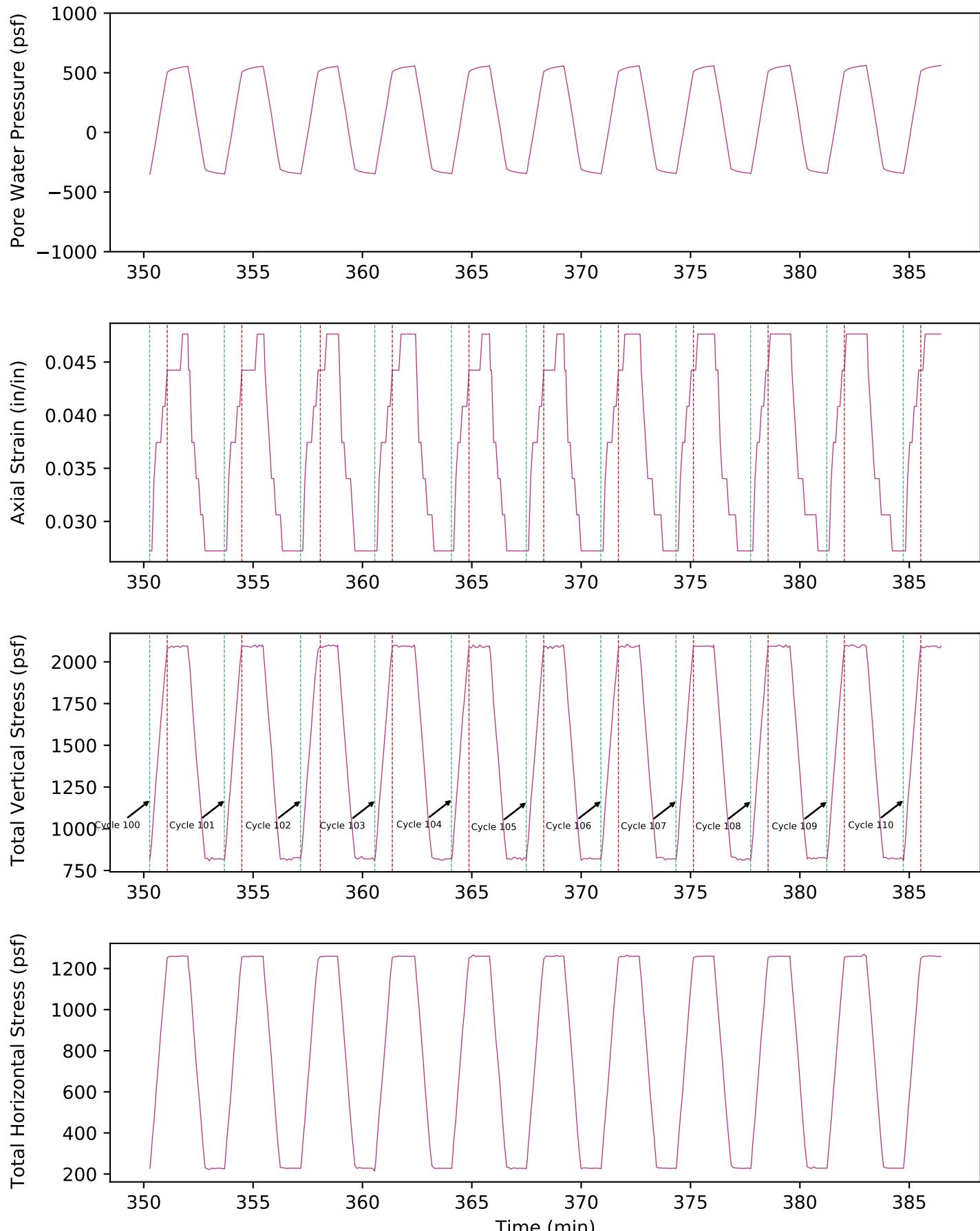


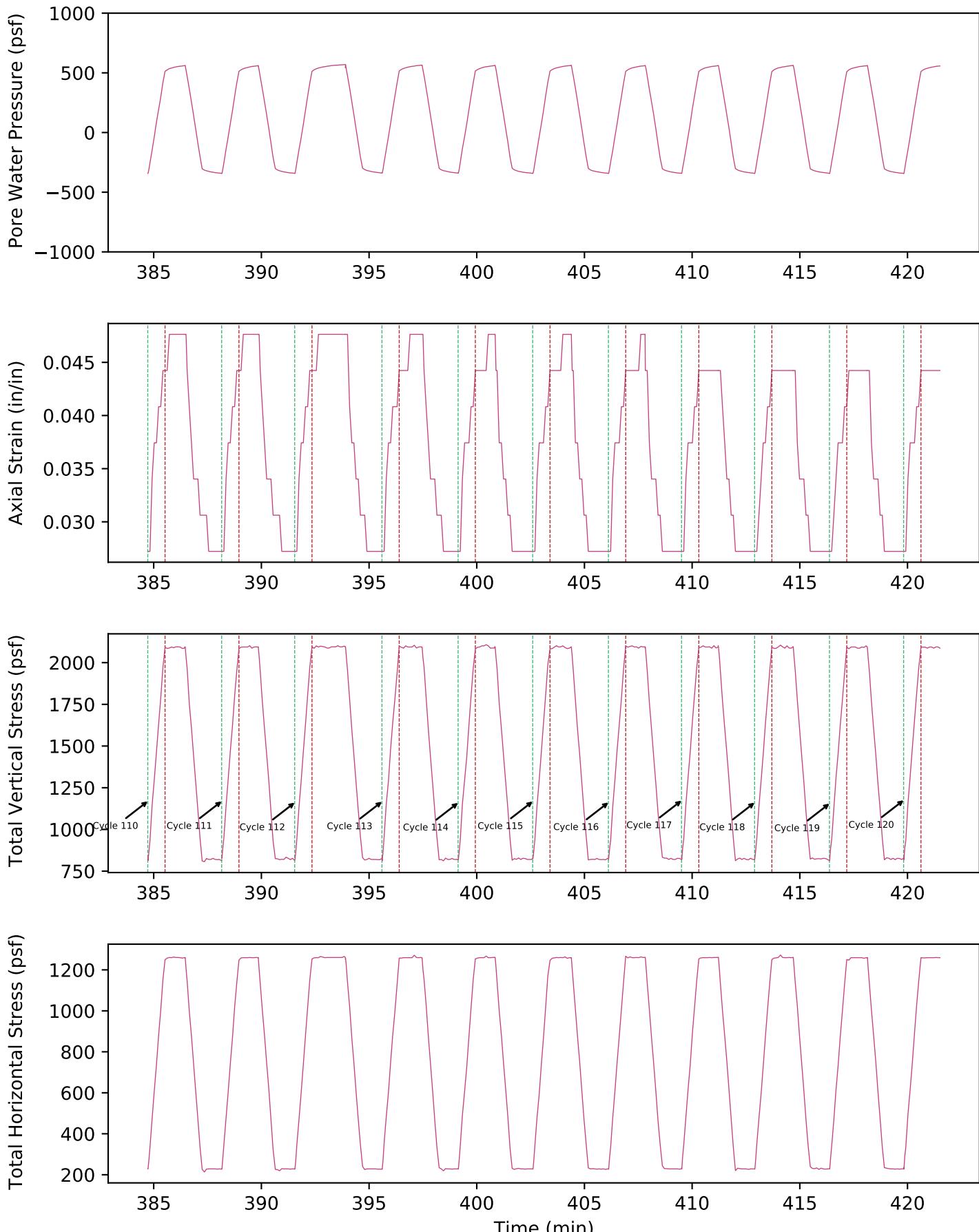
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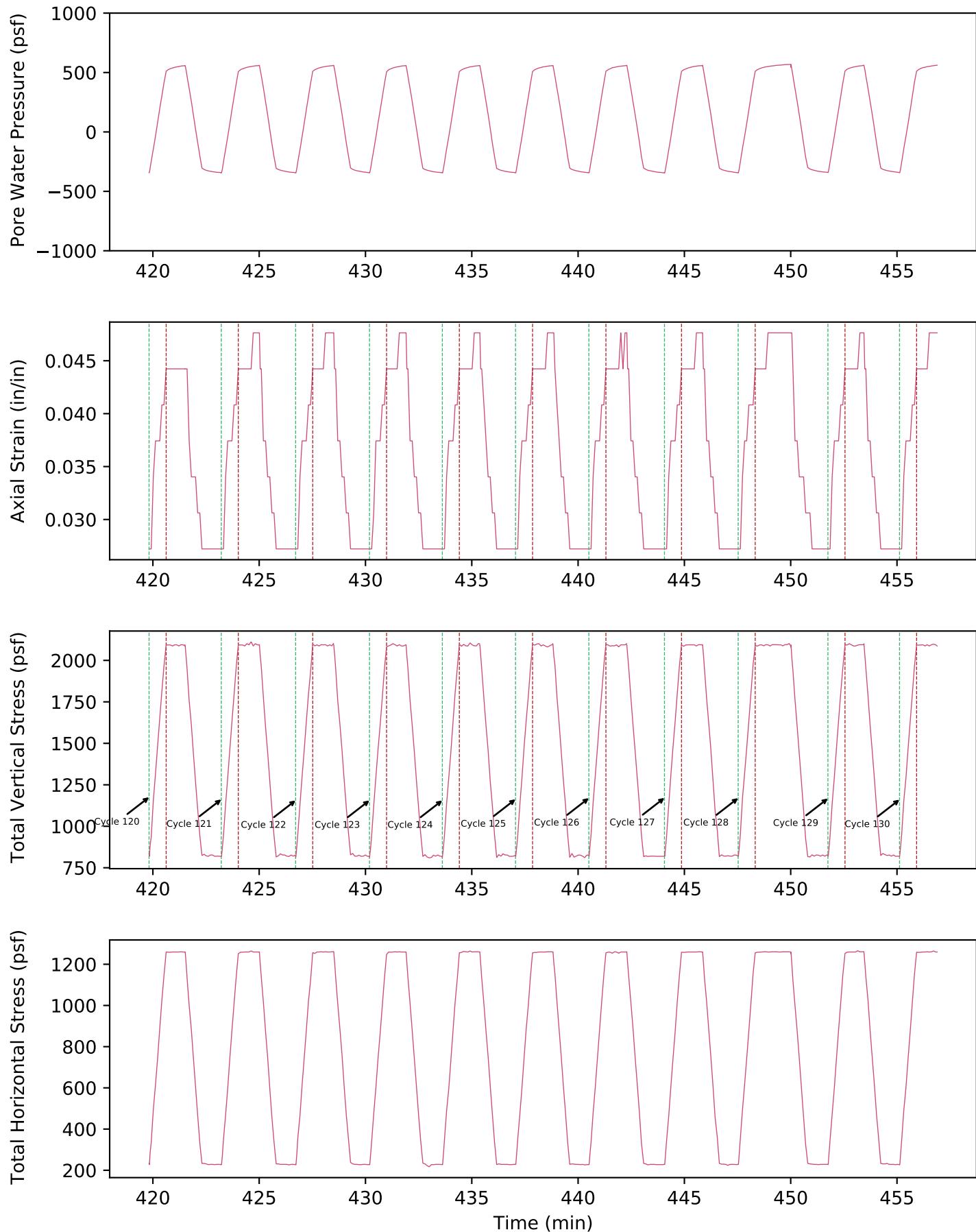
Variables vs Time
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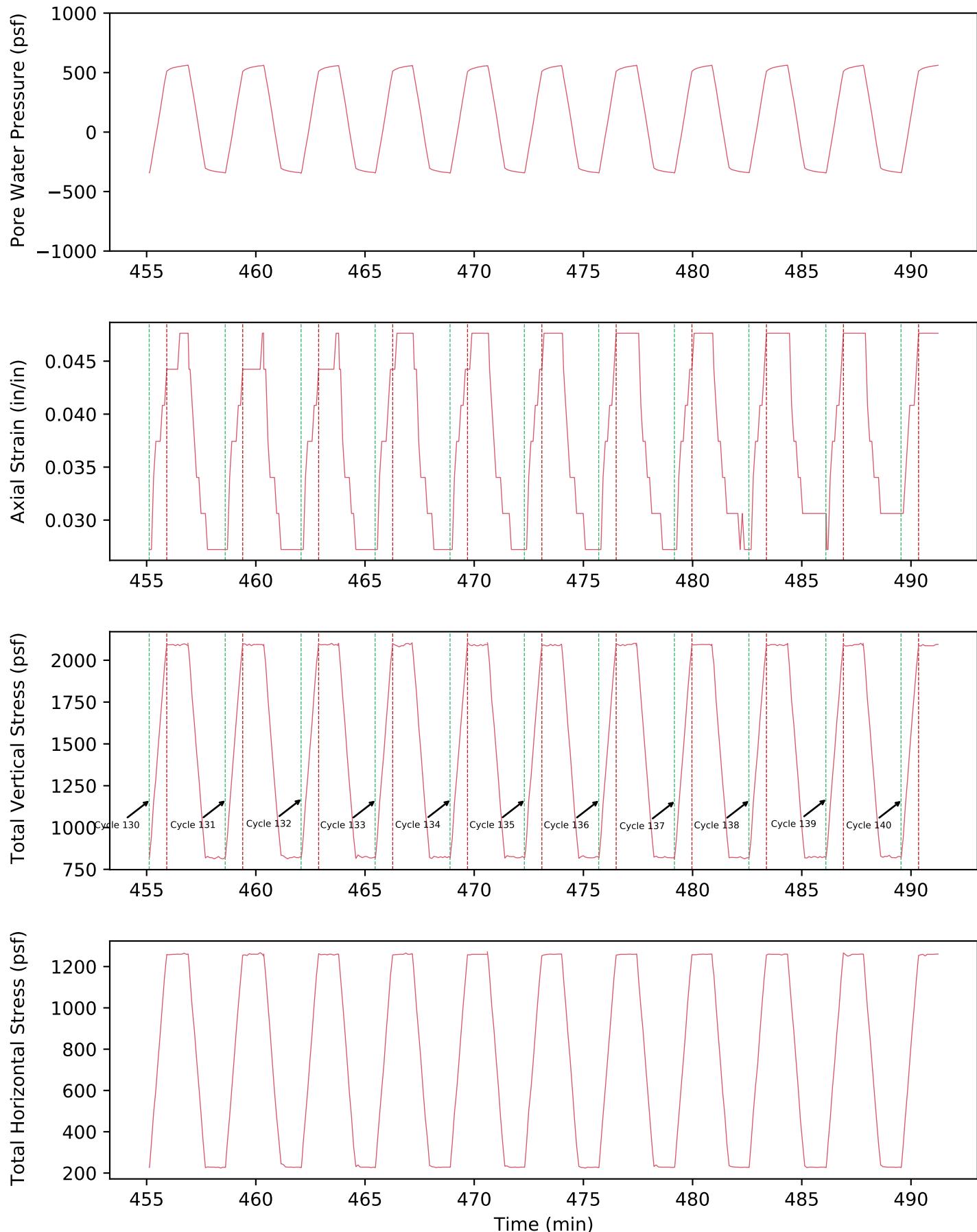
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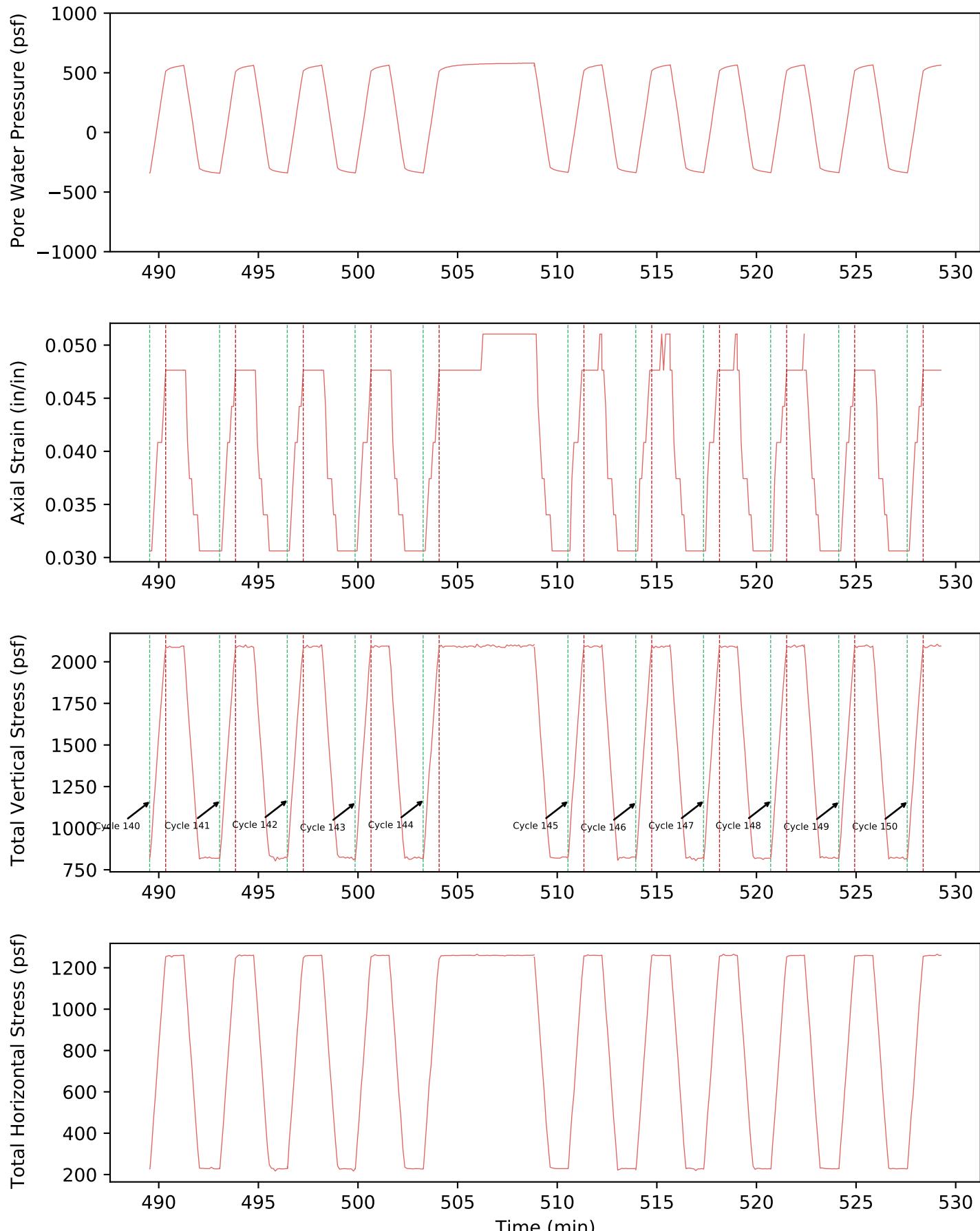








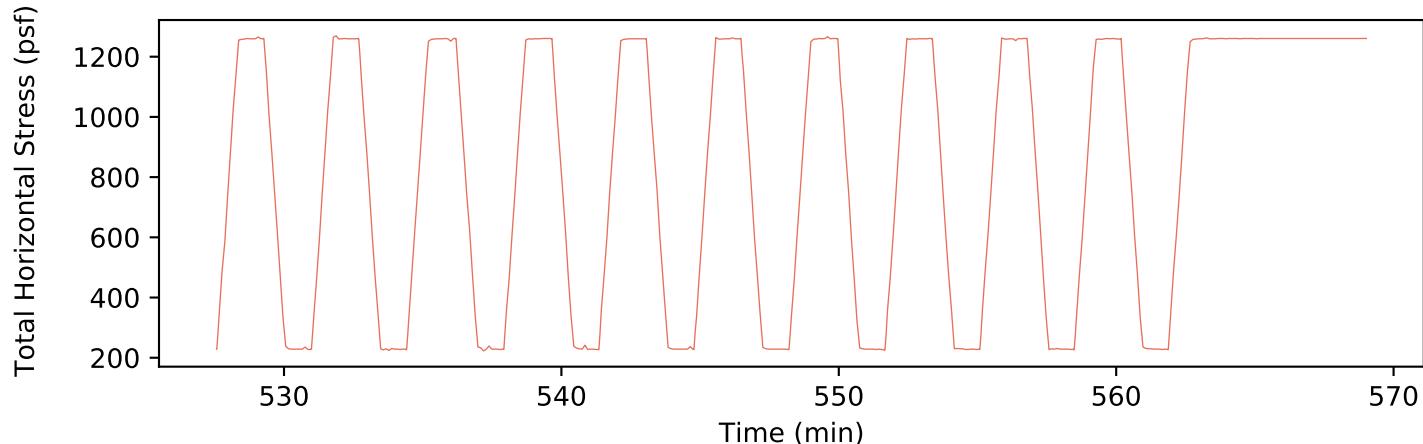
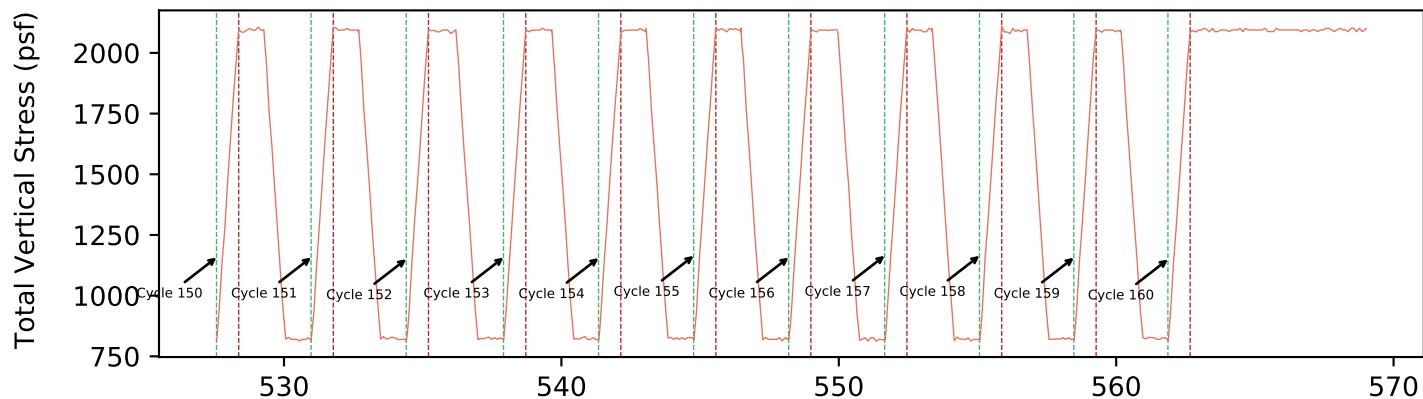
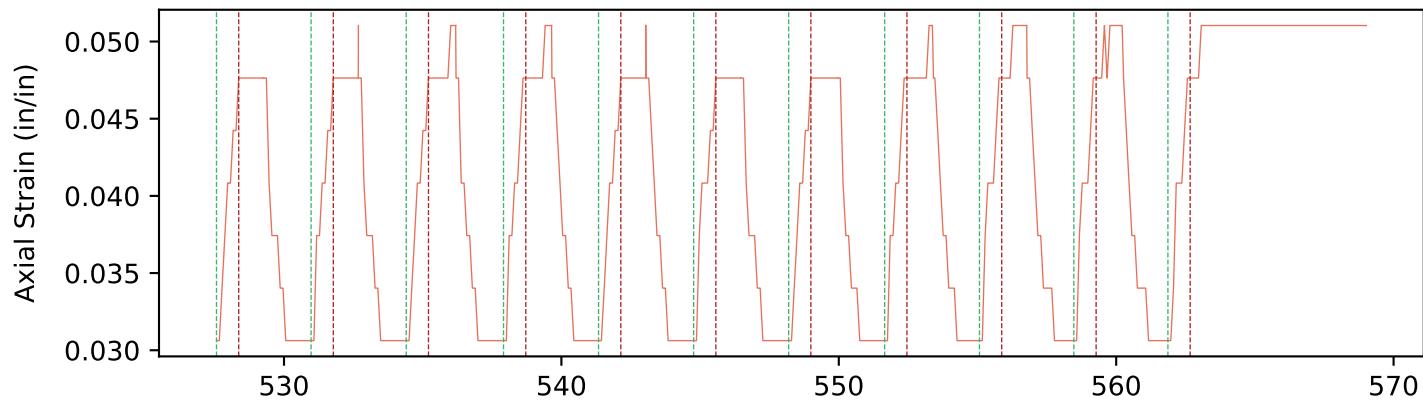
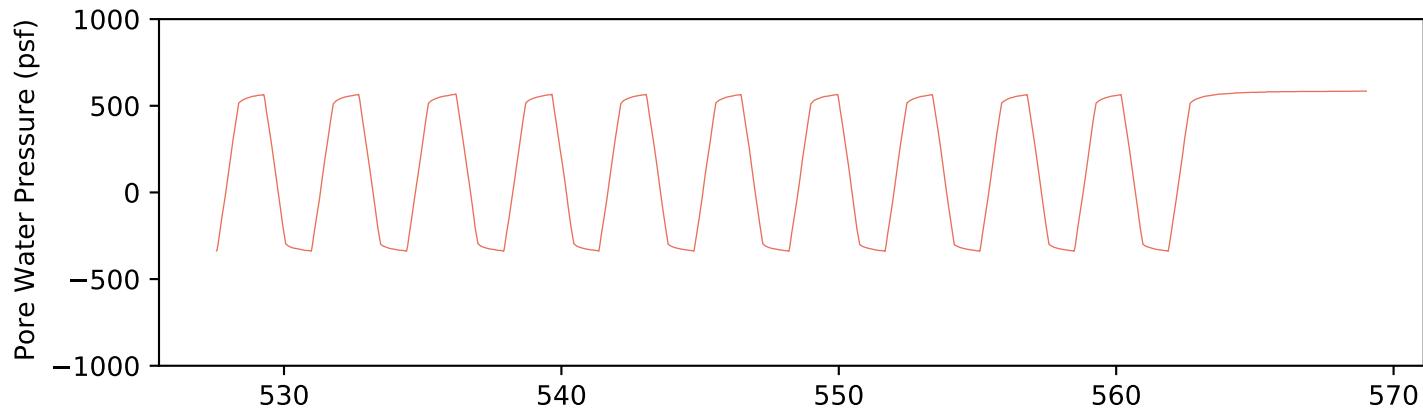




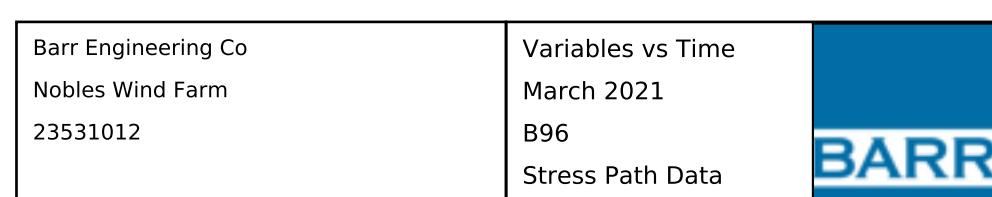
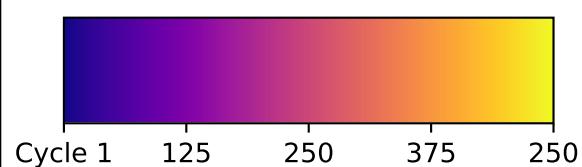
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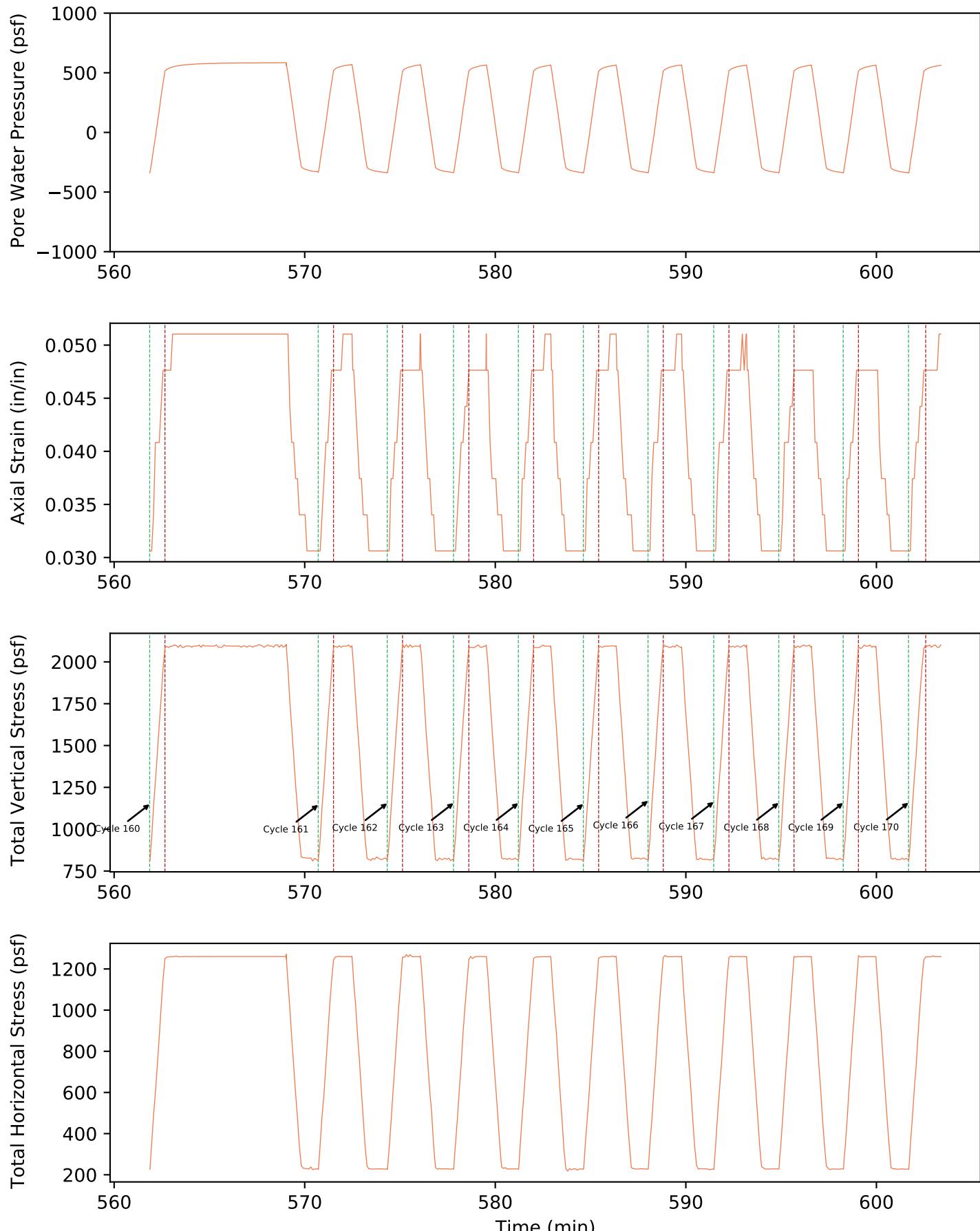
Variables vs Time
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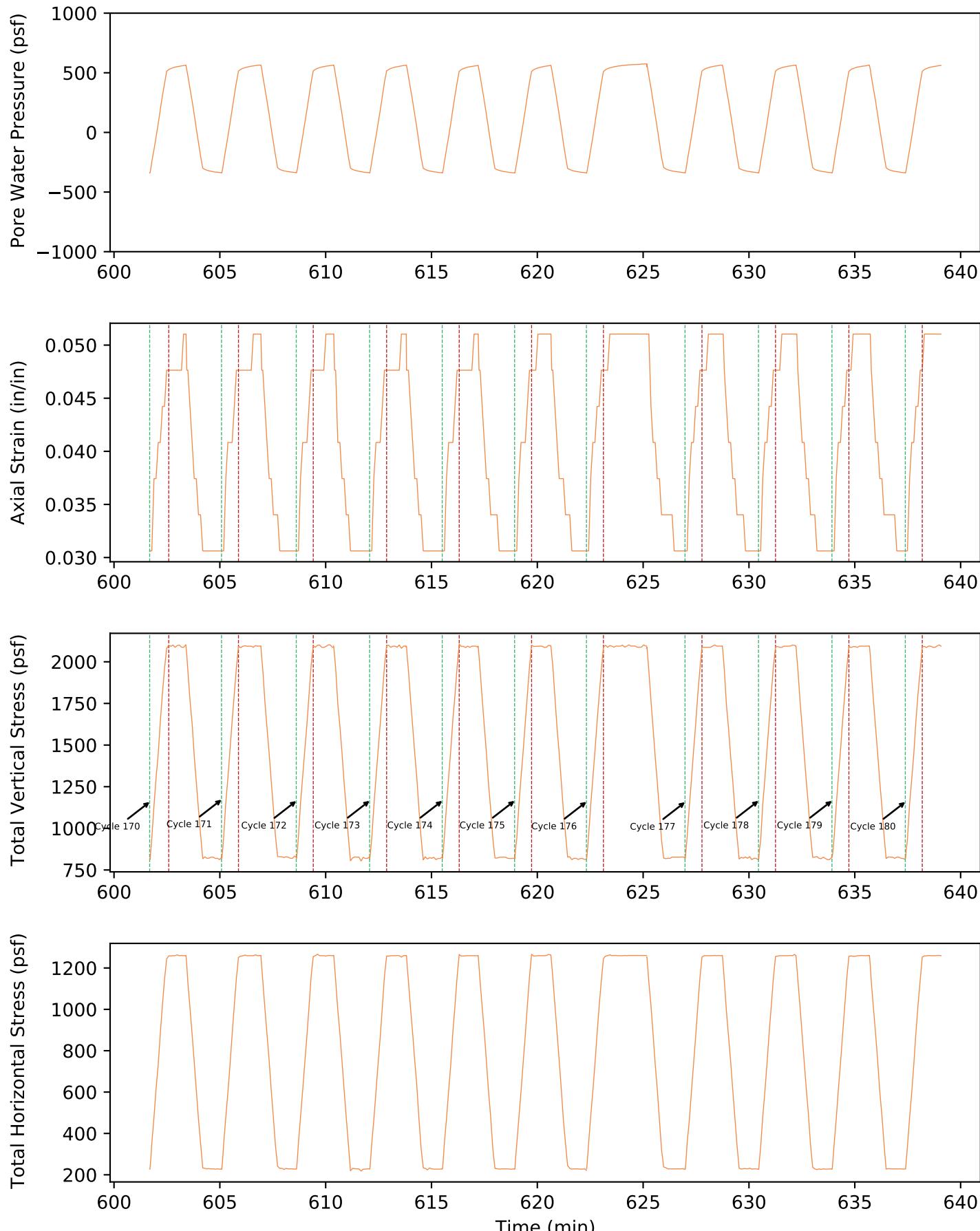
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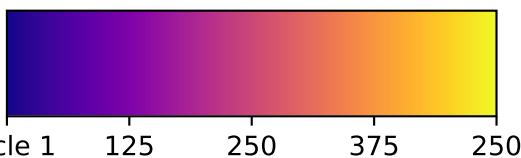
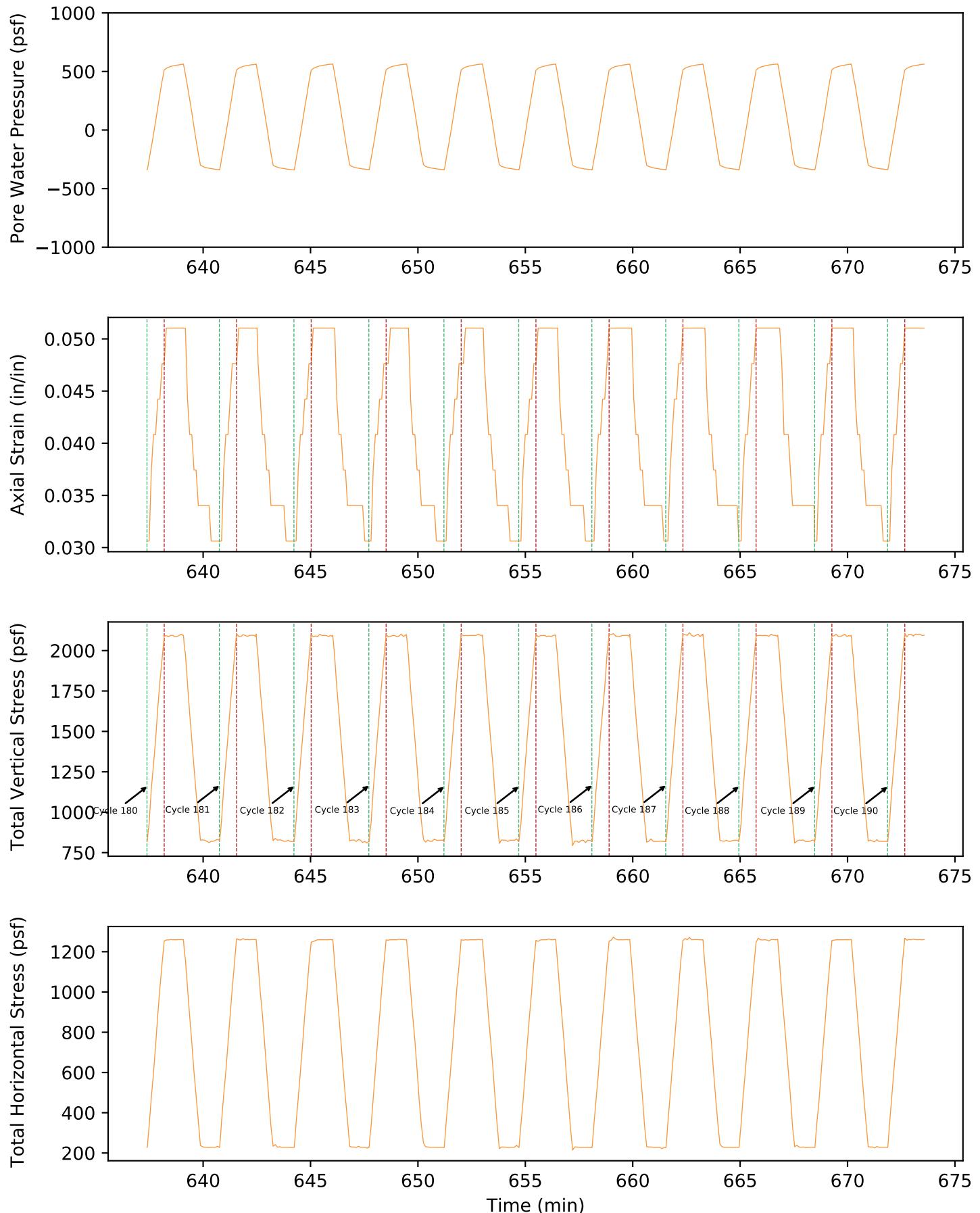


Time (min)





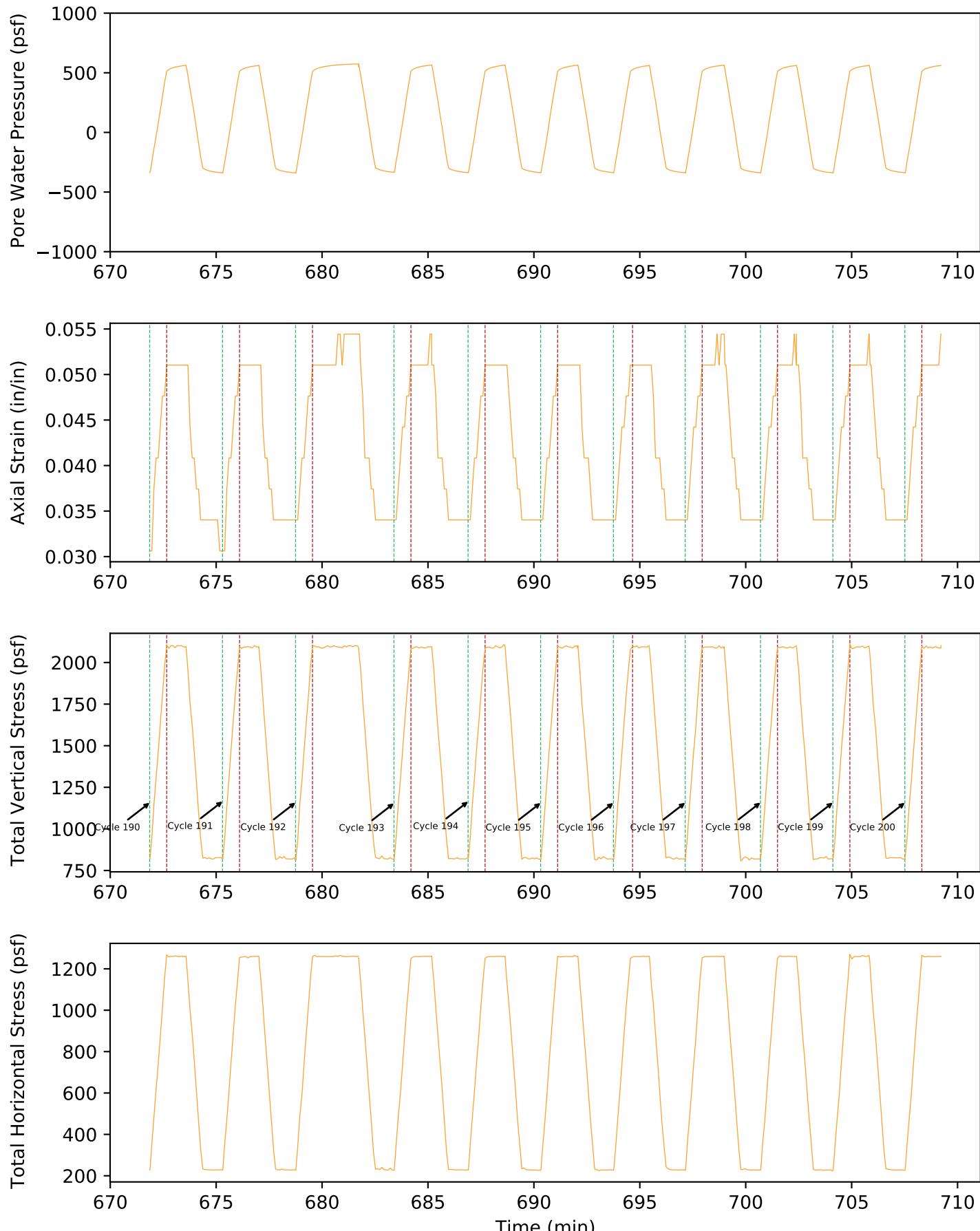


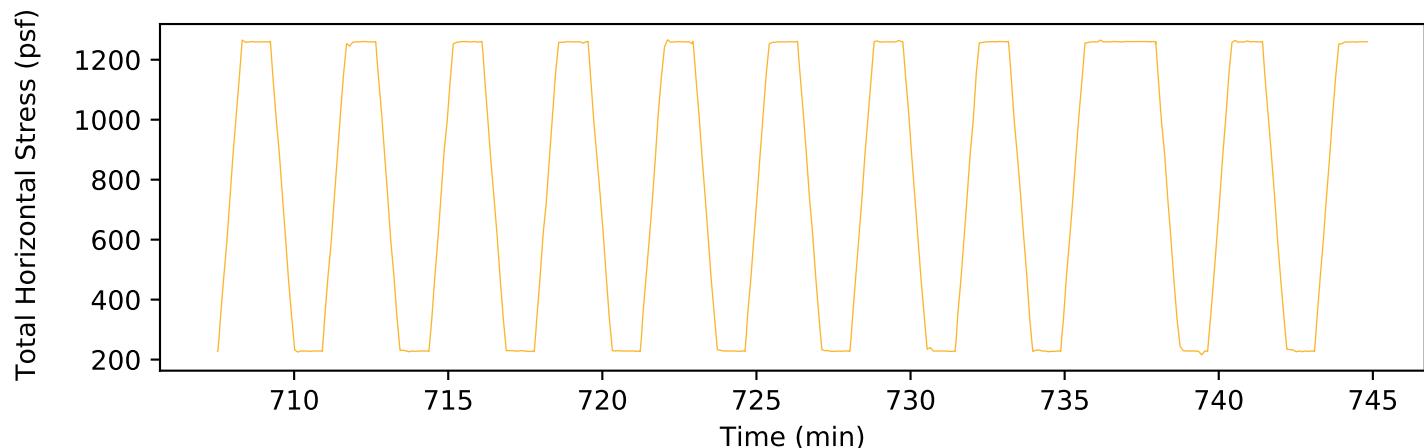
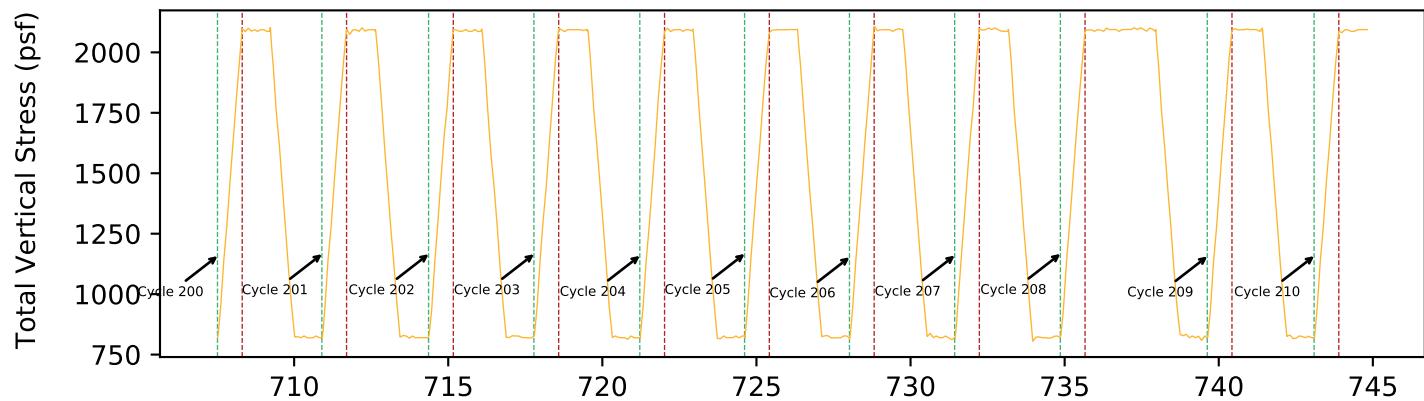
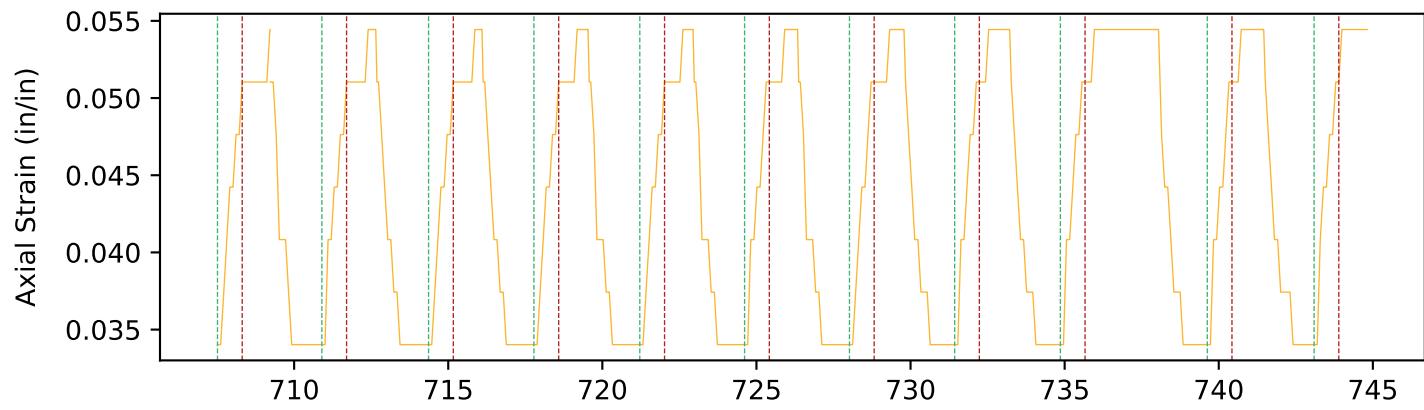
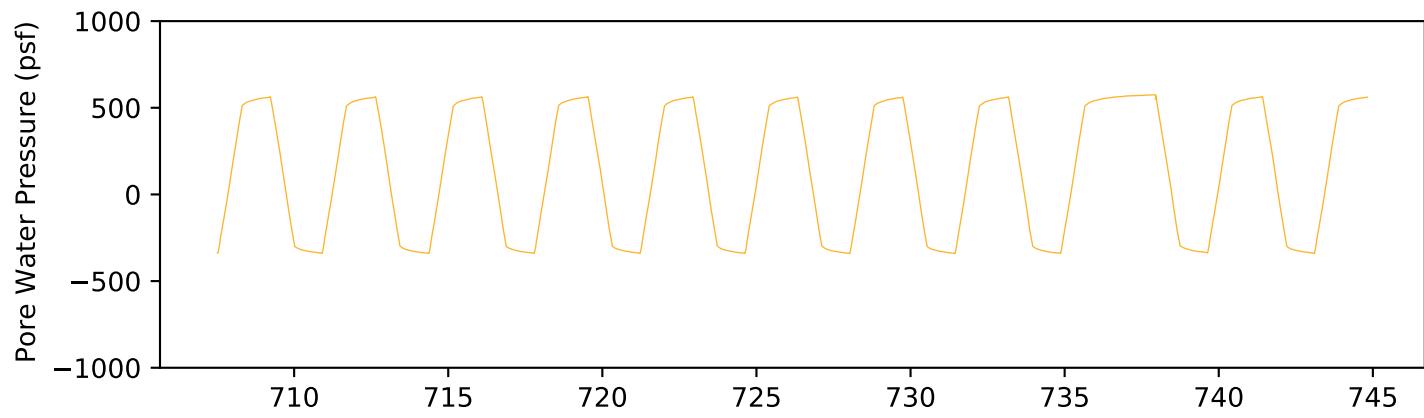


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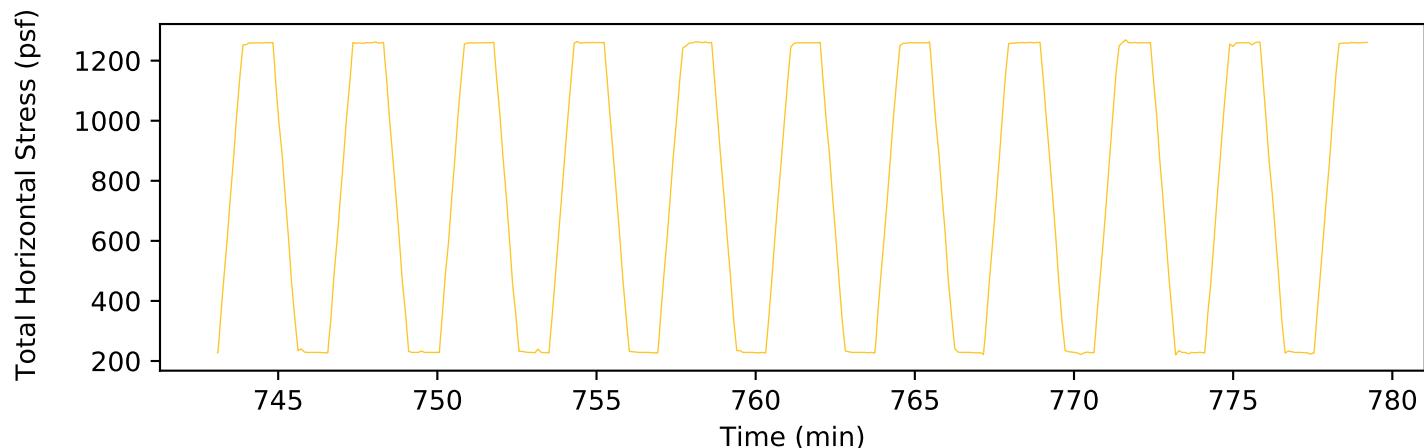
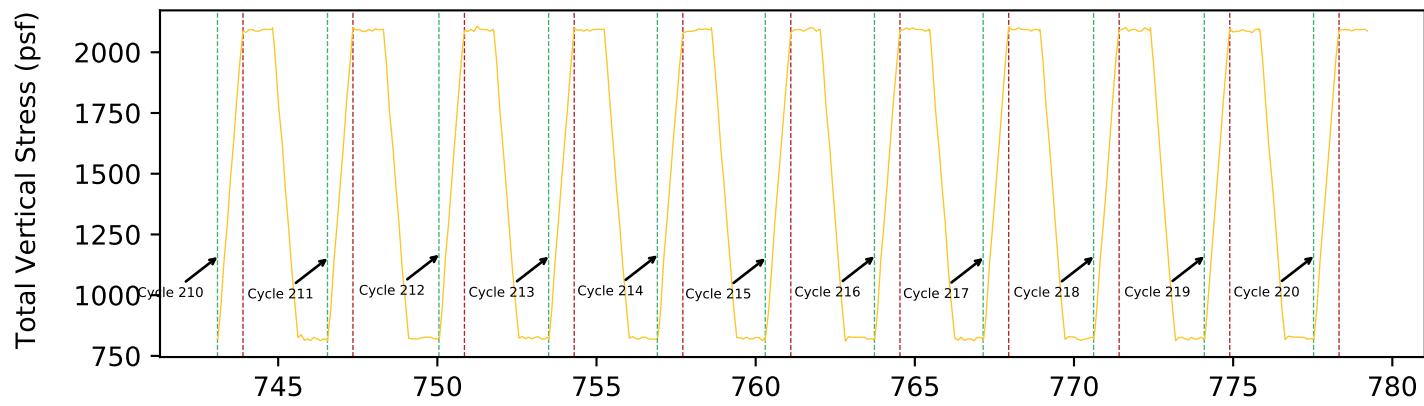
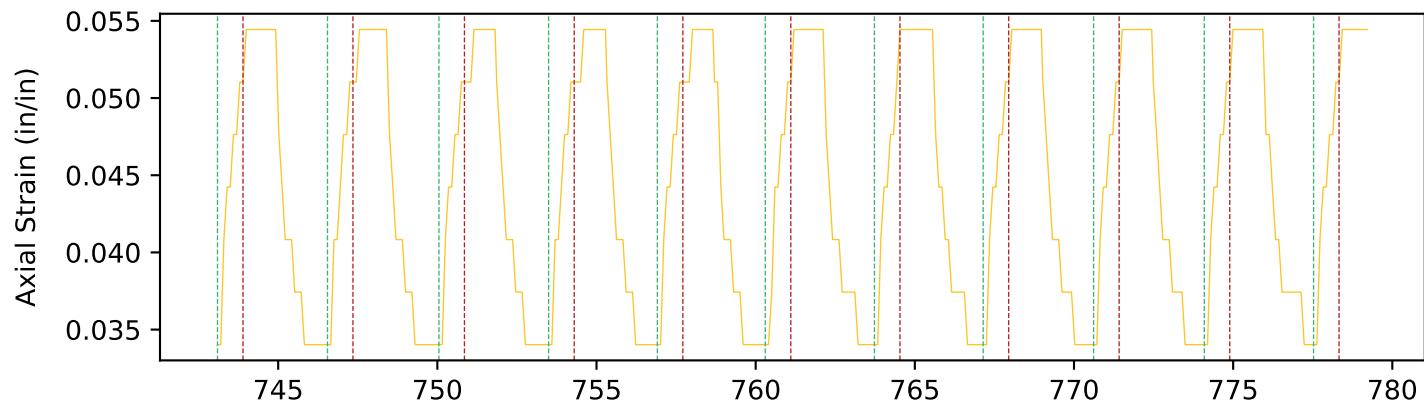
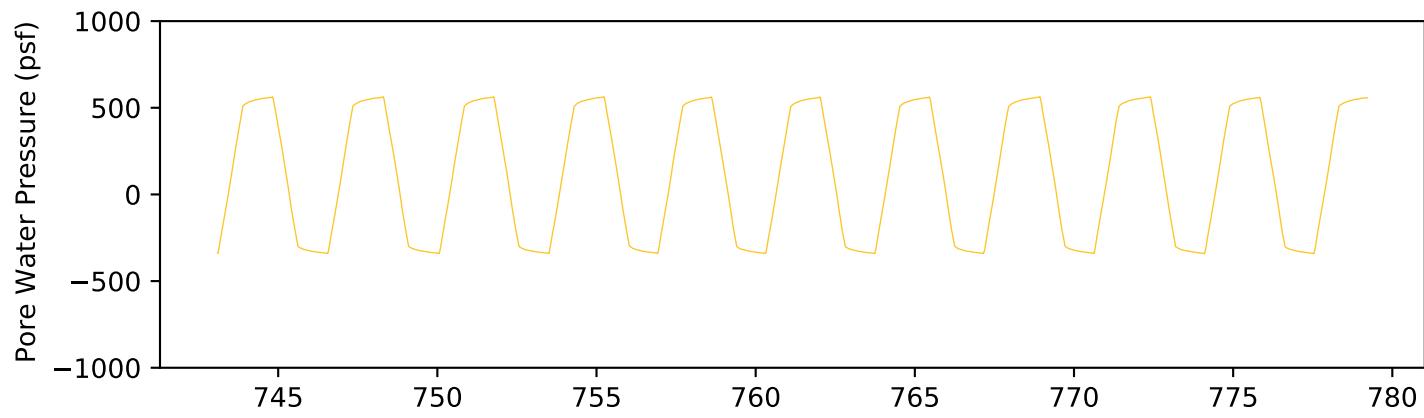


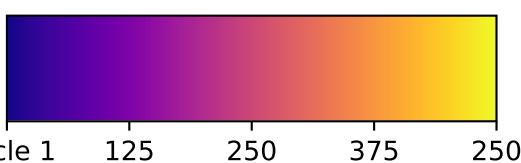
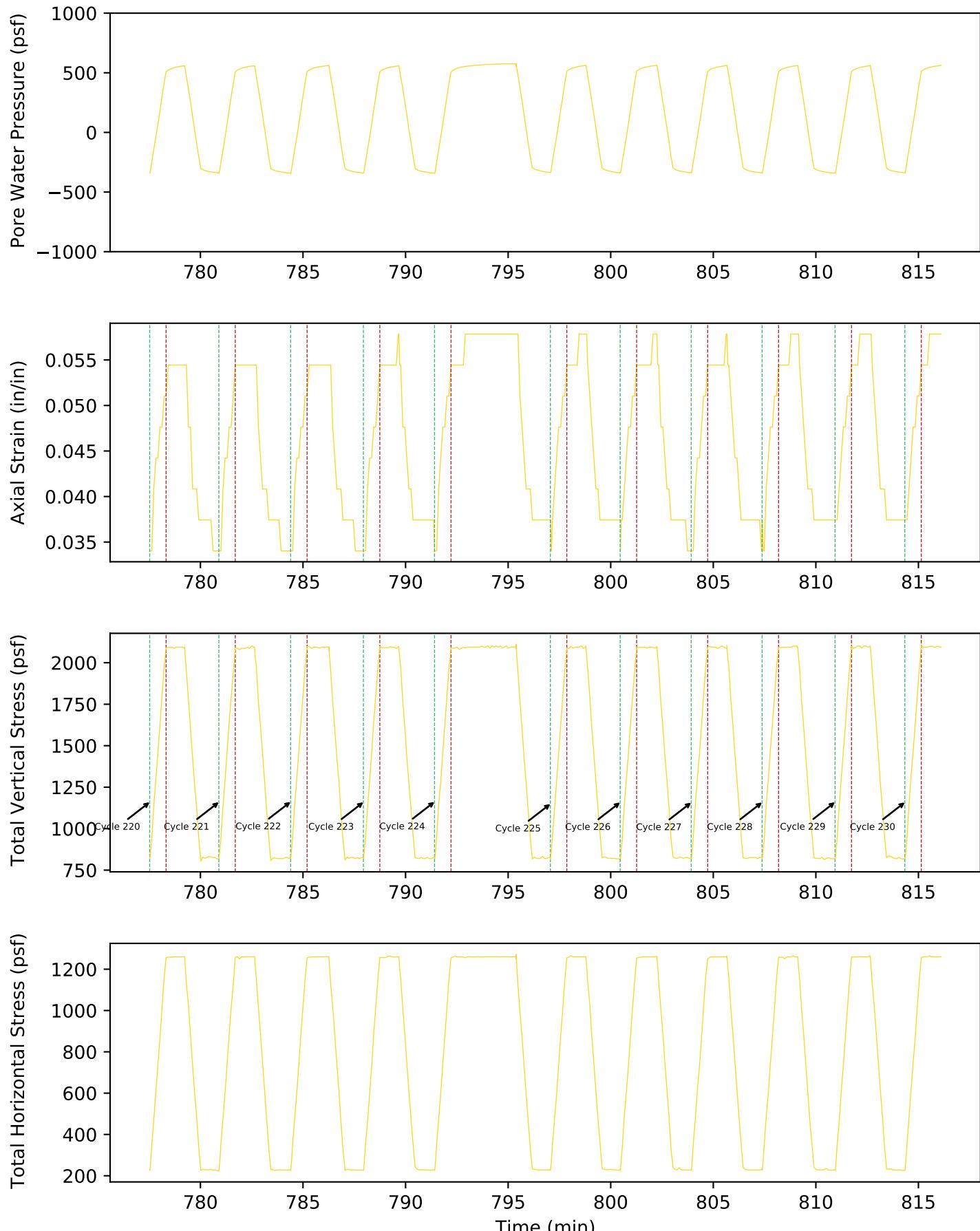
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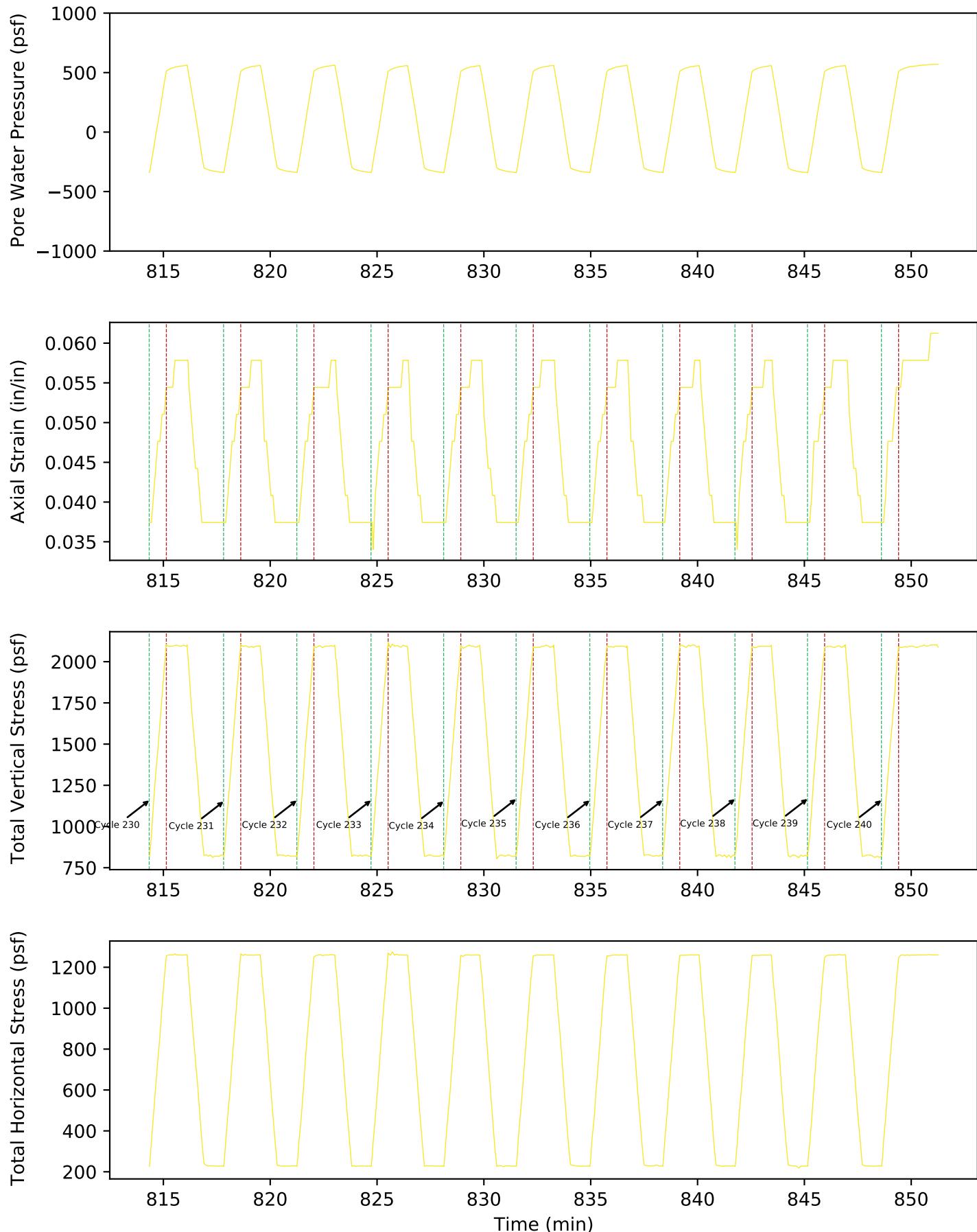


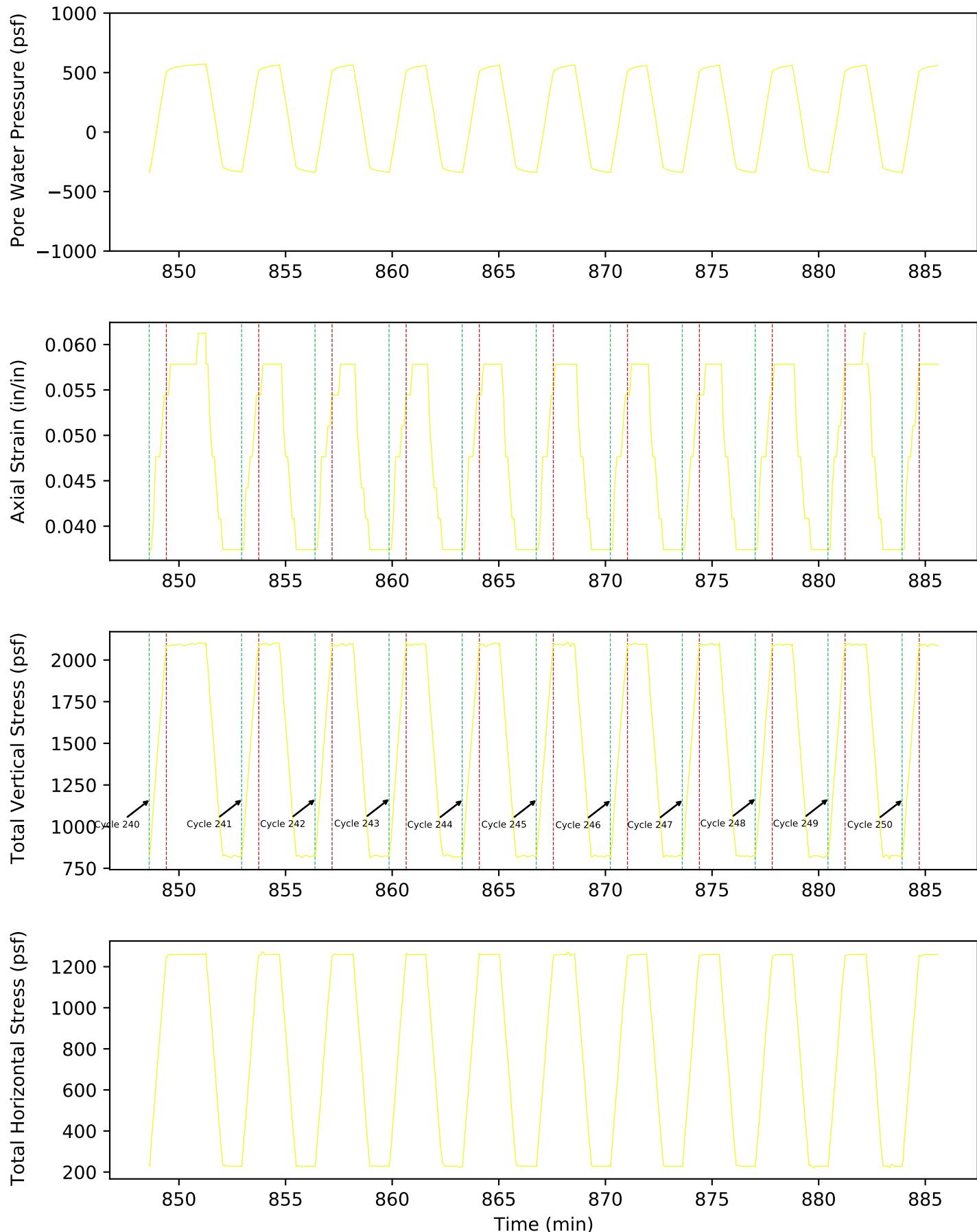


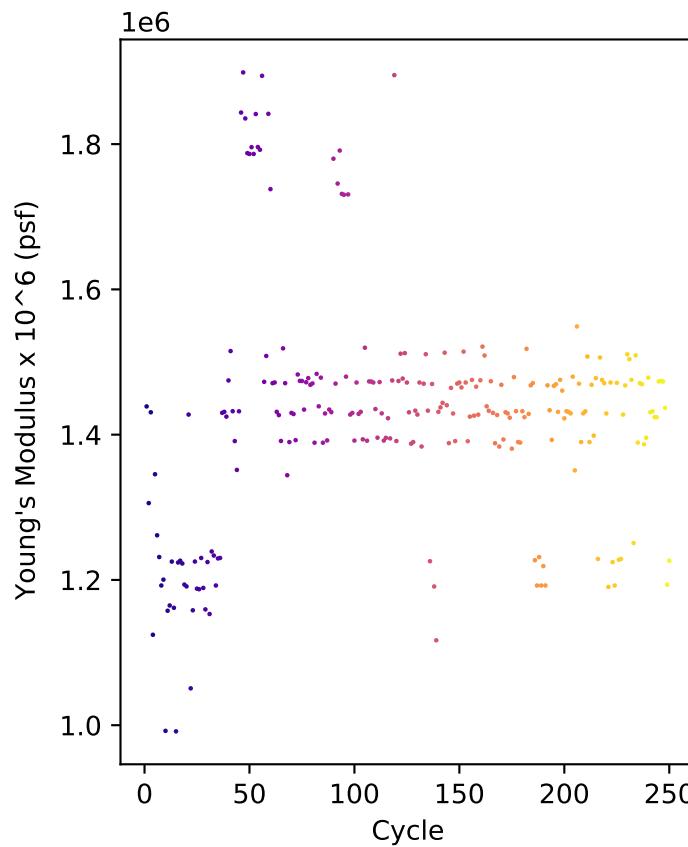
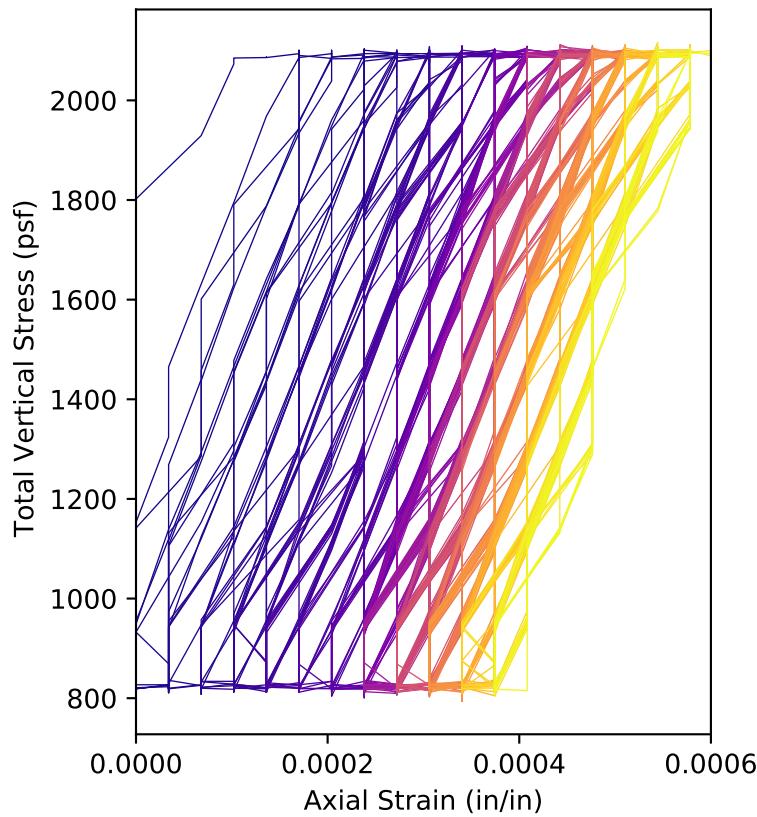
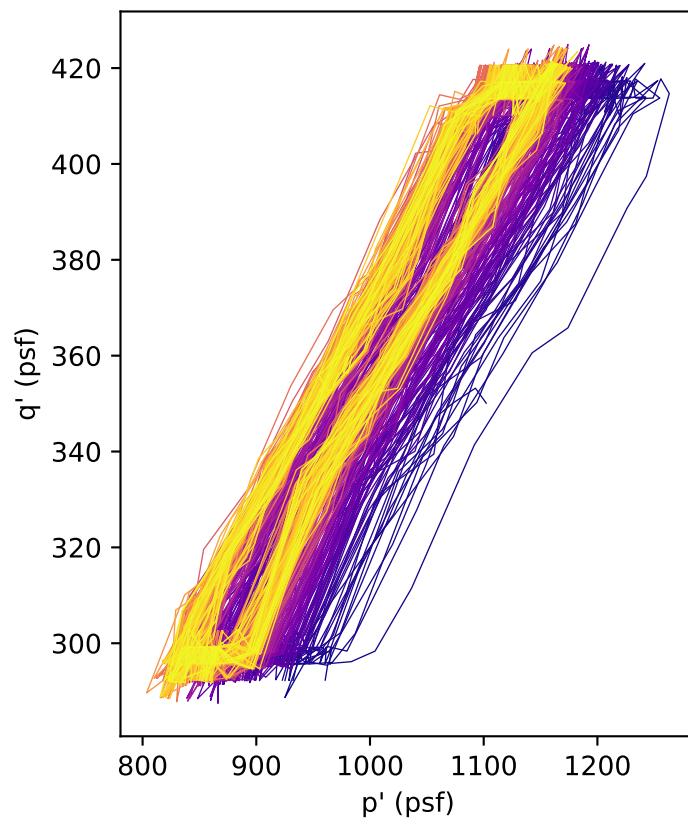
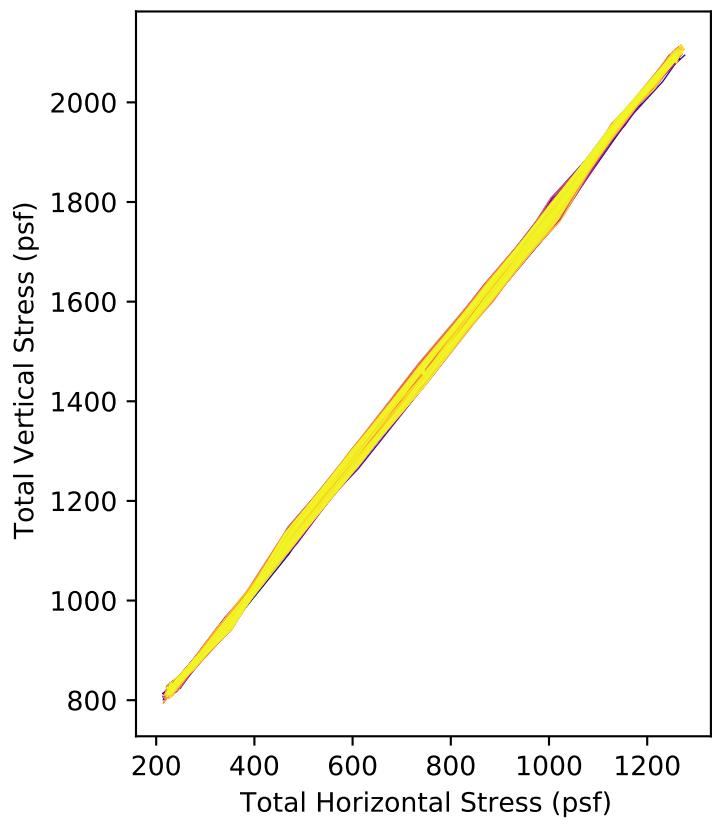
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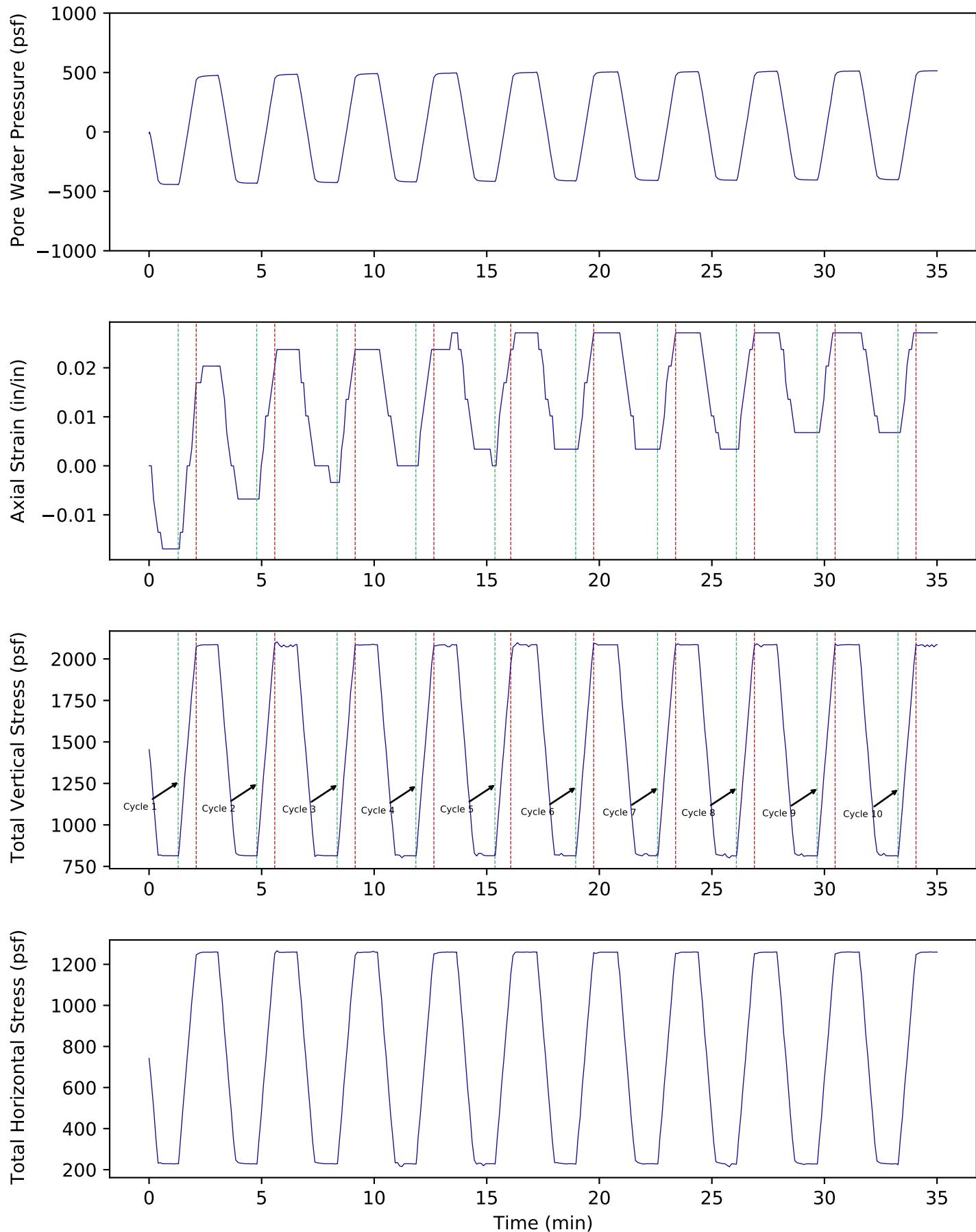
Variables vs Time
March 2021
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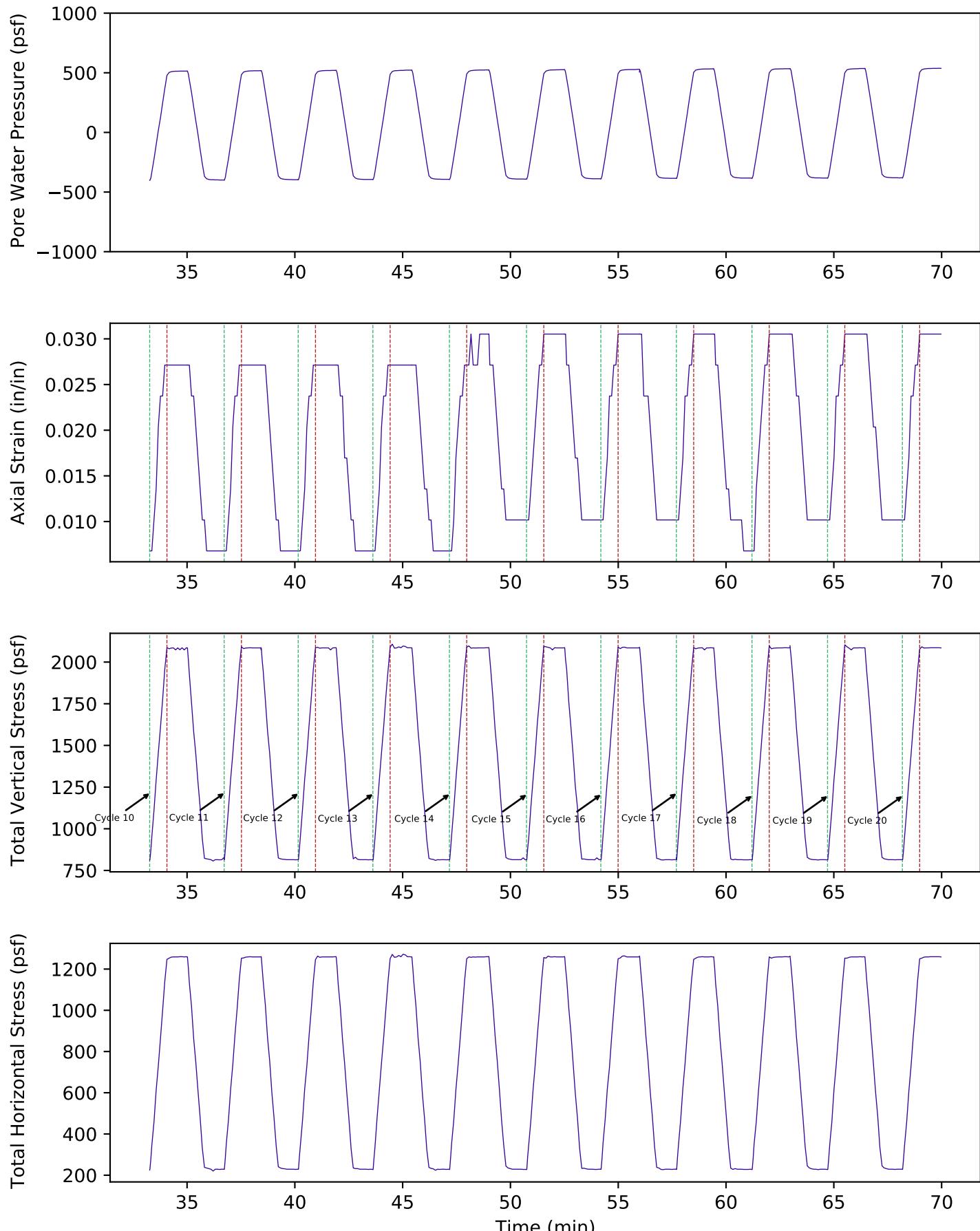
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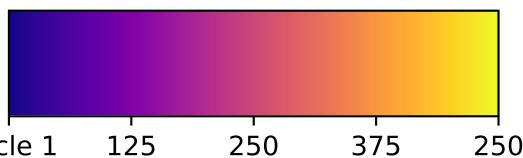
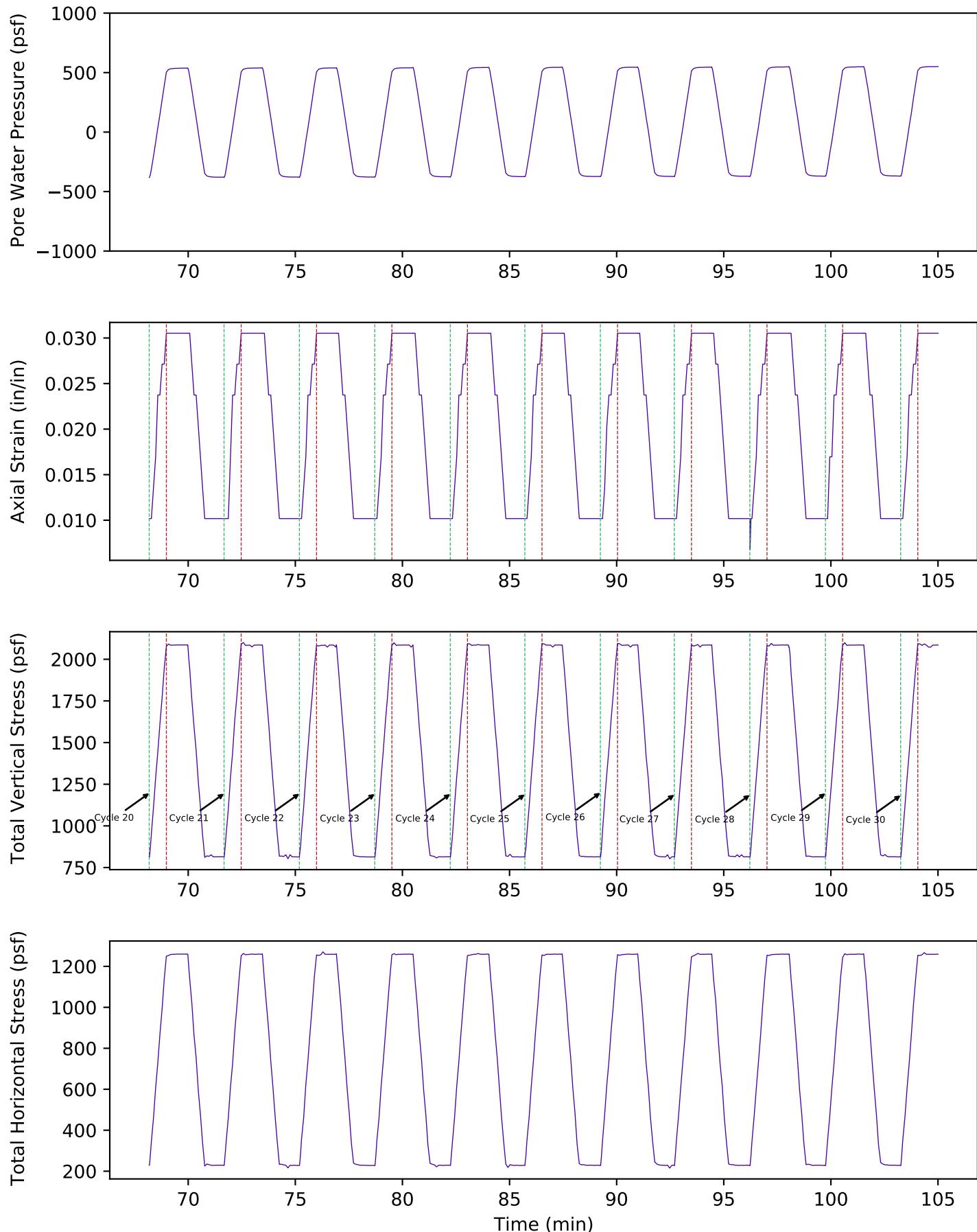








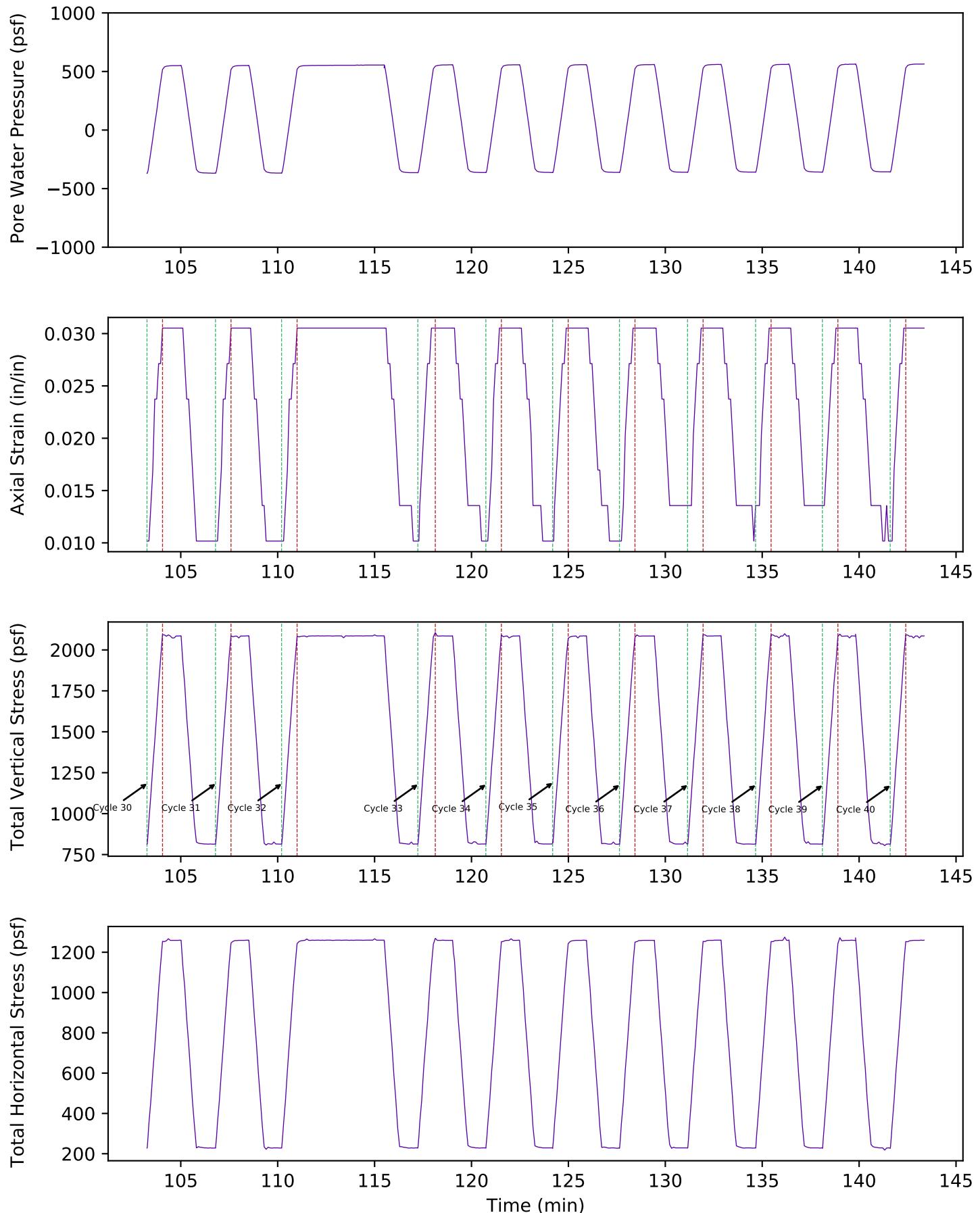




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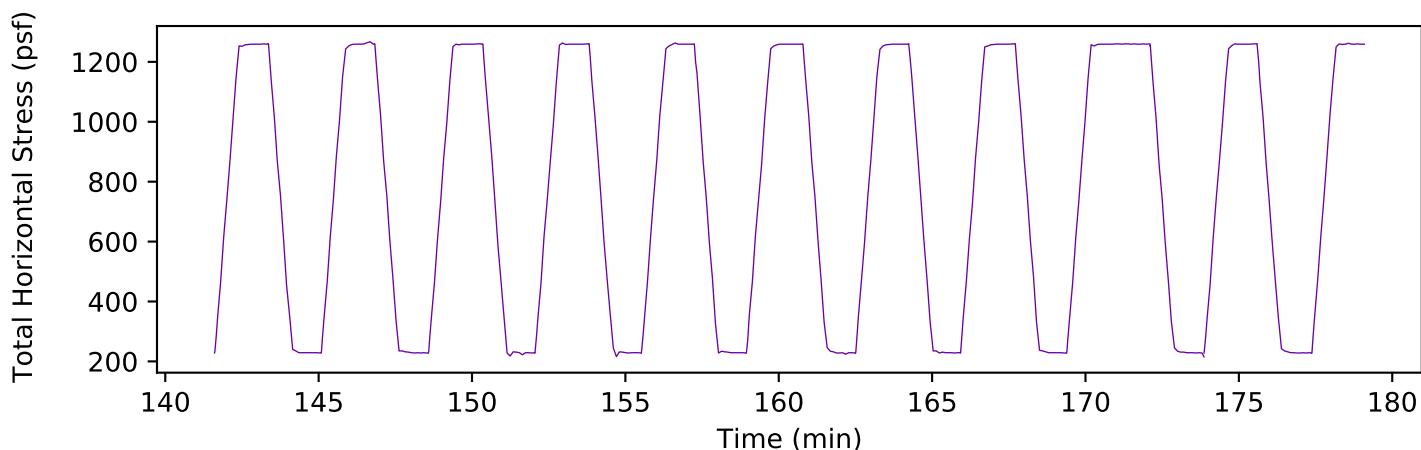
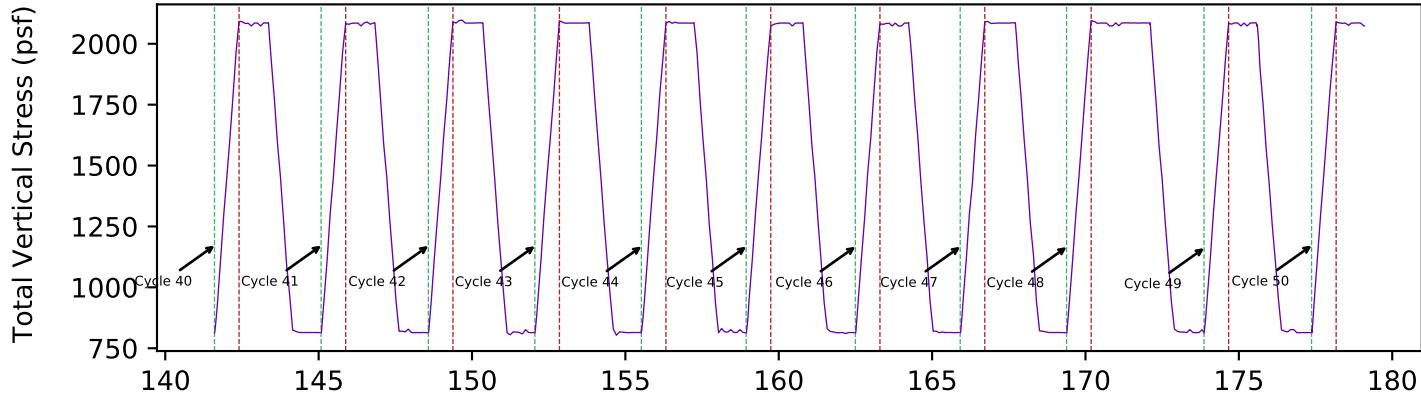
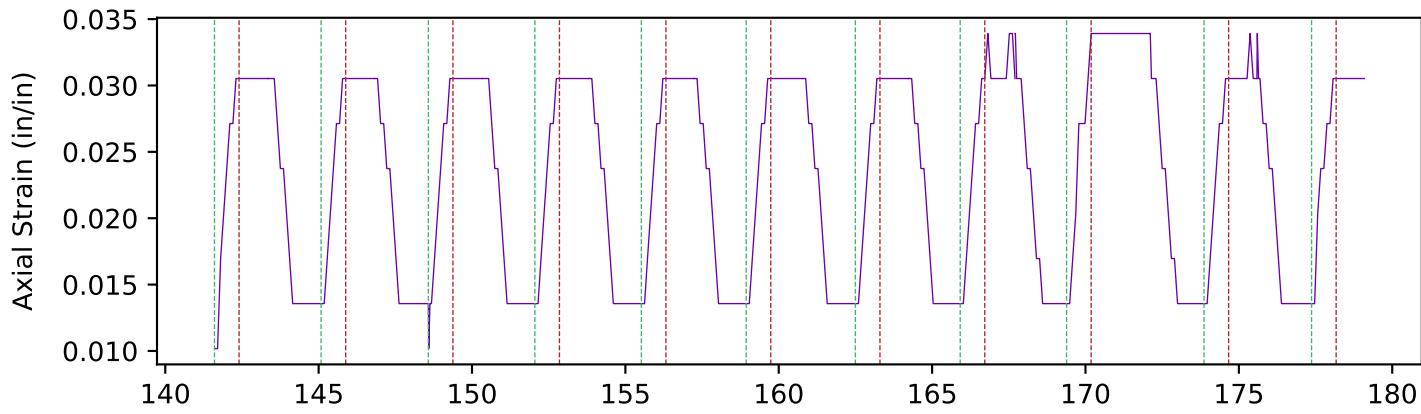
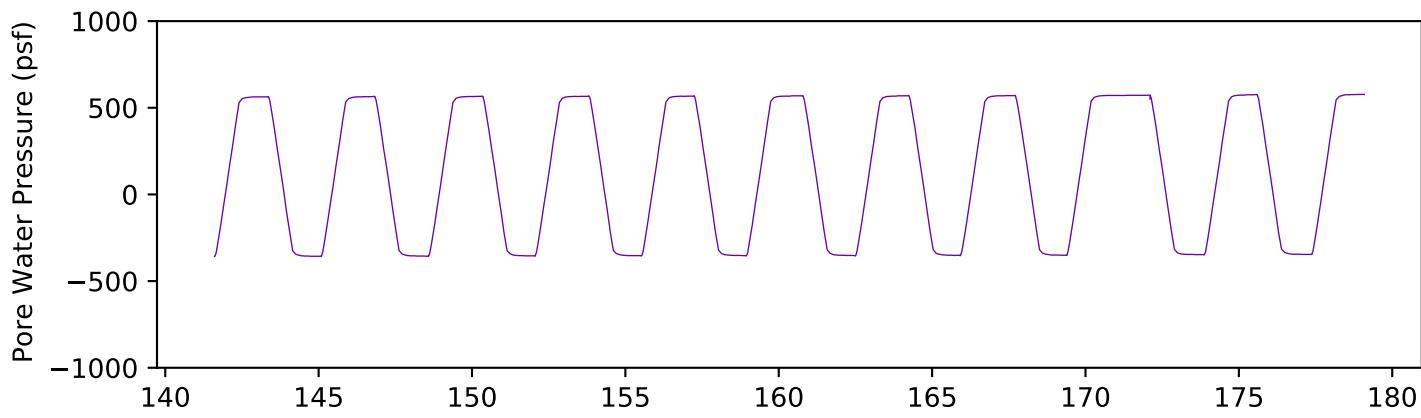


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Cycle 1 125 250 375 250

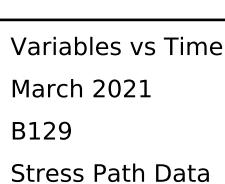
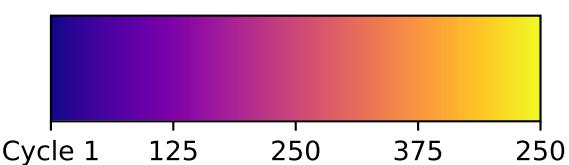
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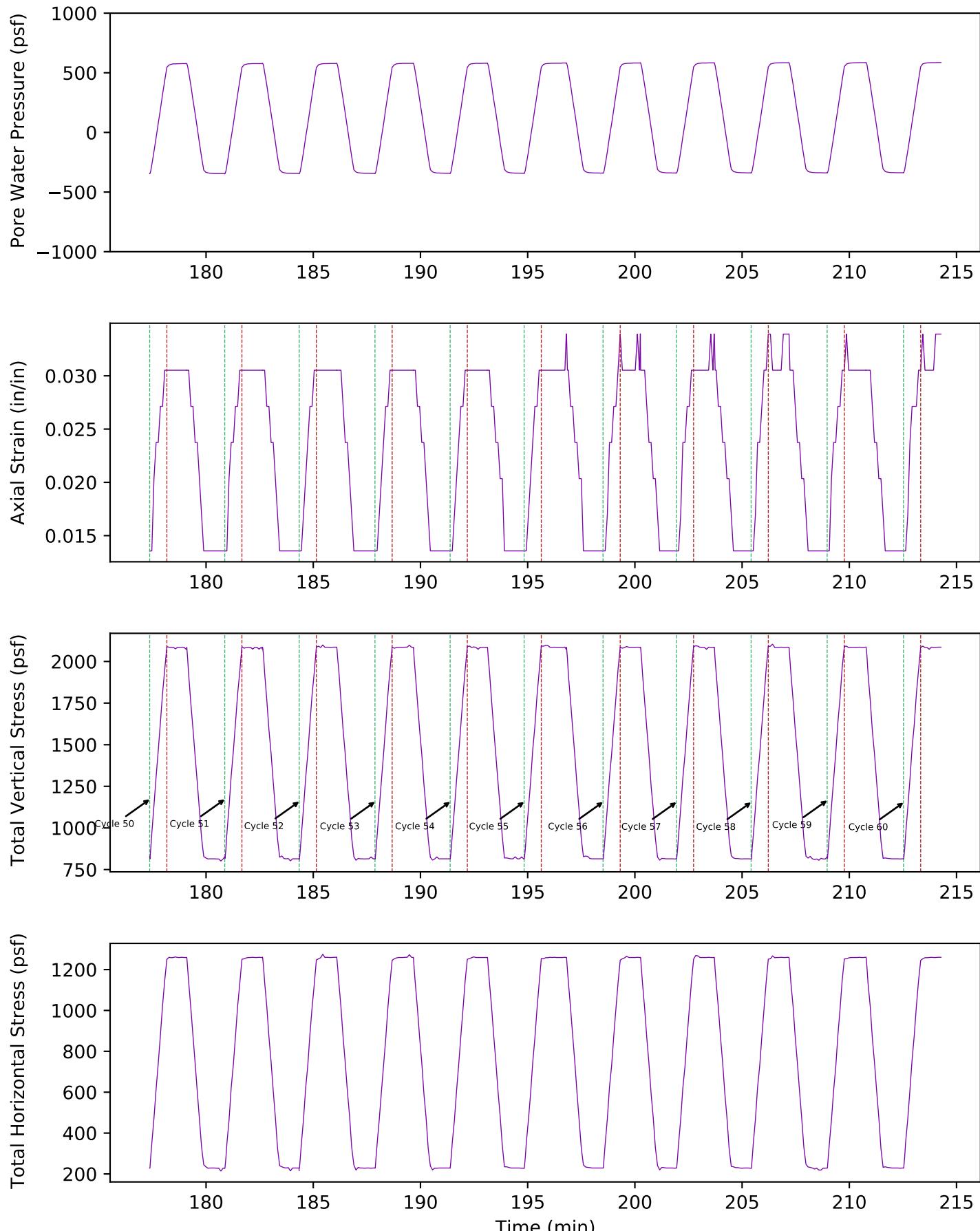
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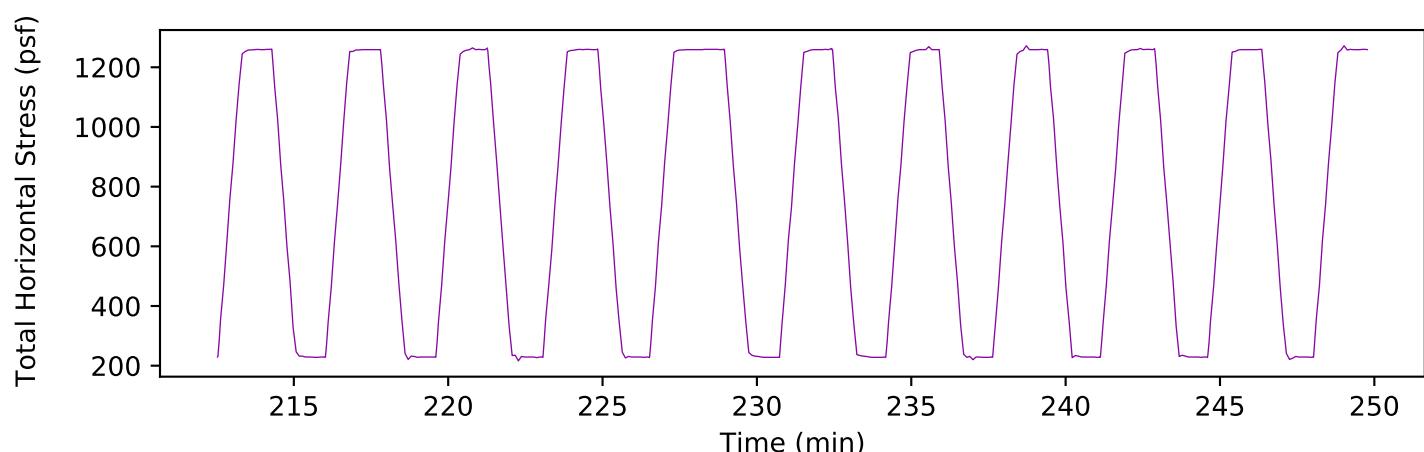
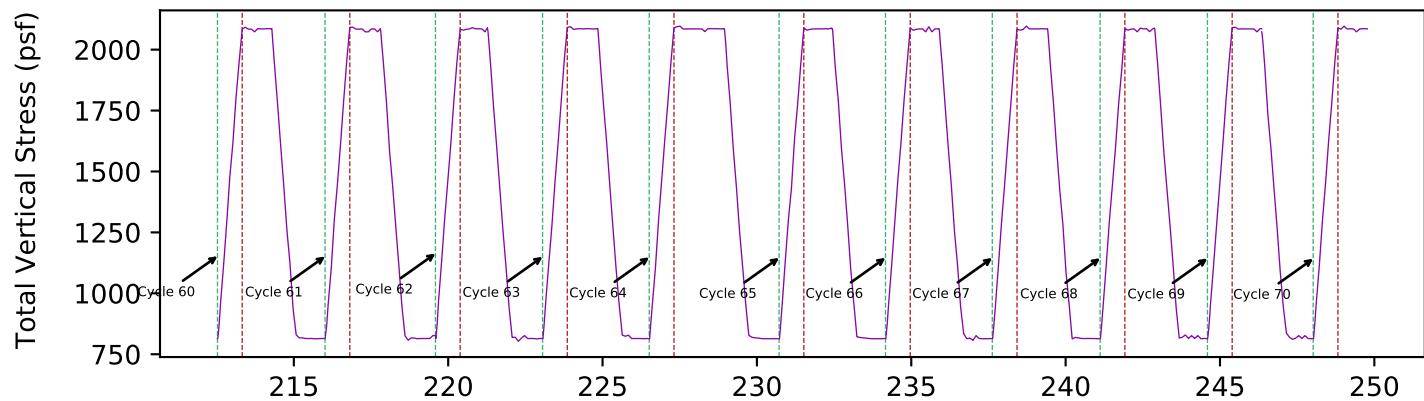
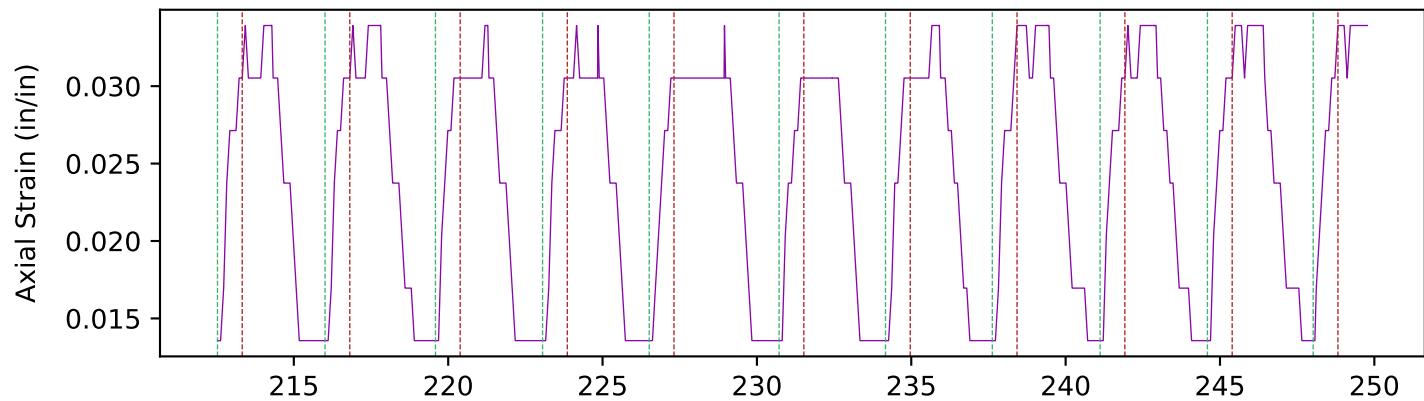
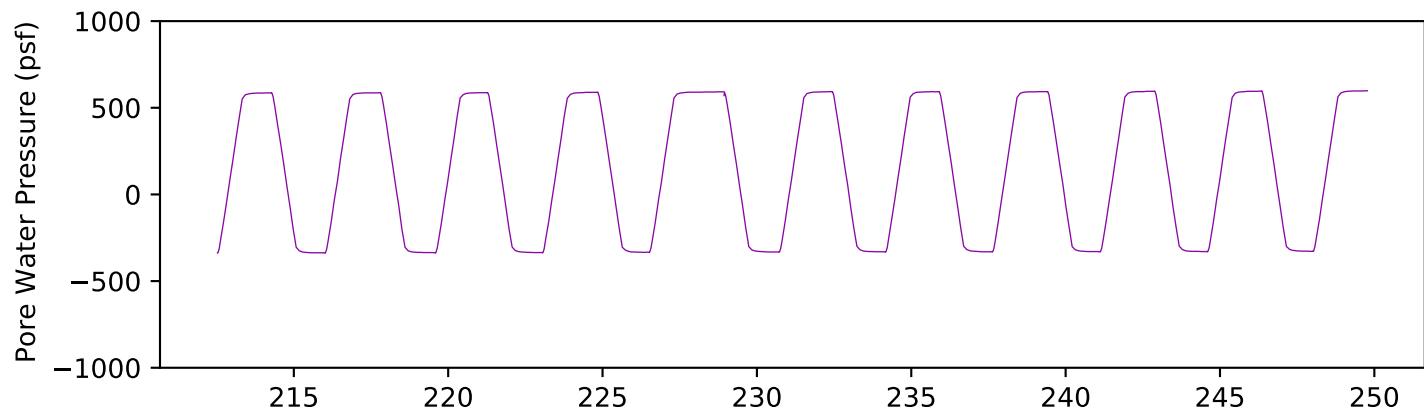


Time (min)



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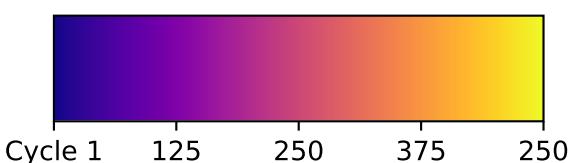
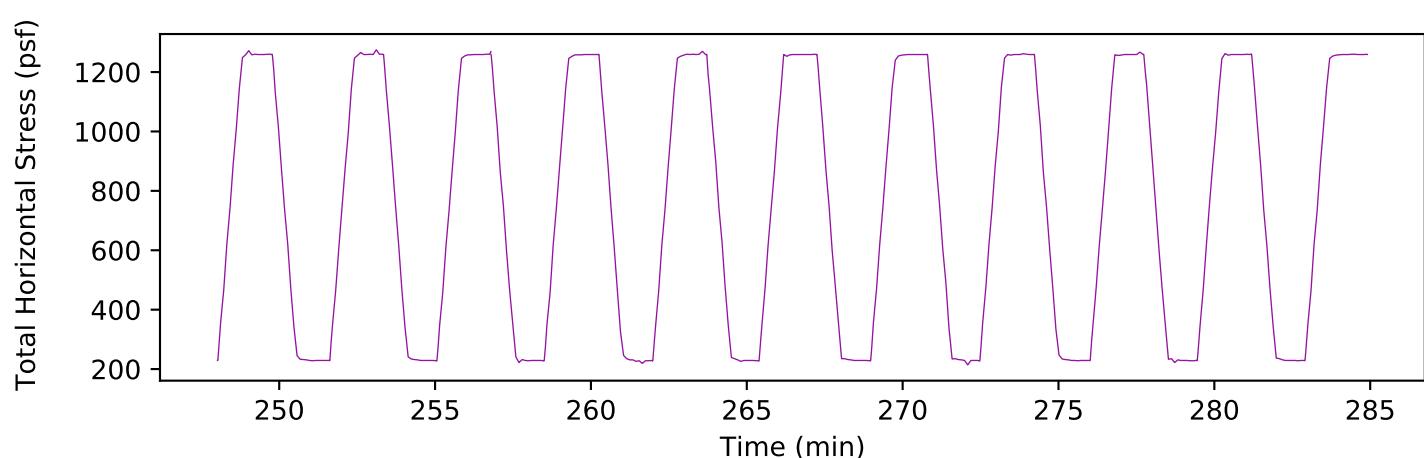
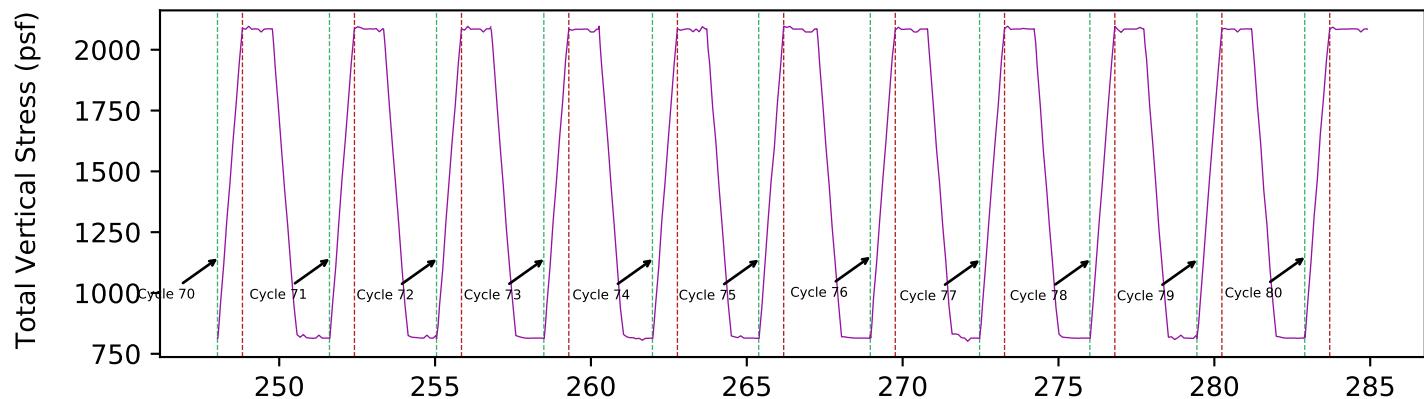
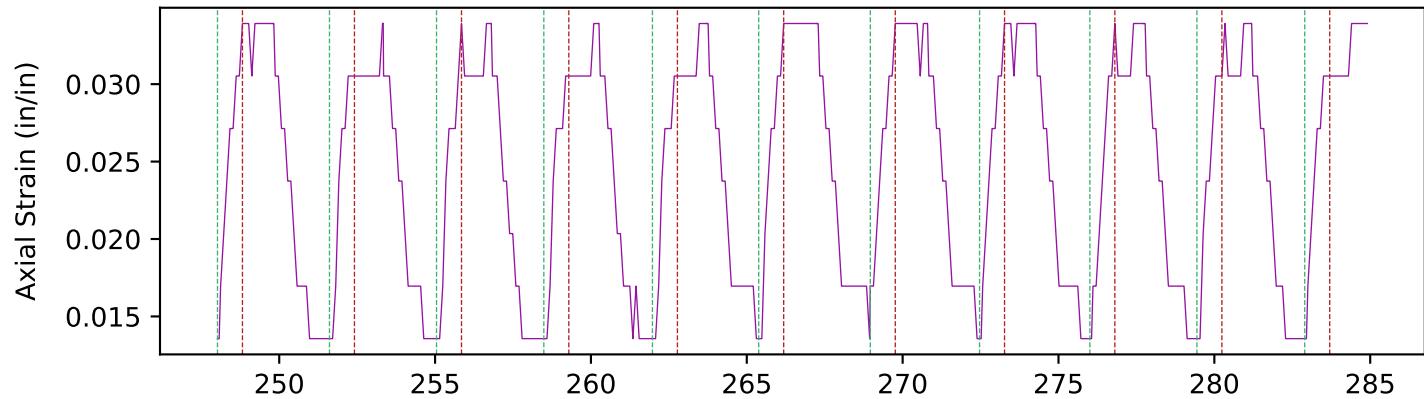
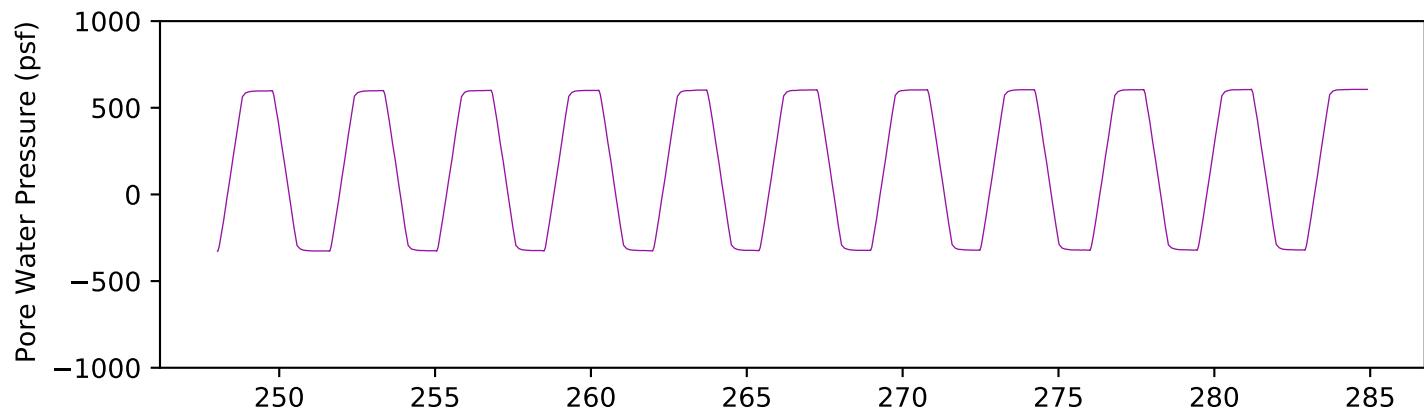
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Cycle 1 125 250 375 250

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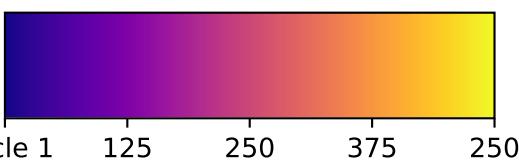
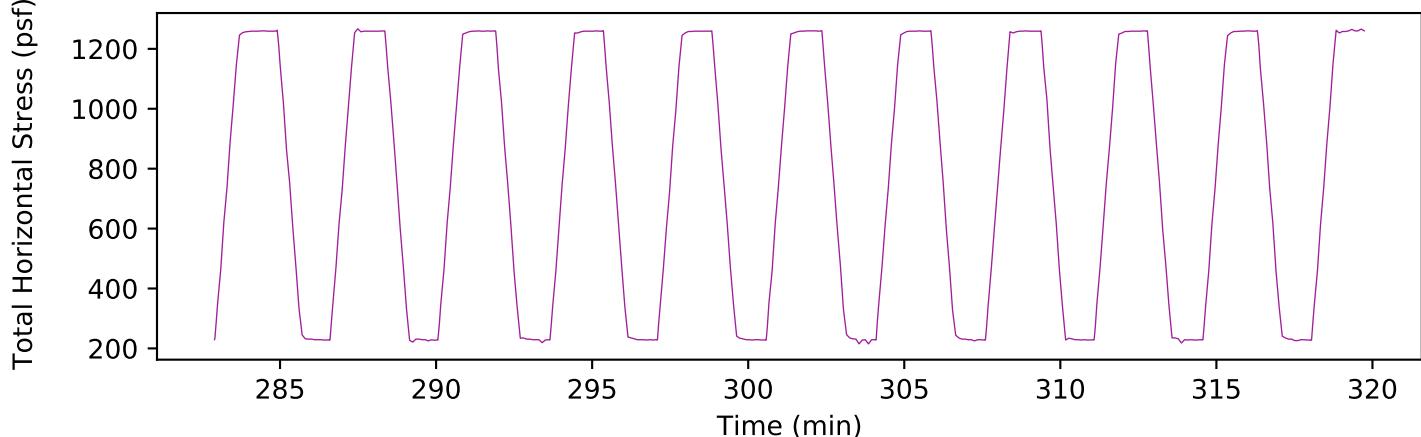
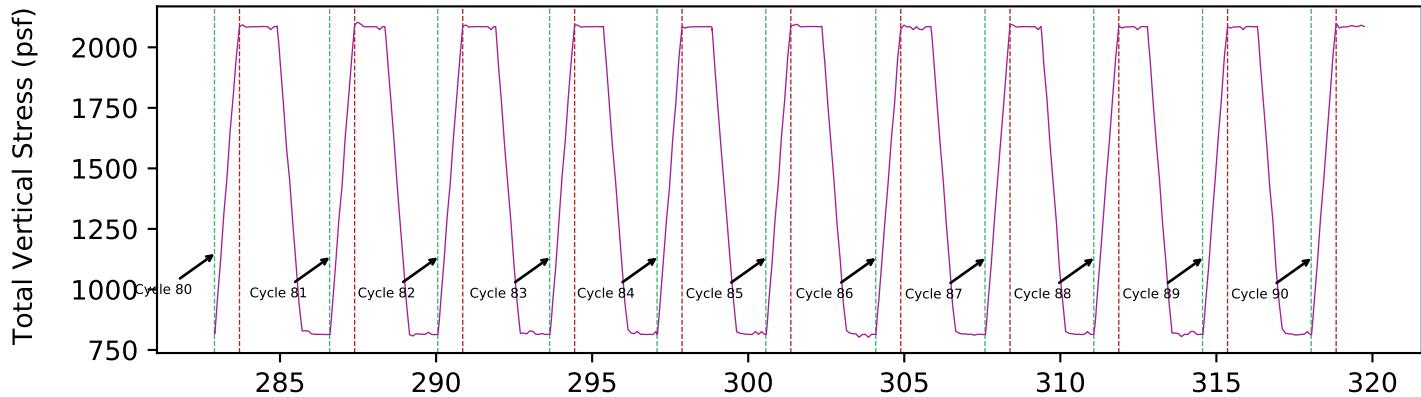
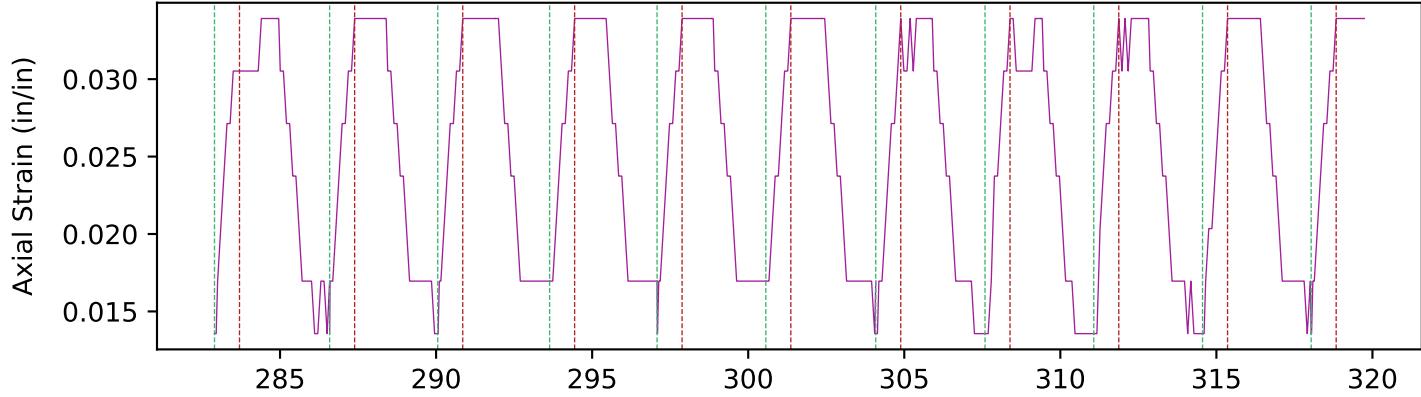
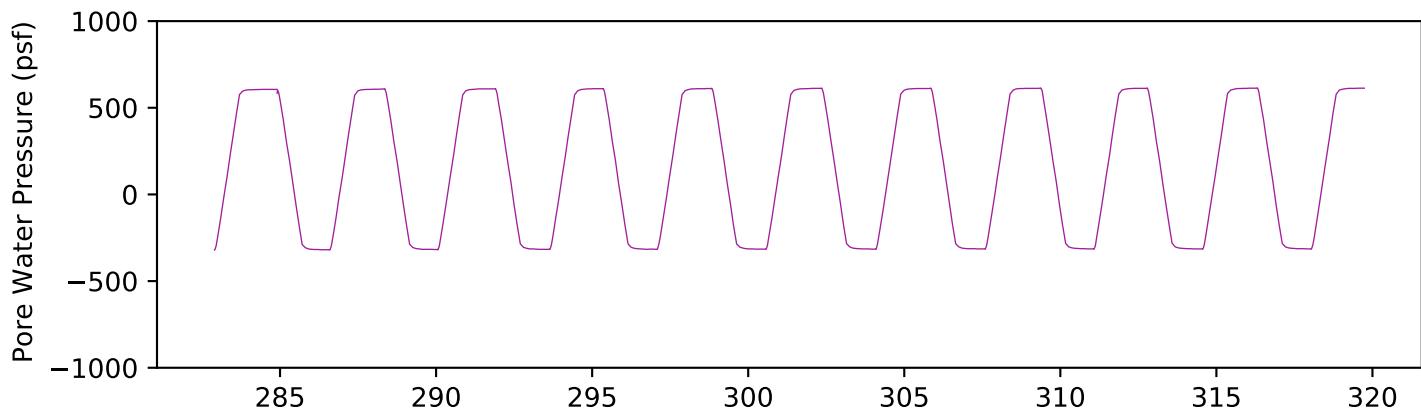
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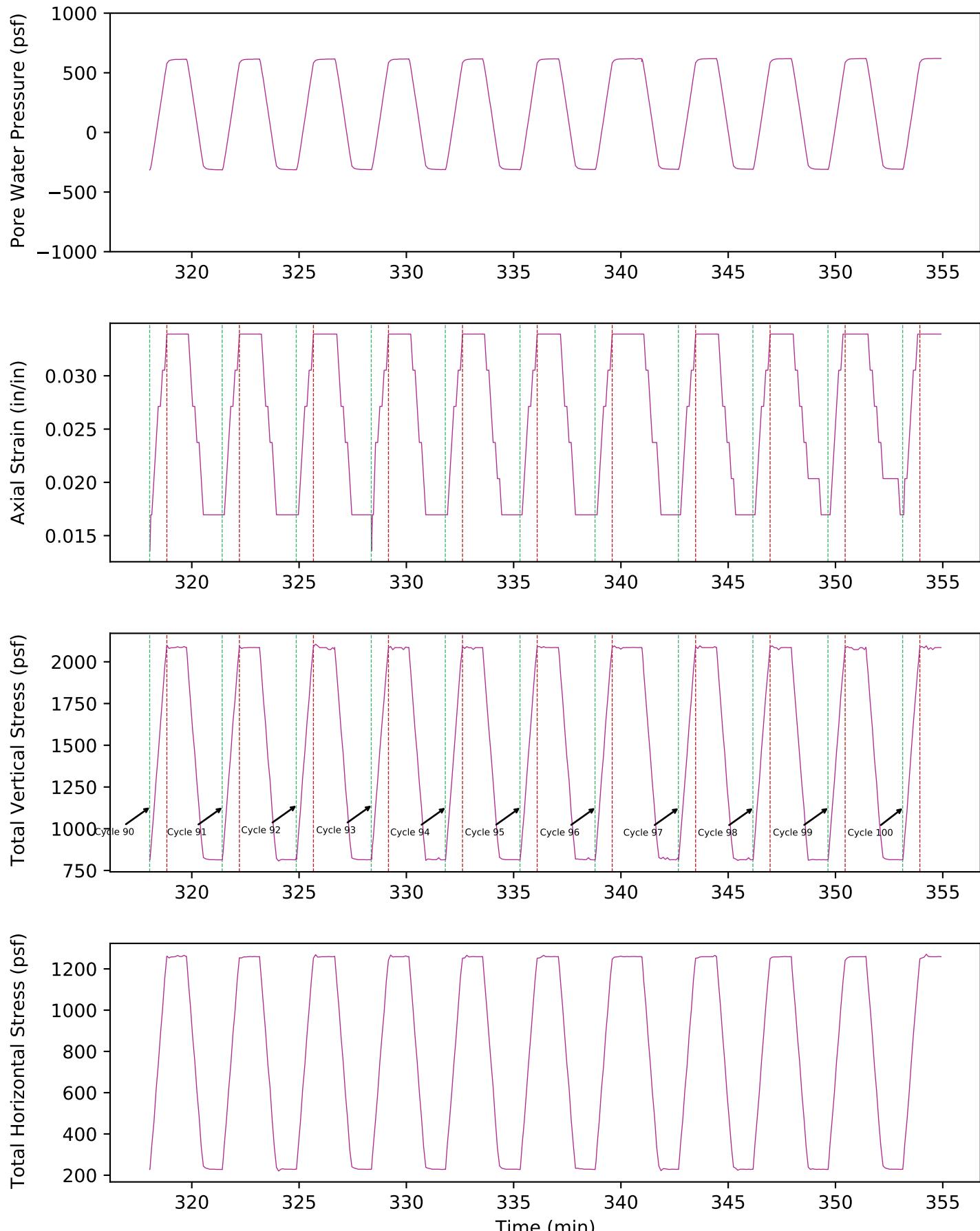
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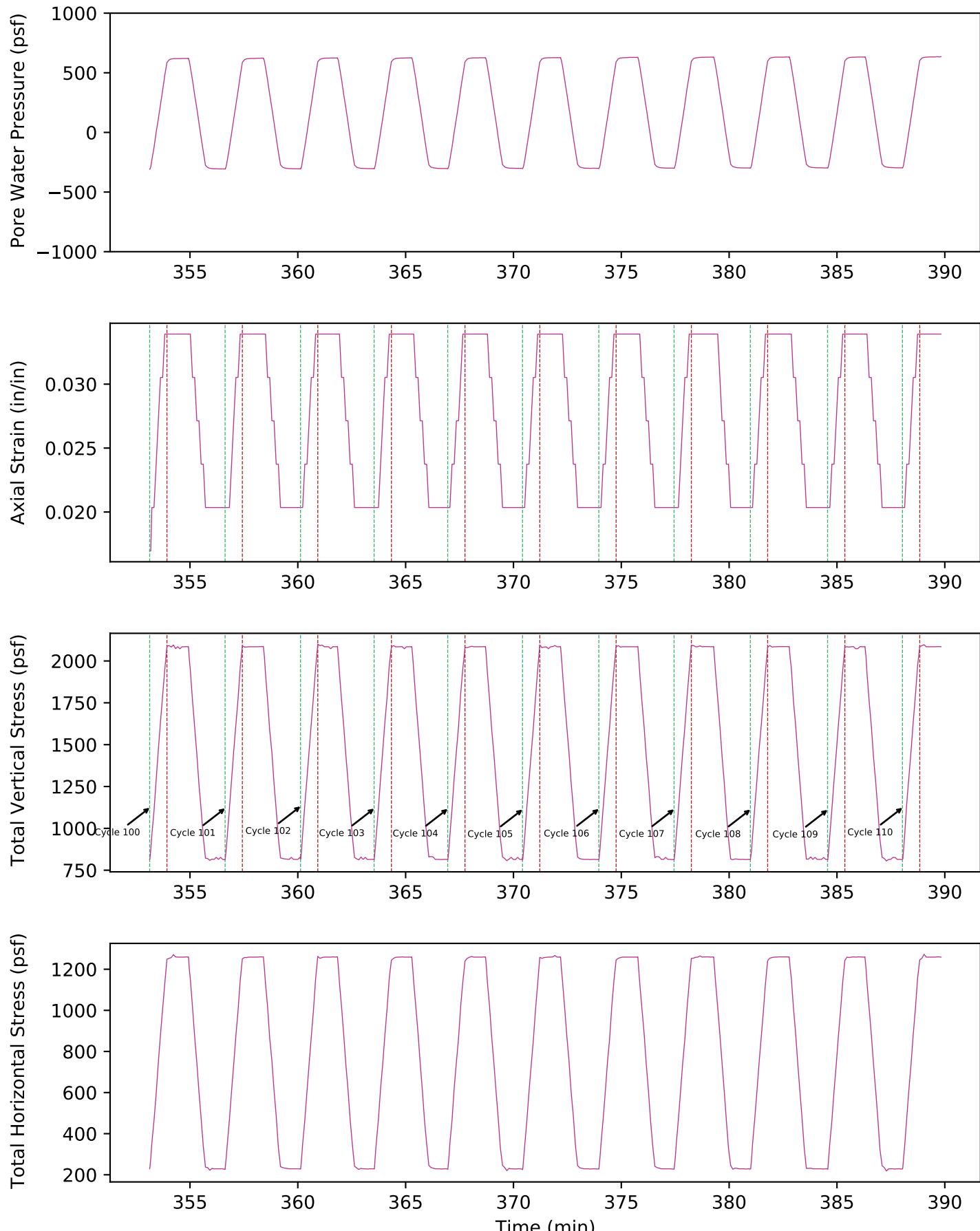
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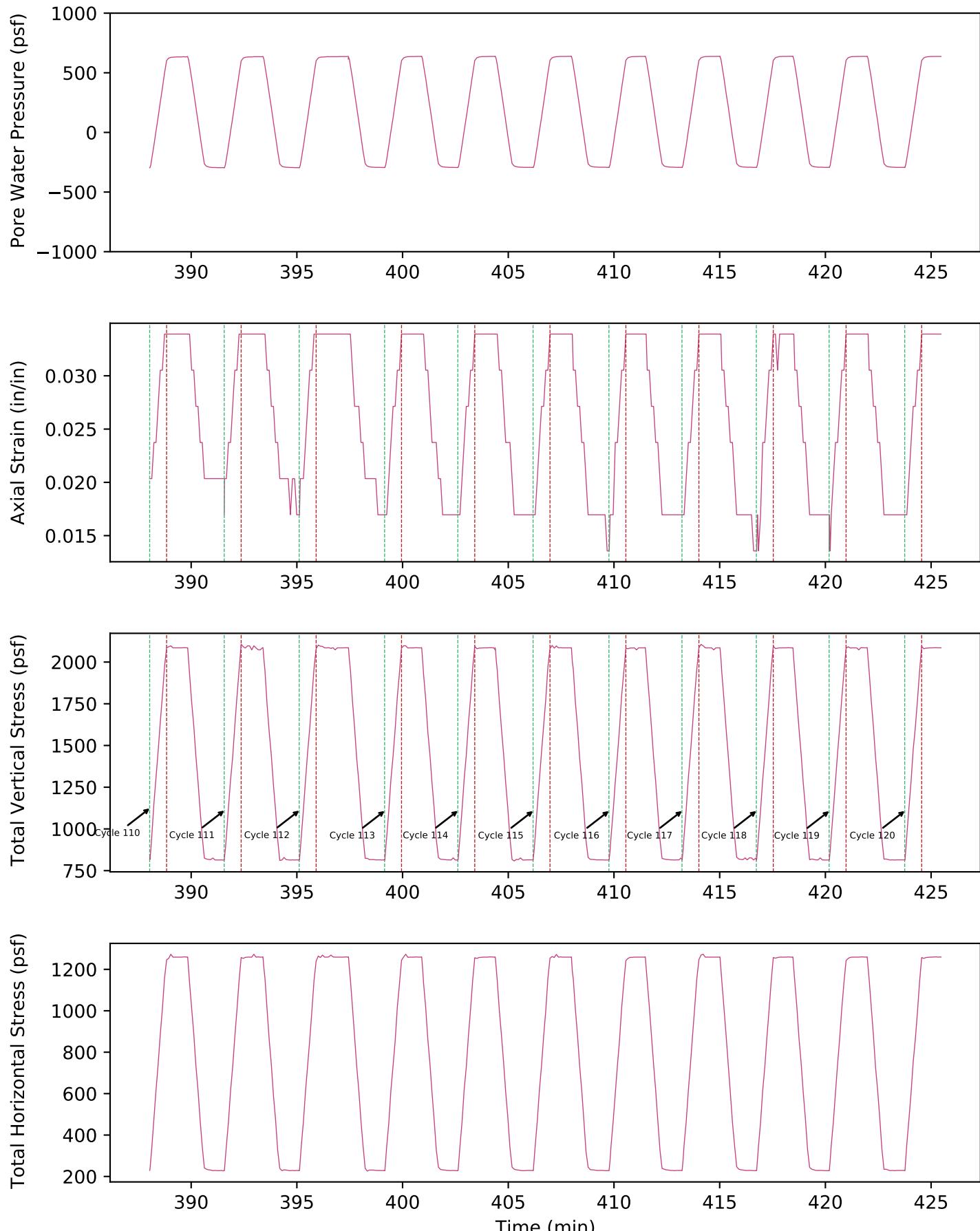


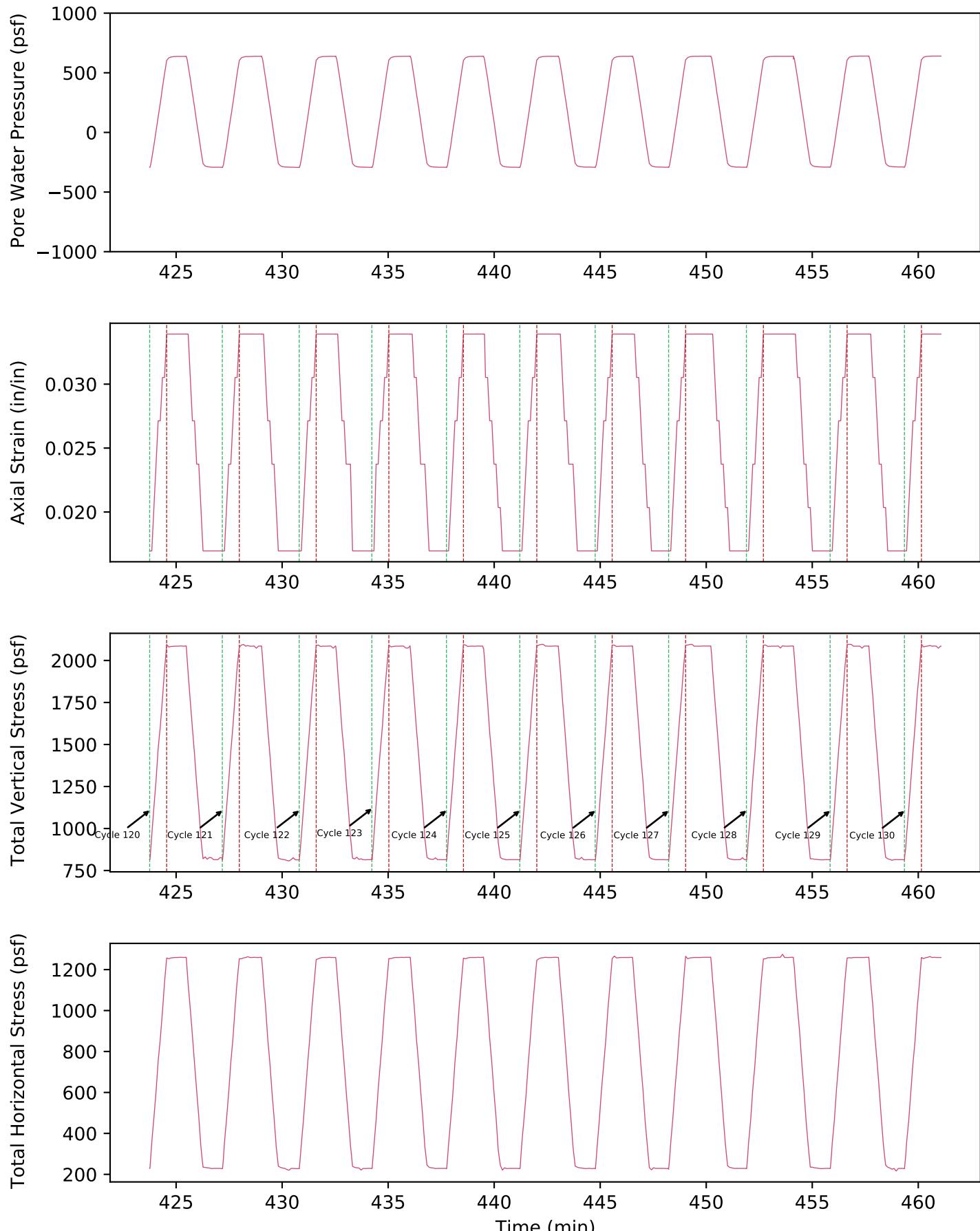
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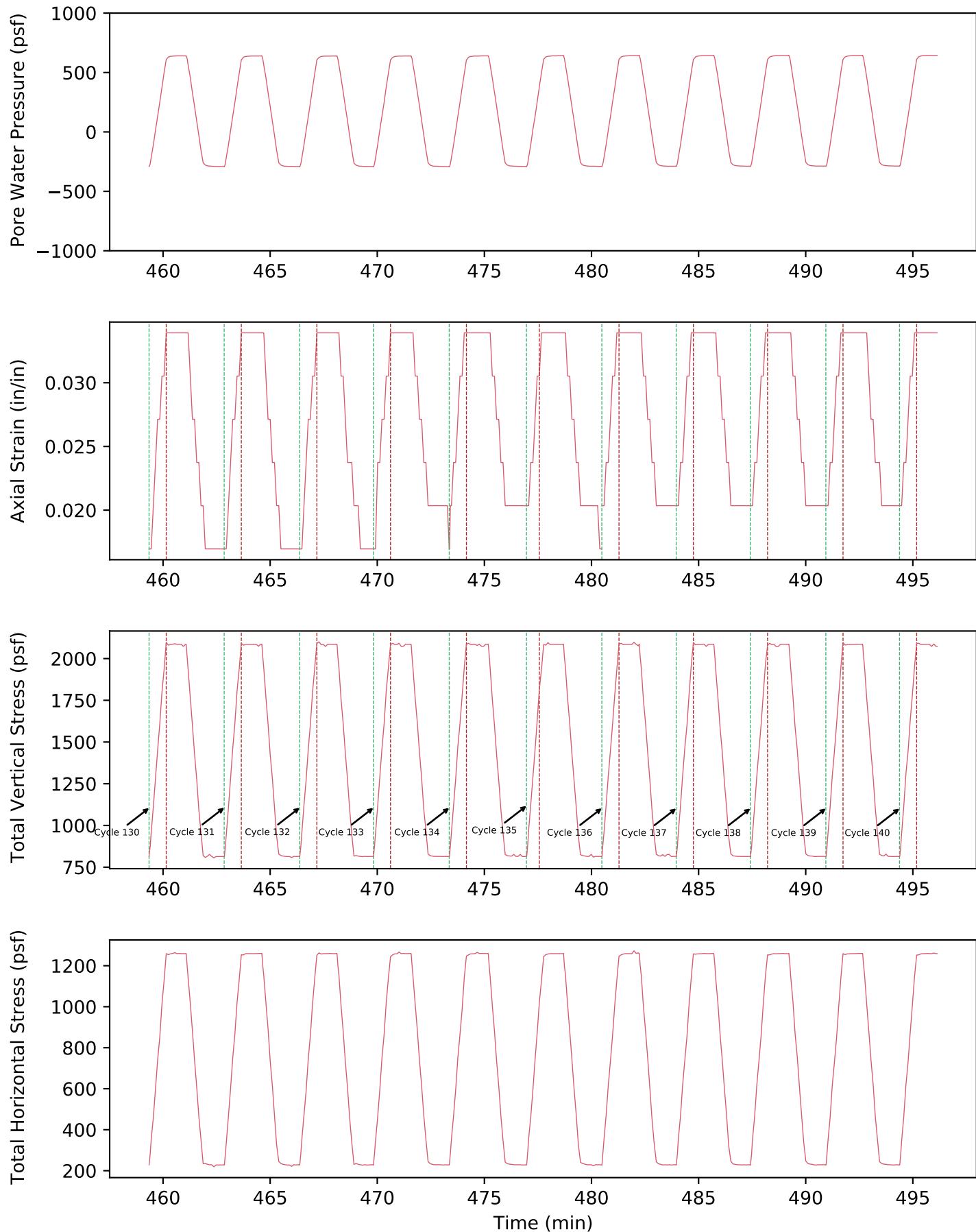


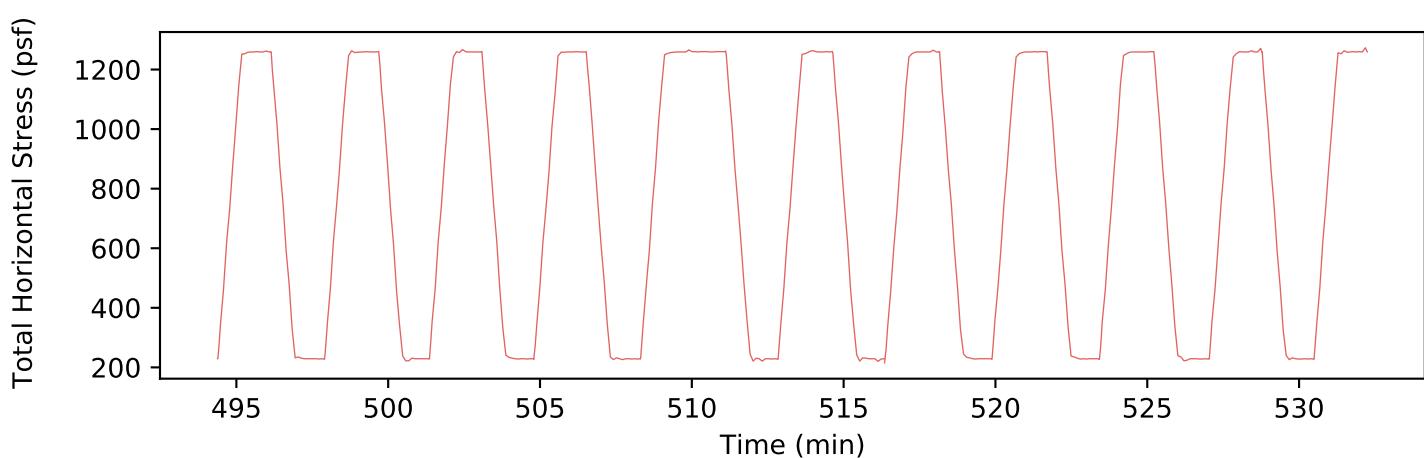
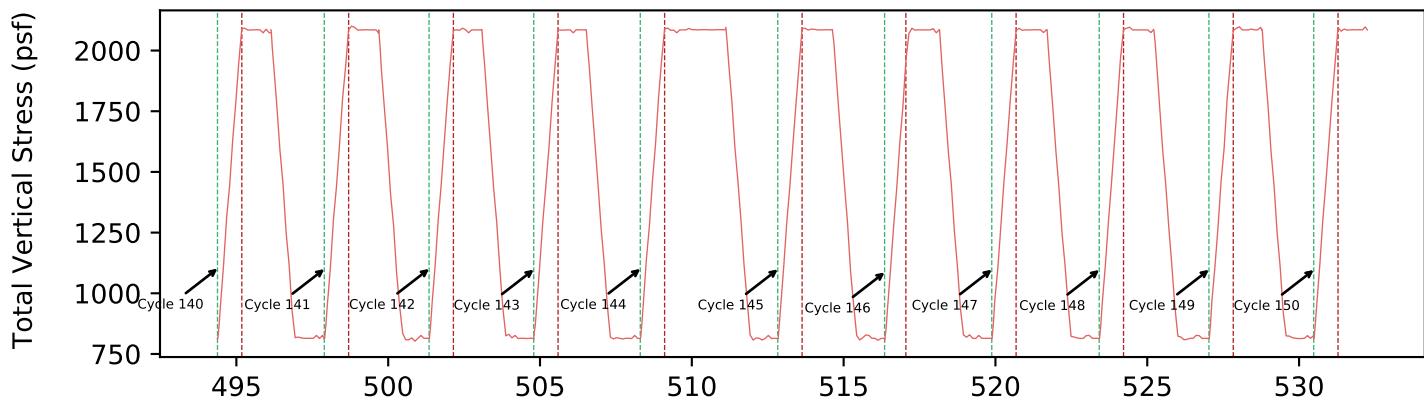
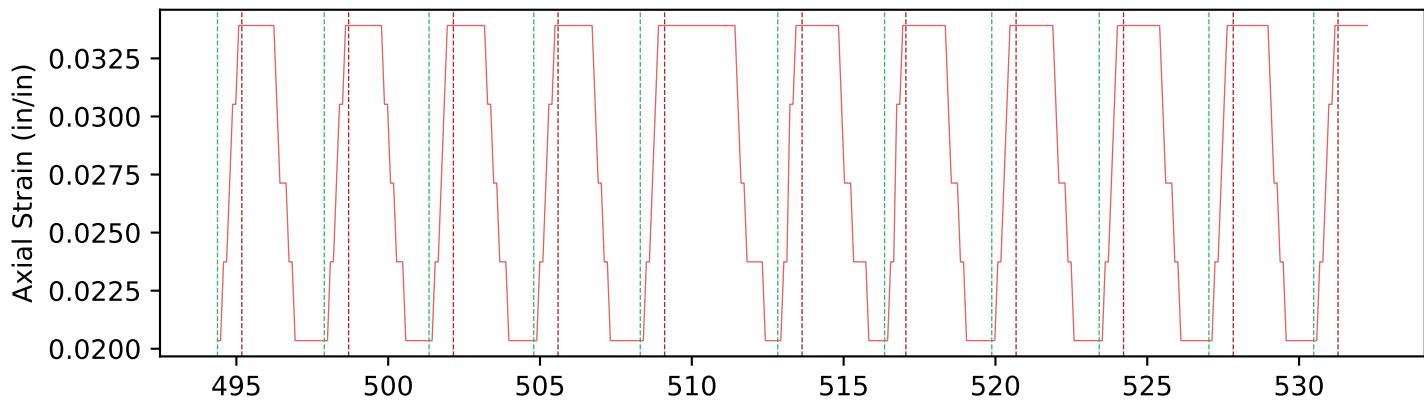
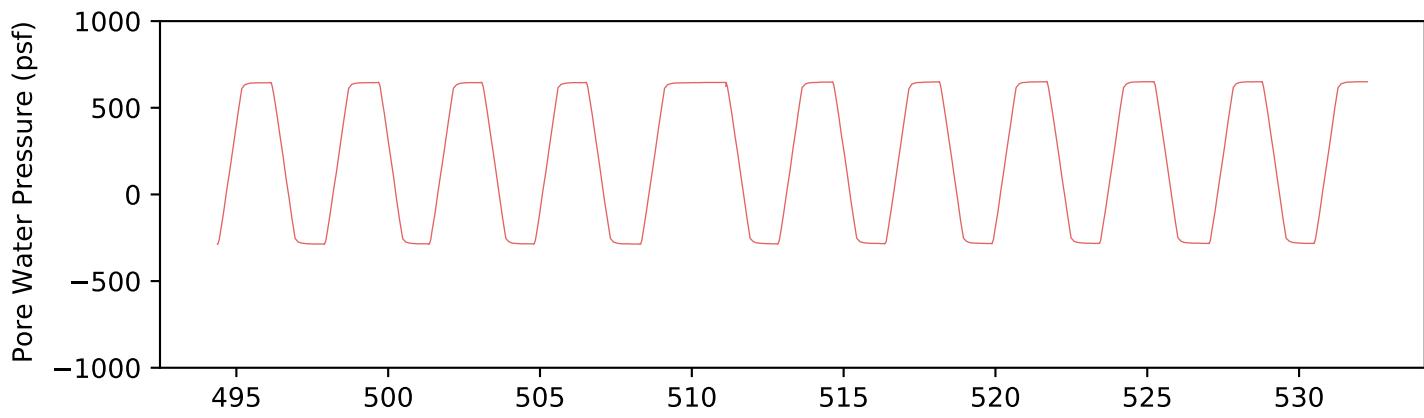


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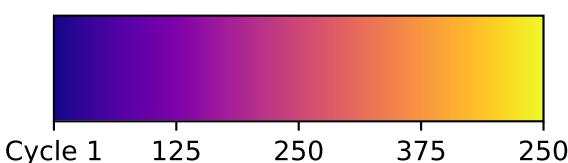
Variables vs Time
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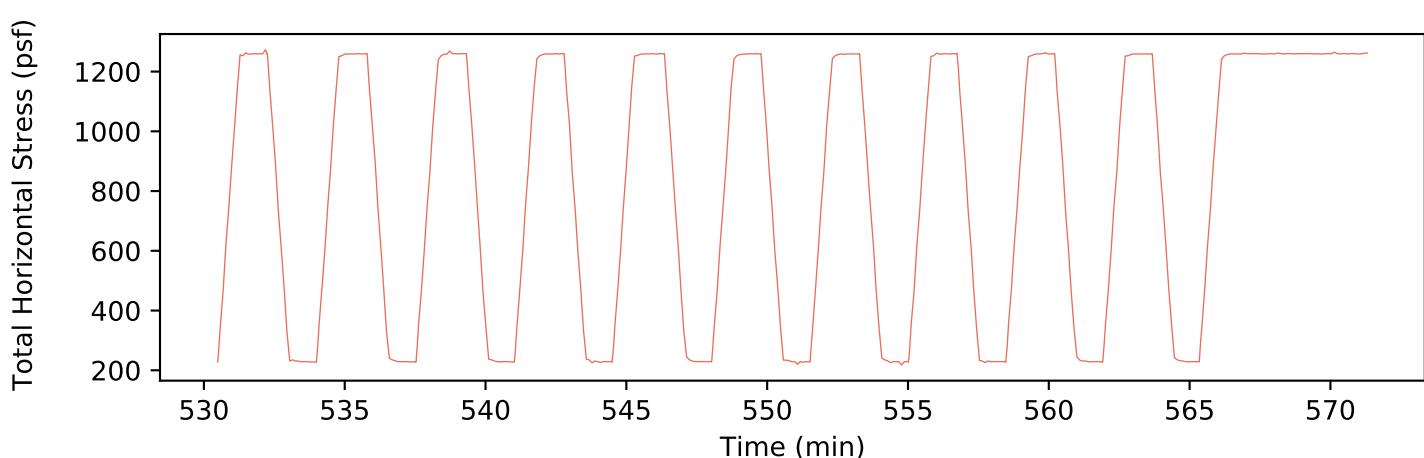
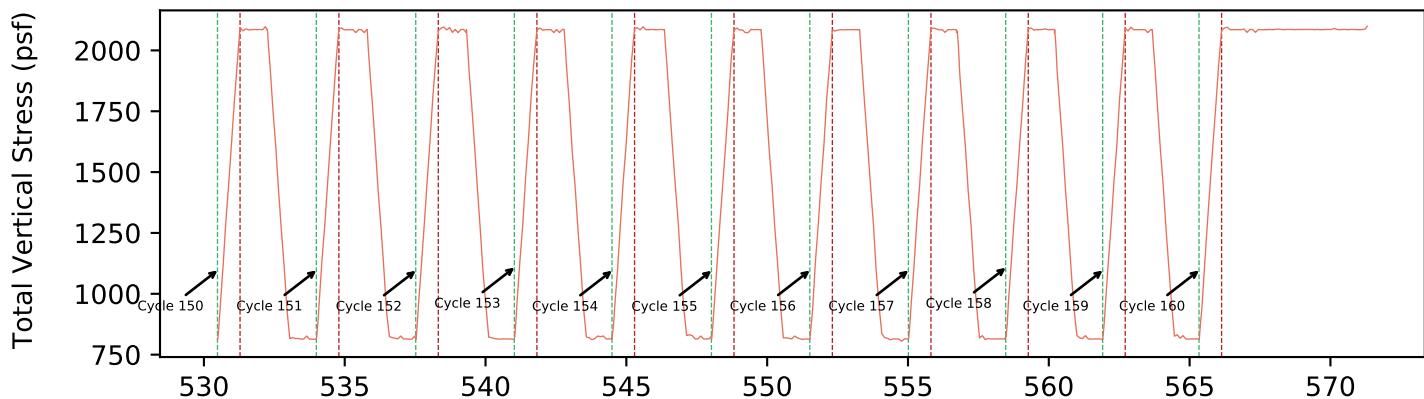
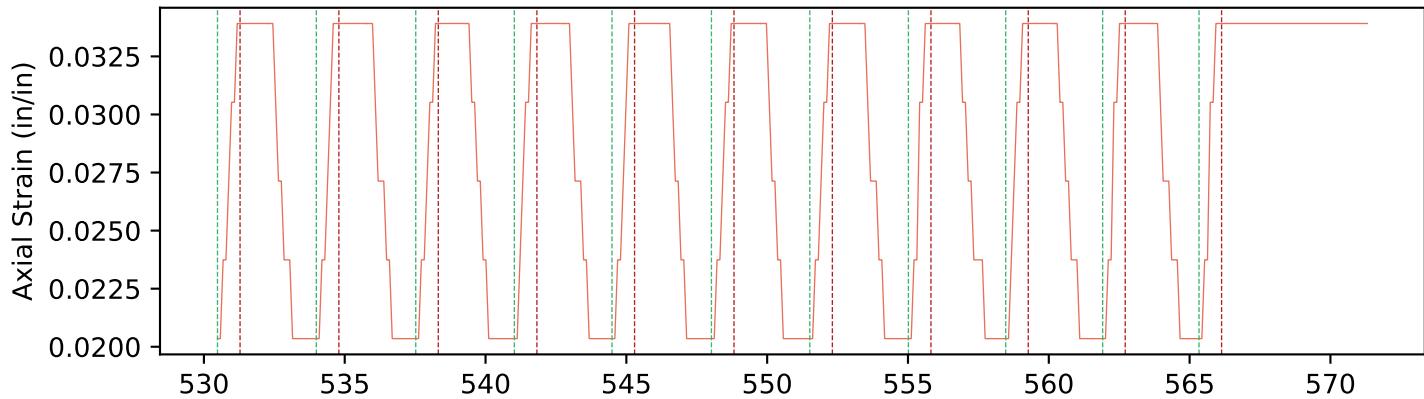
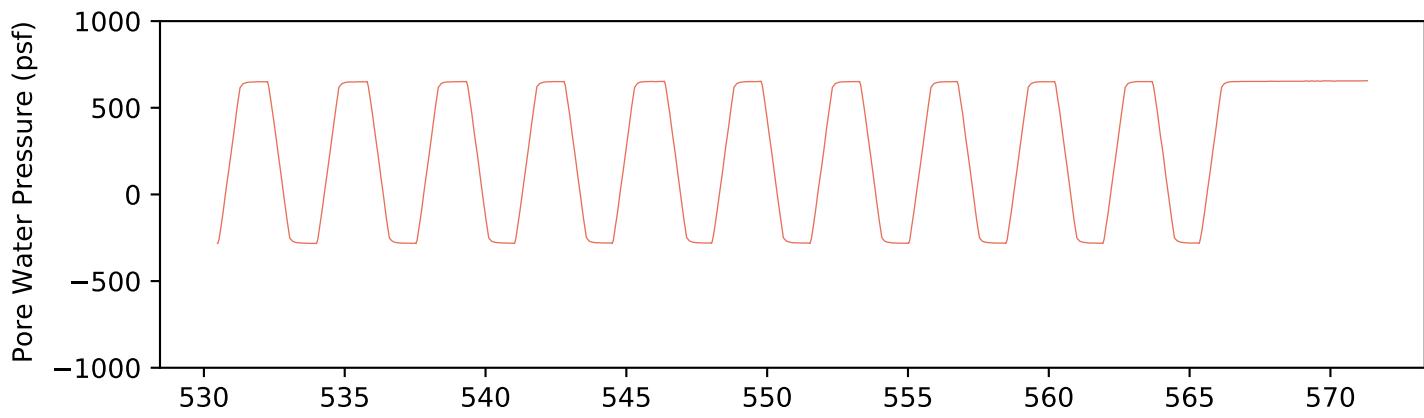
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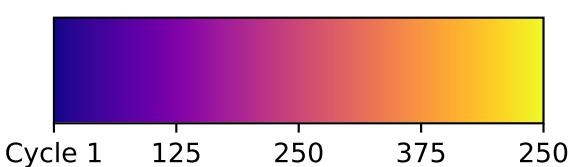
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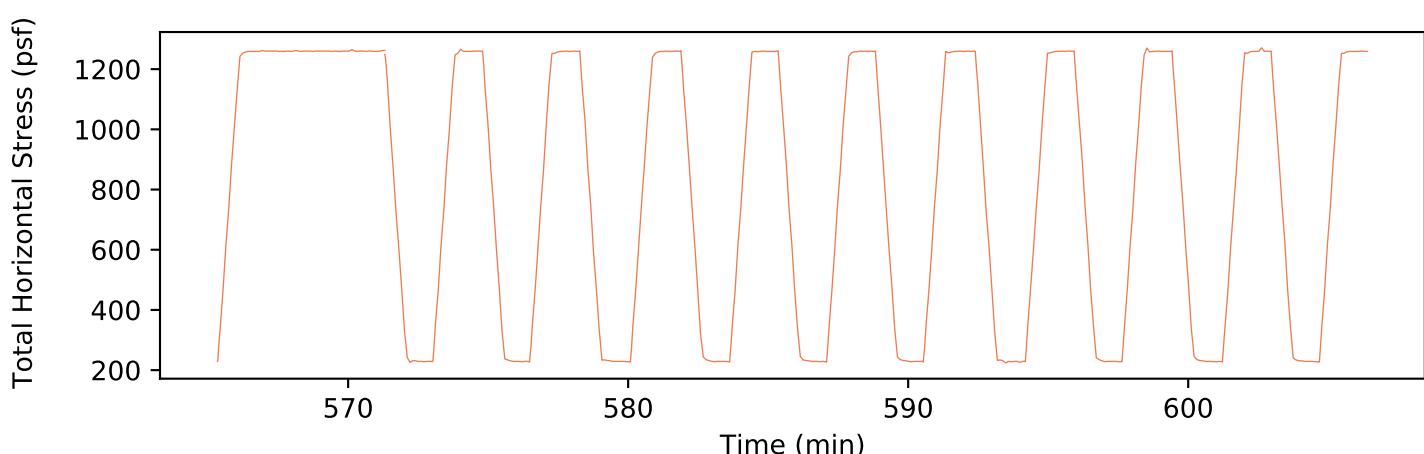
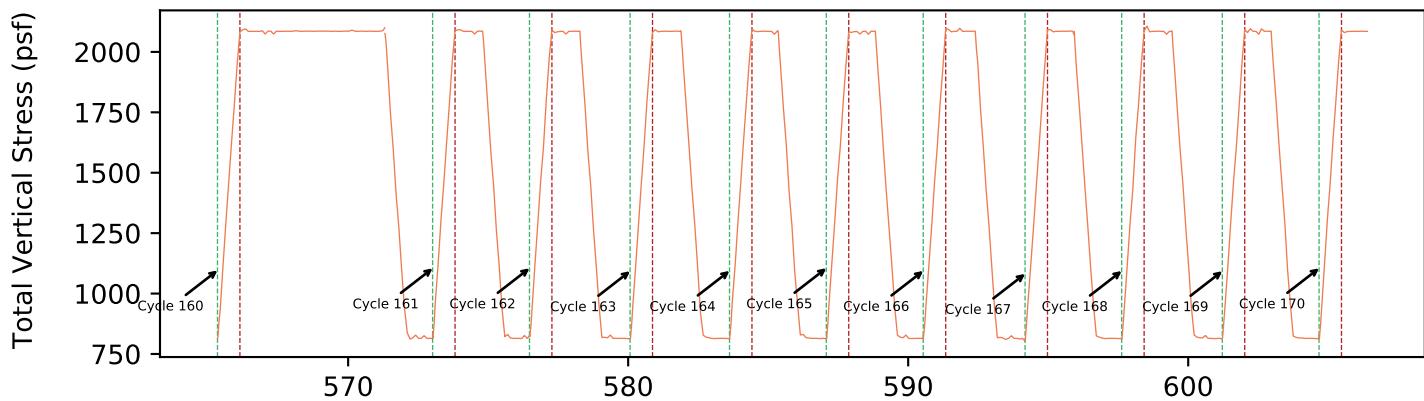
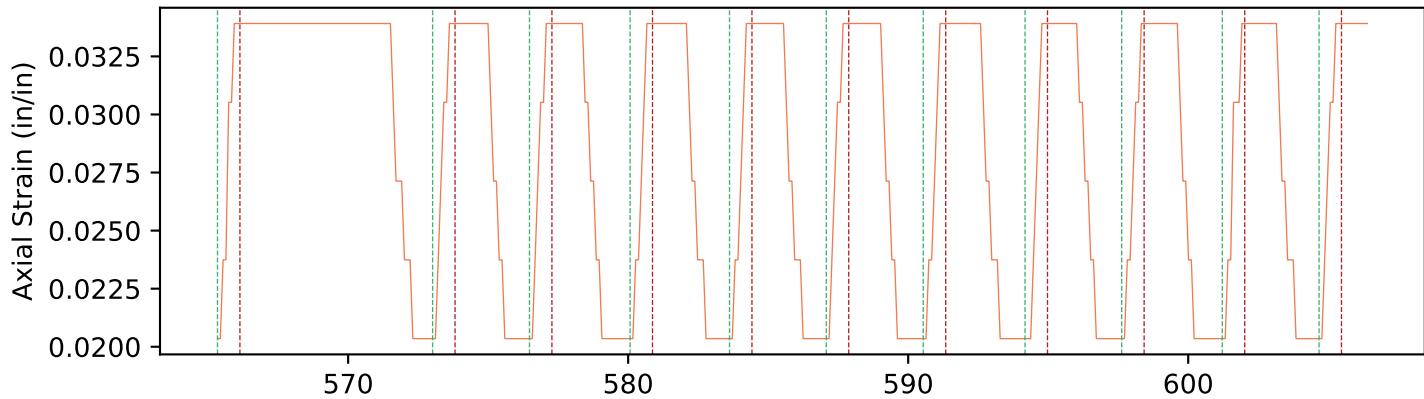
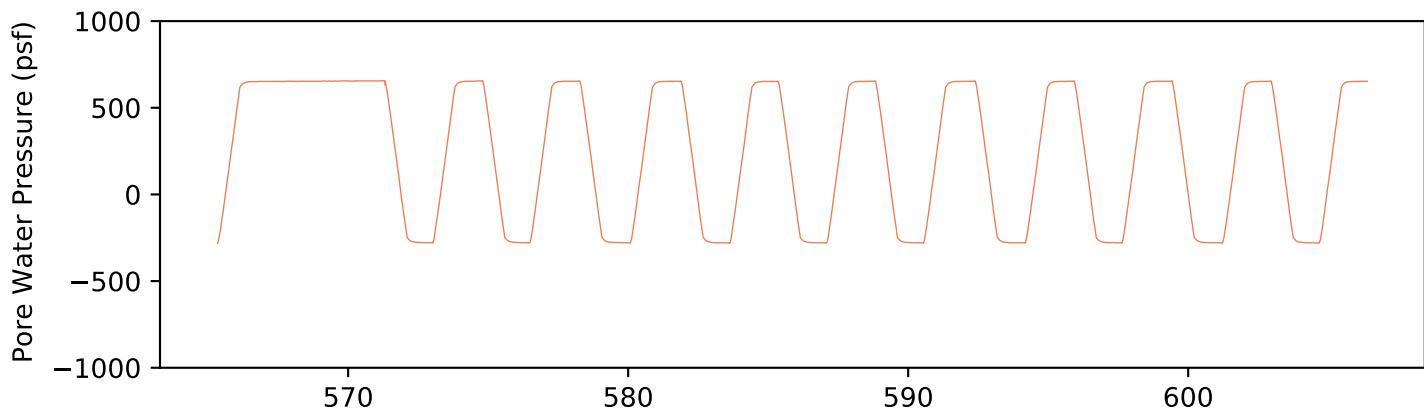
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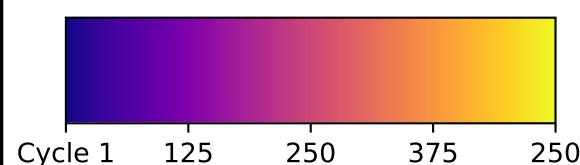
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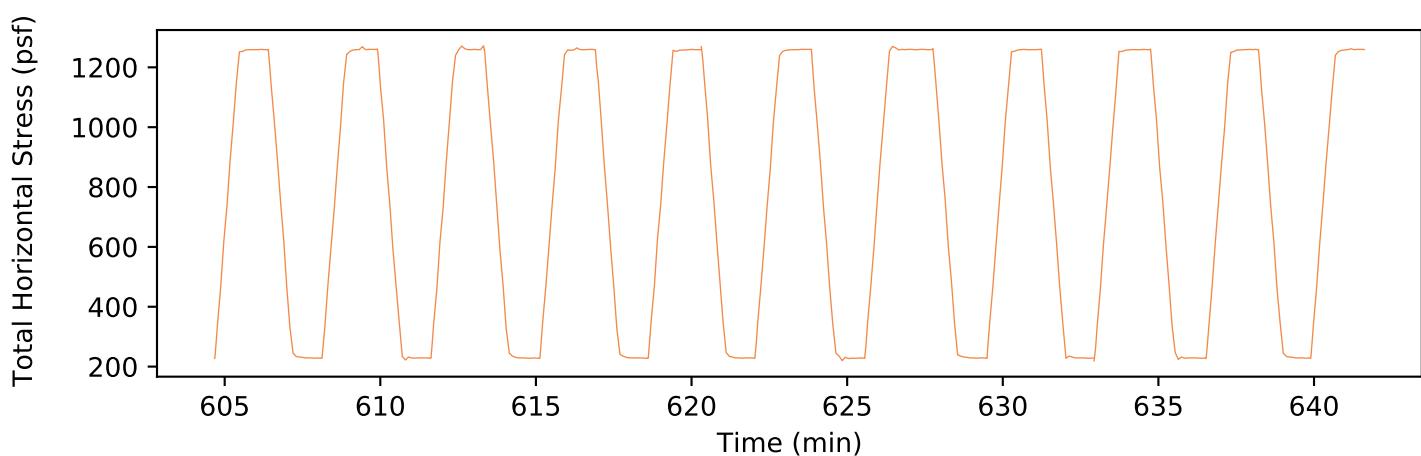
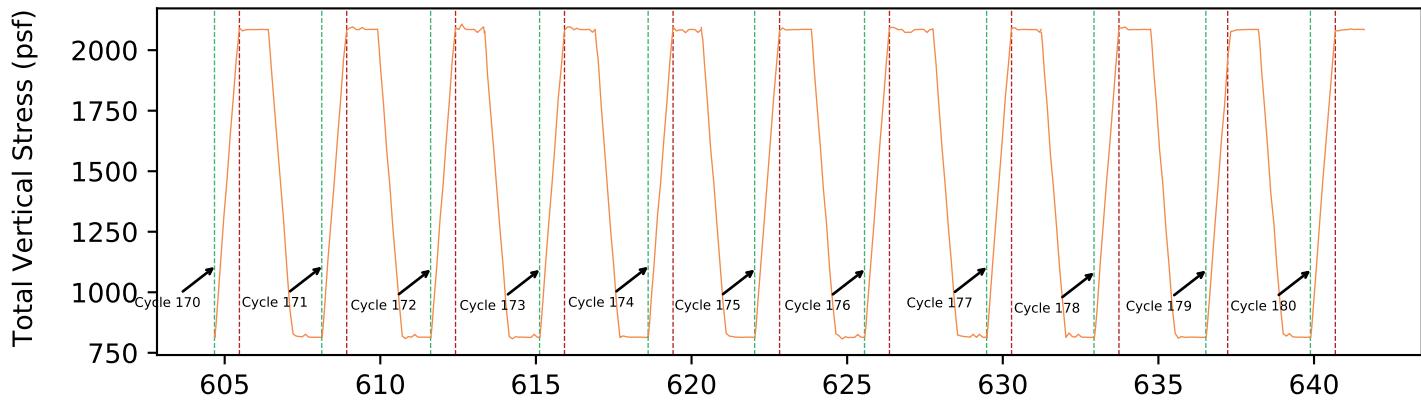
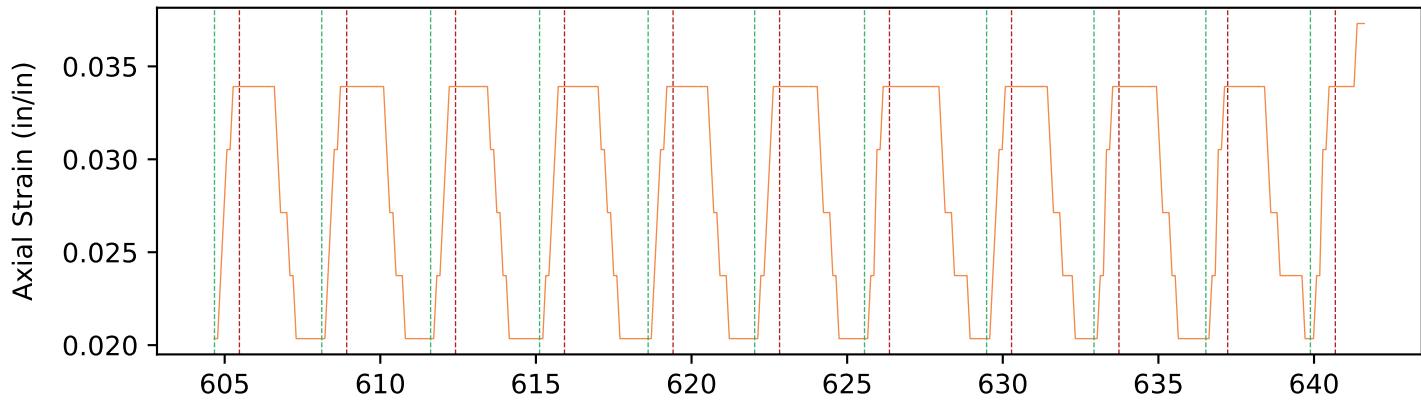
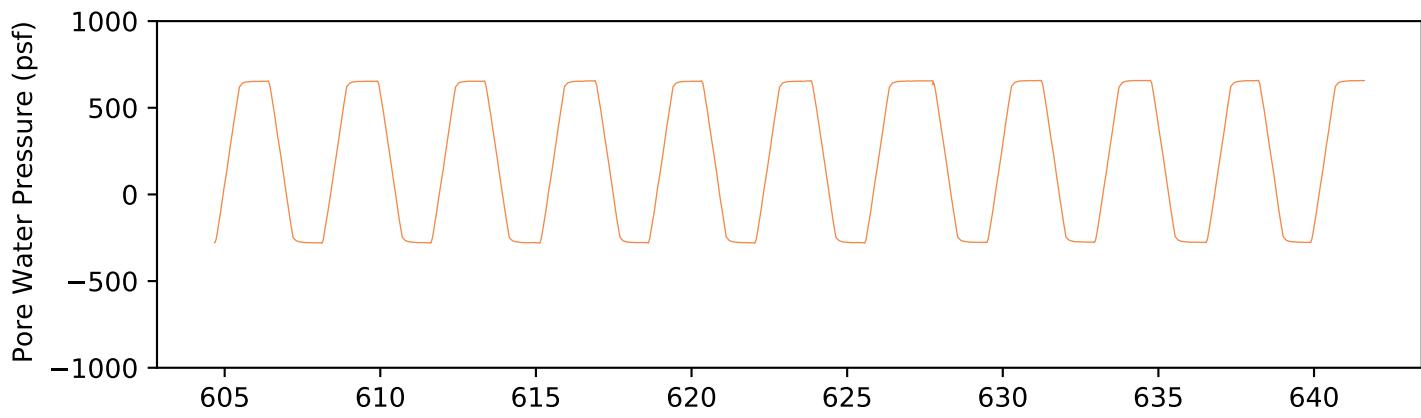
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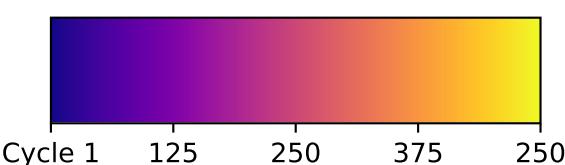
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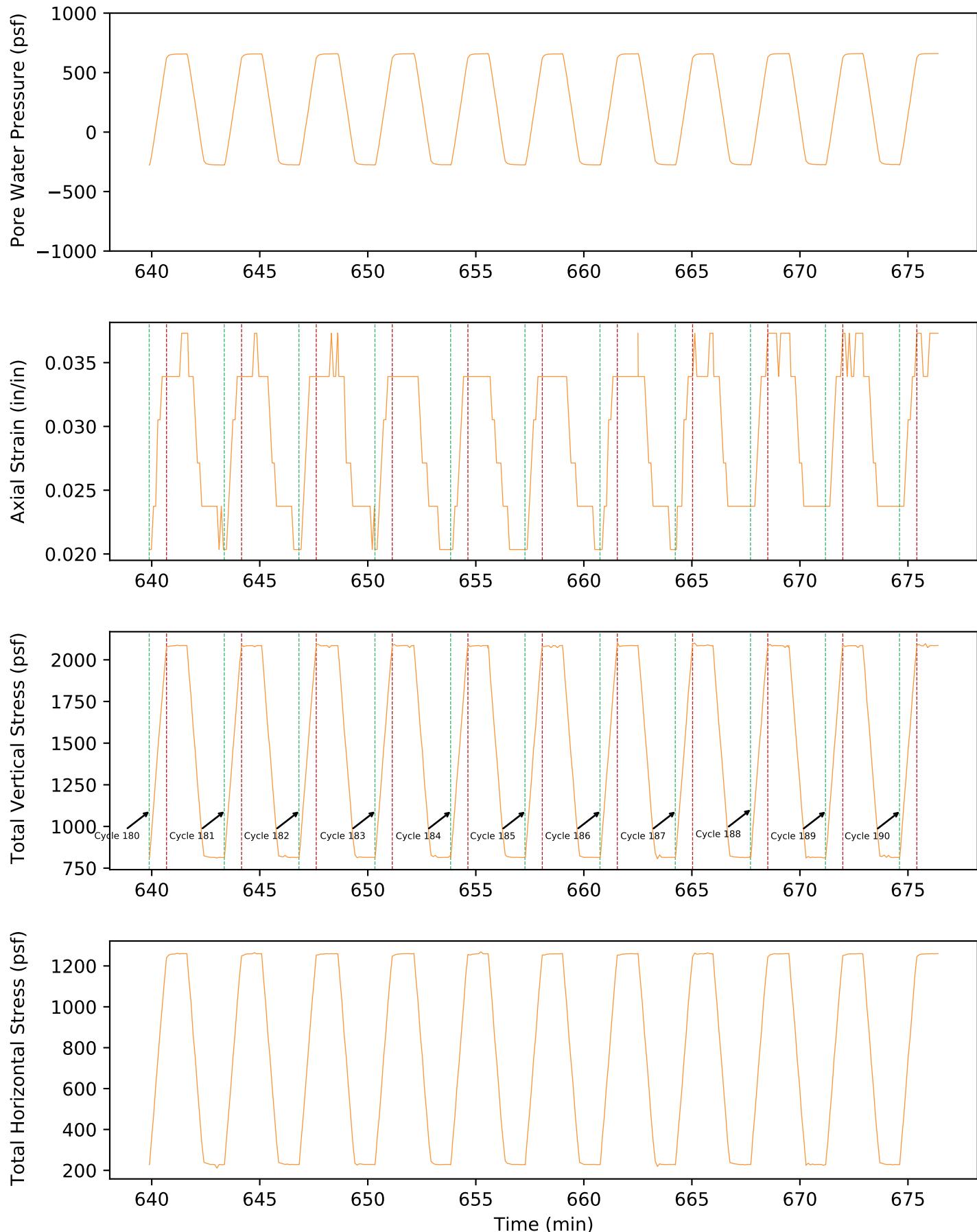
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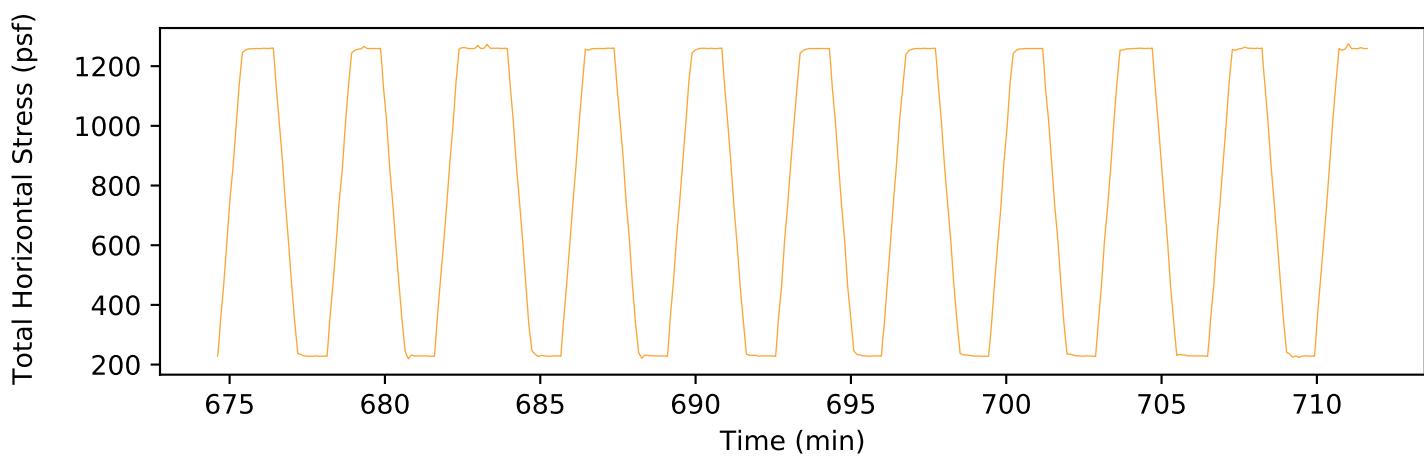
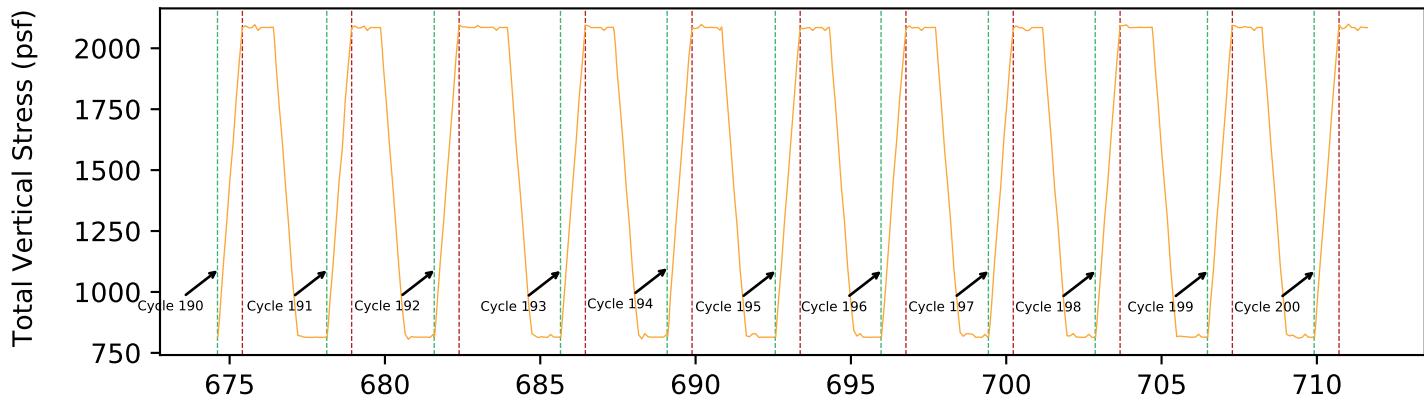
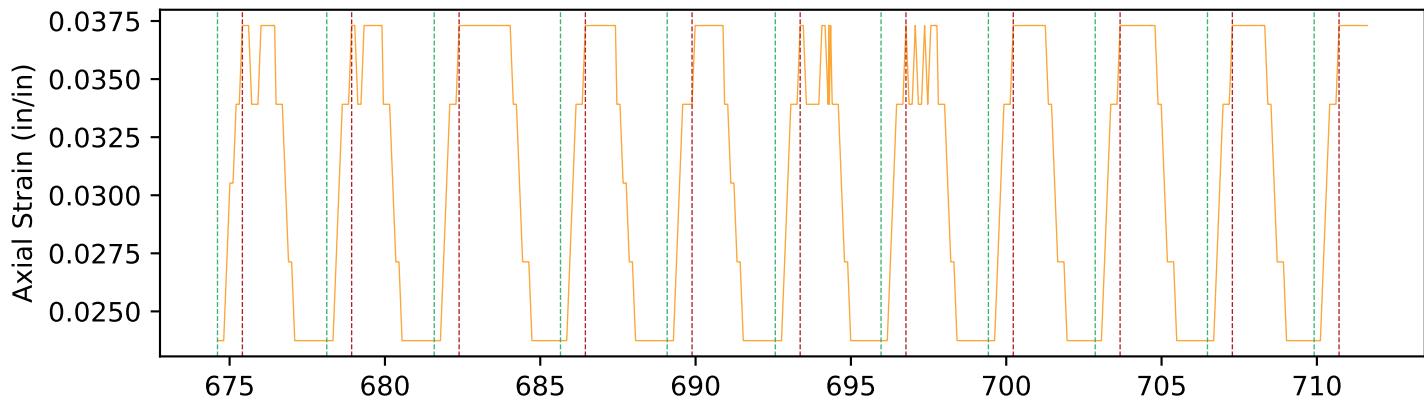
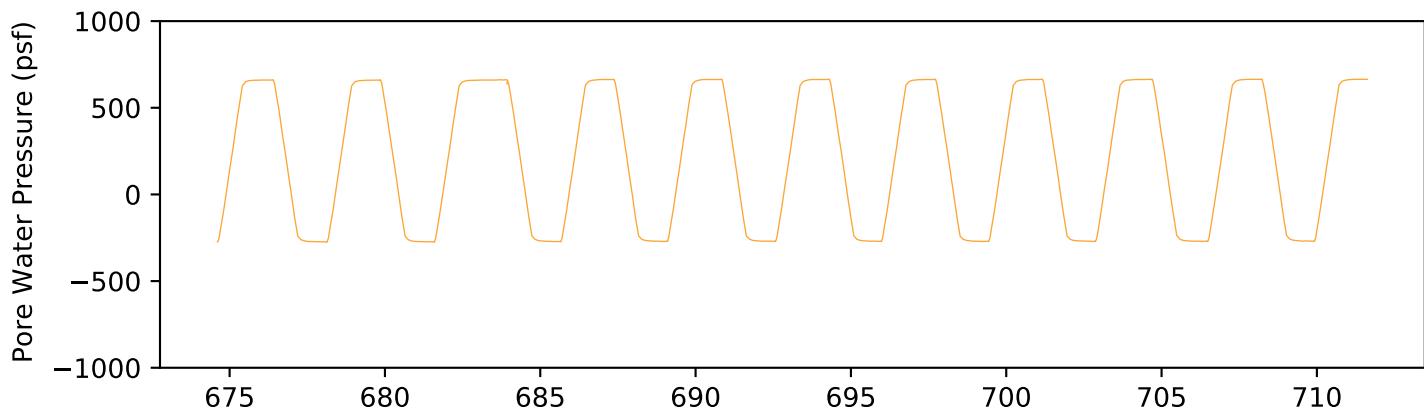


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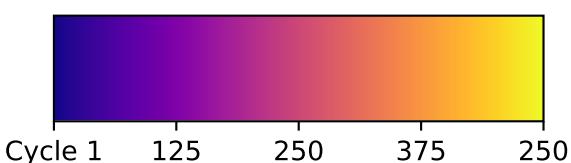
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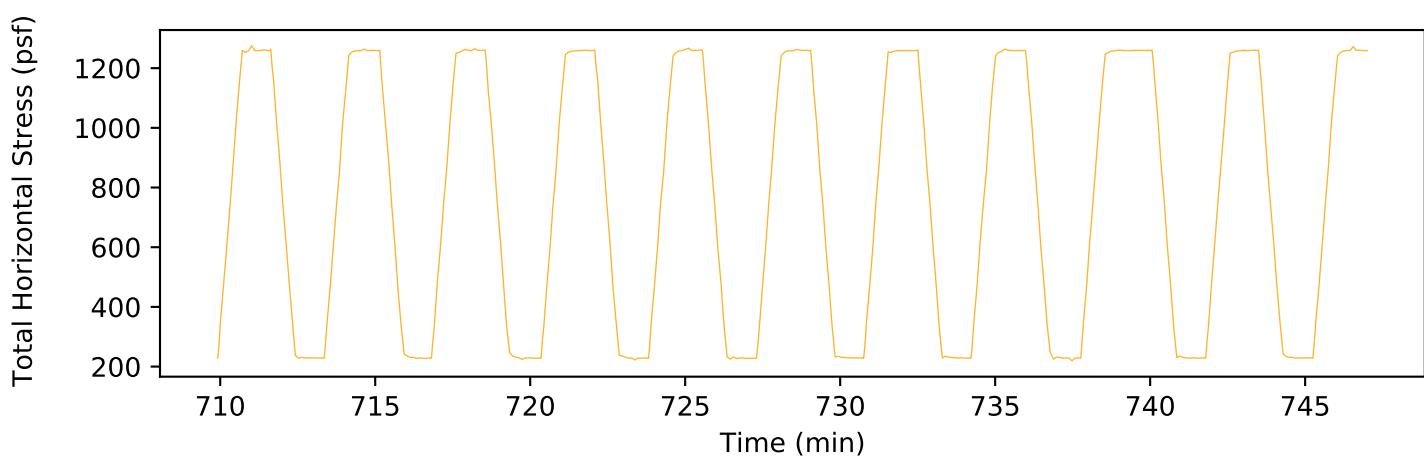
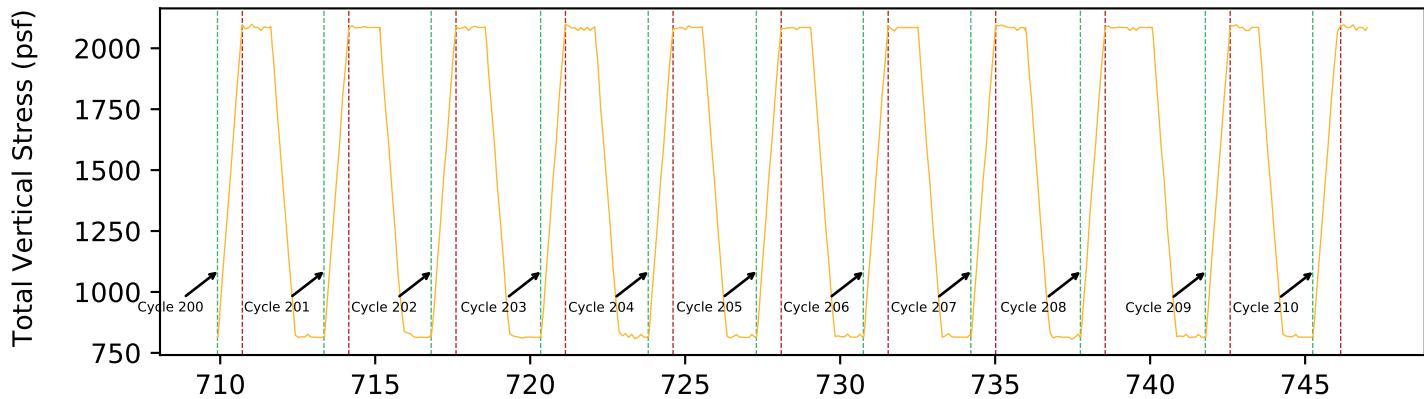
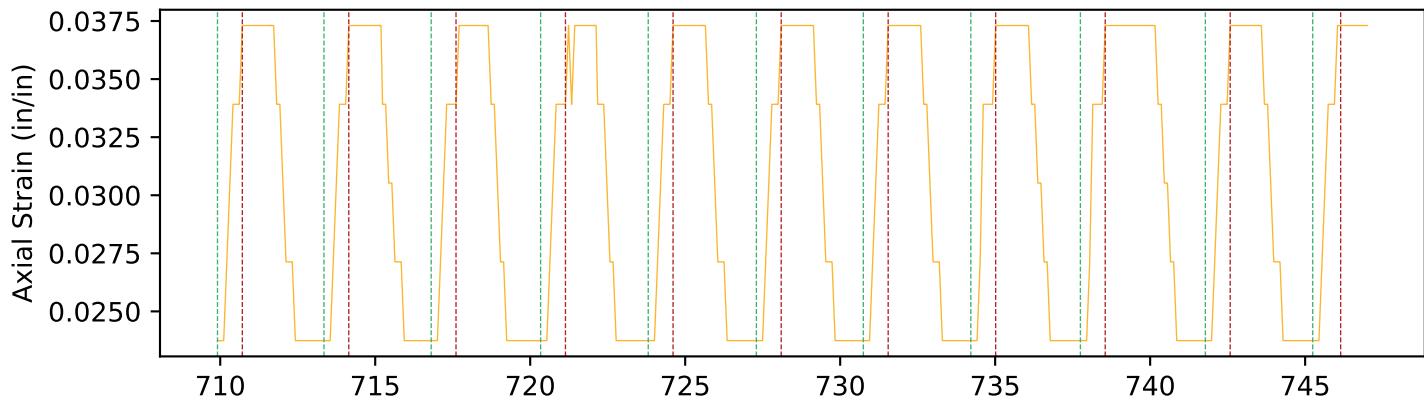
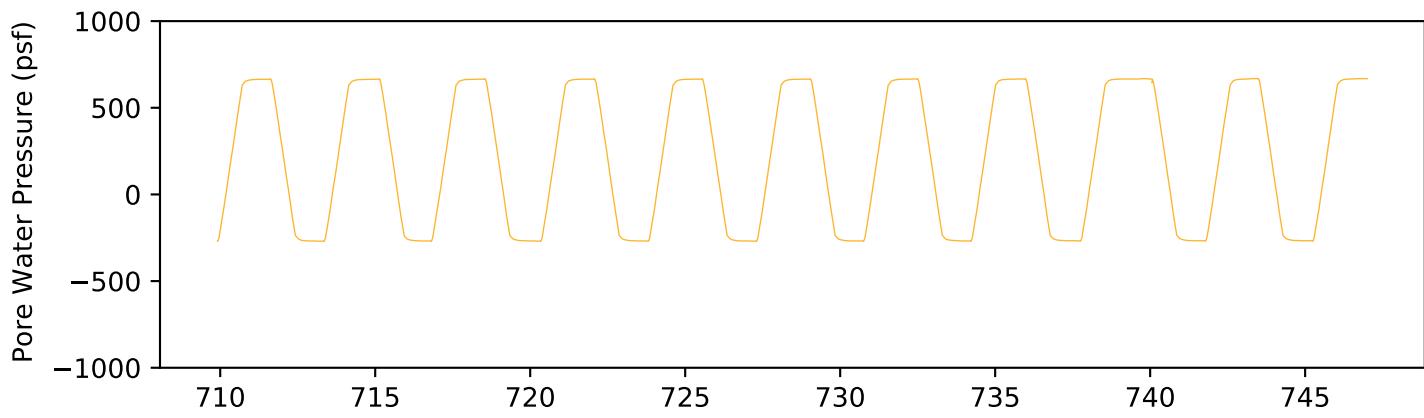
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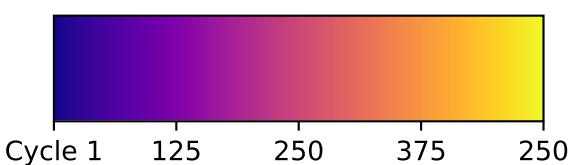
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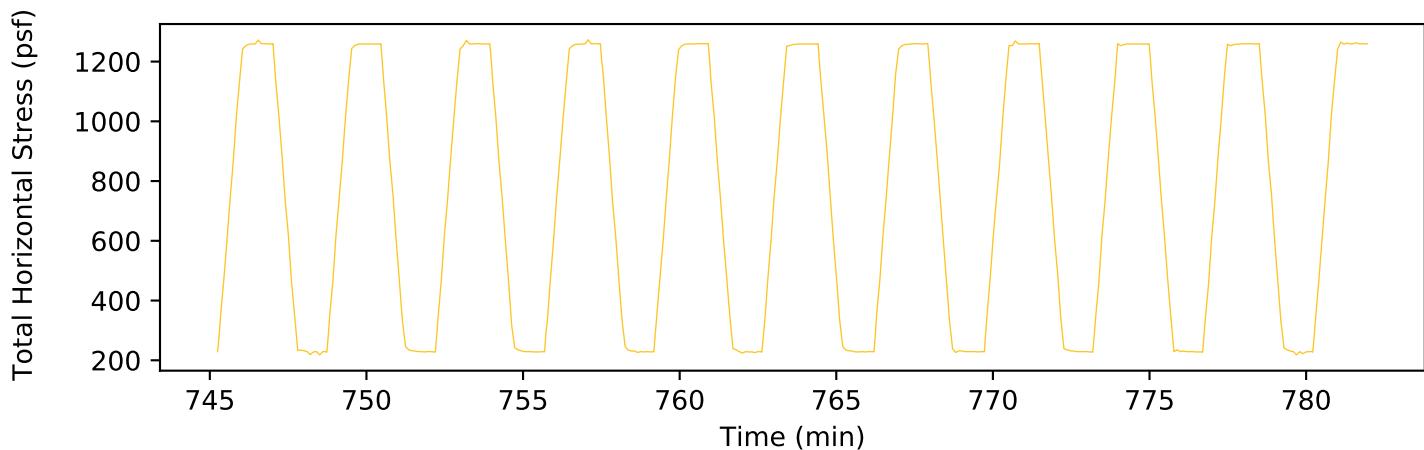
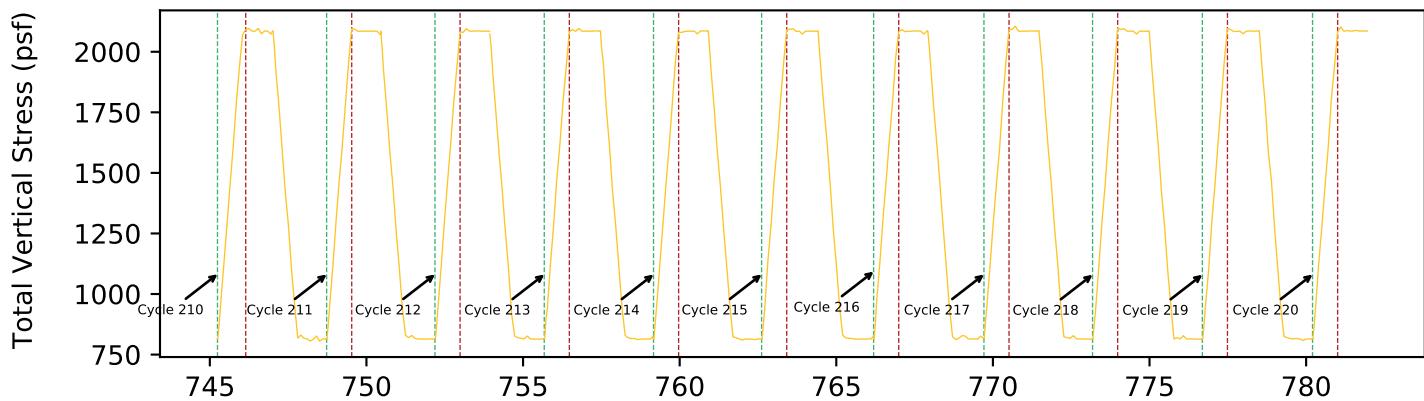
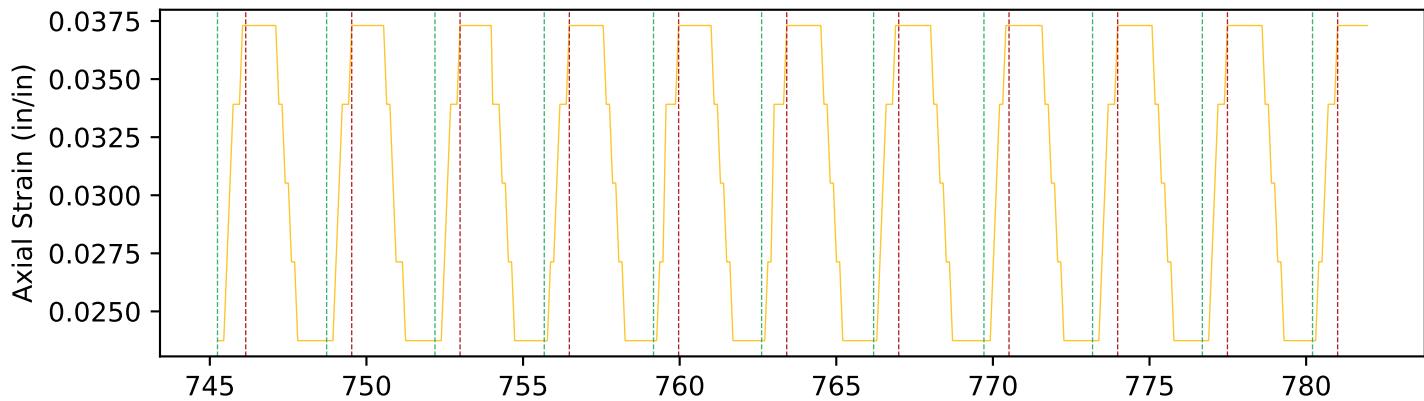
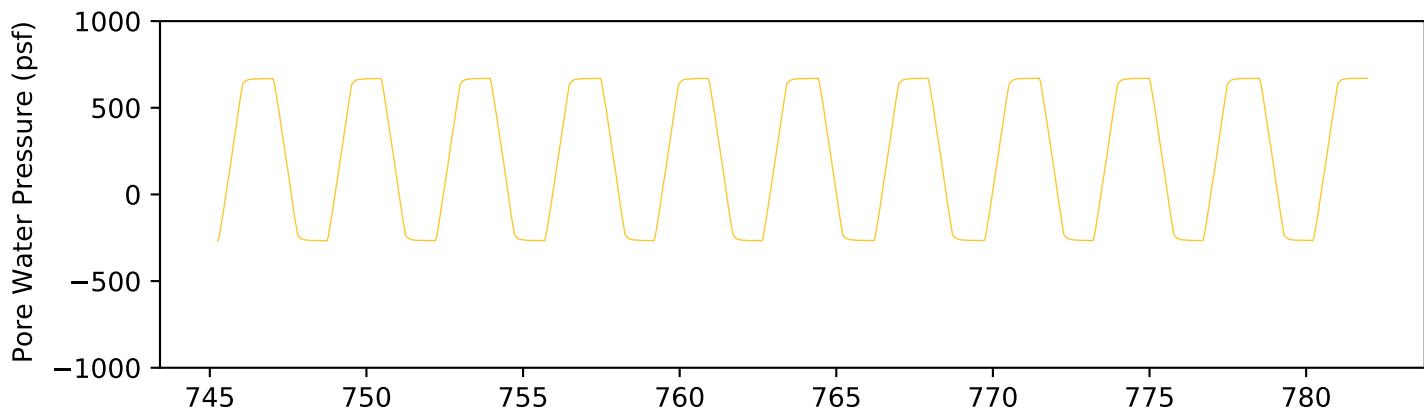
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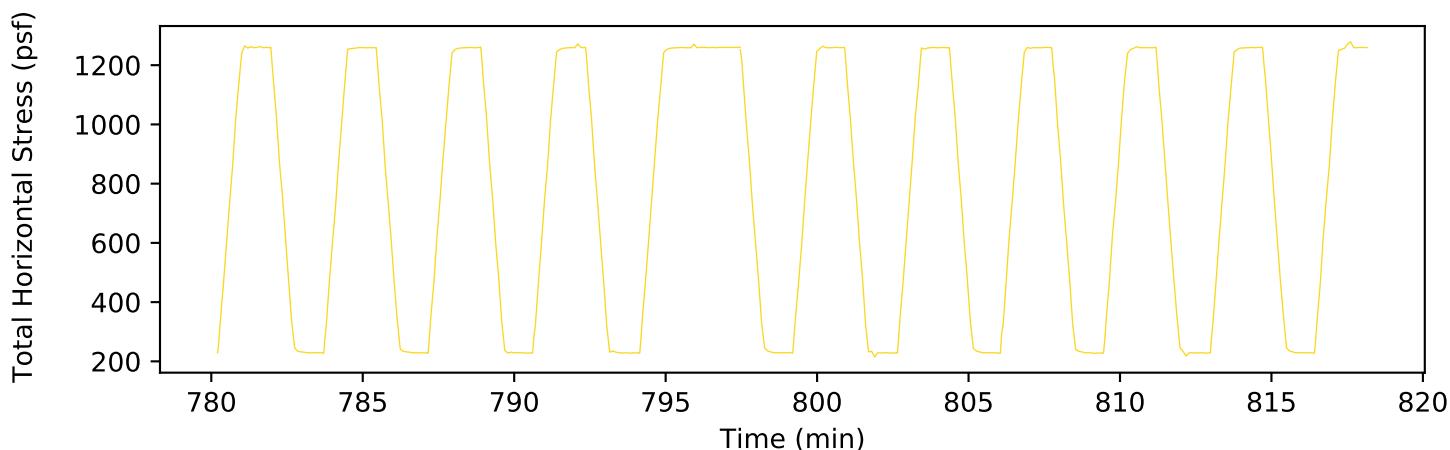
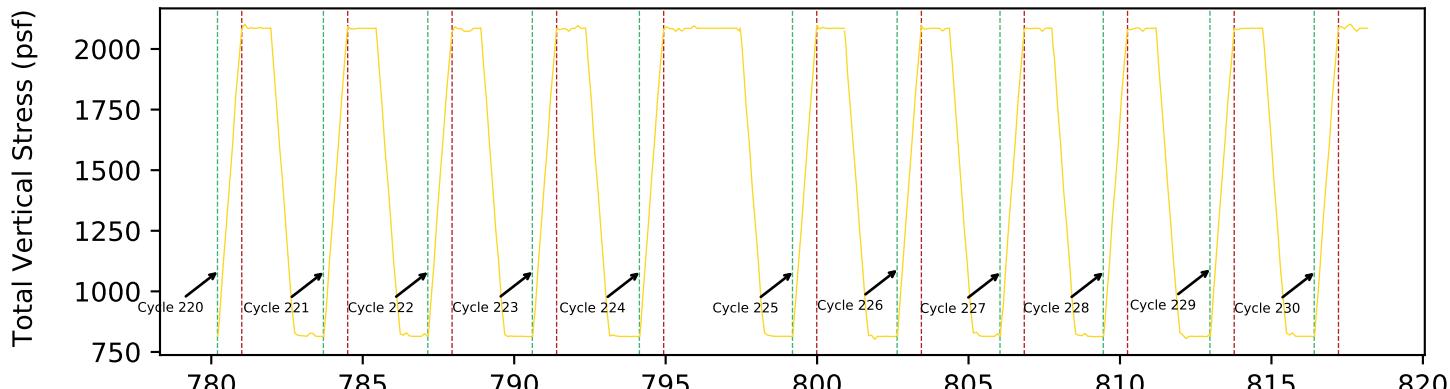
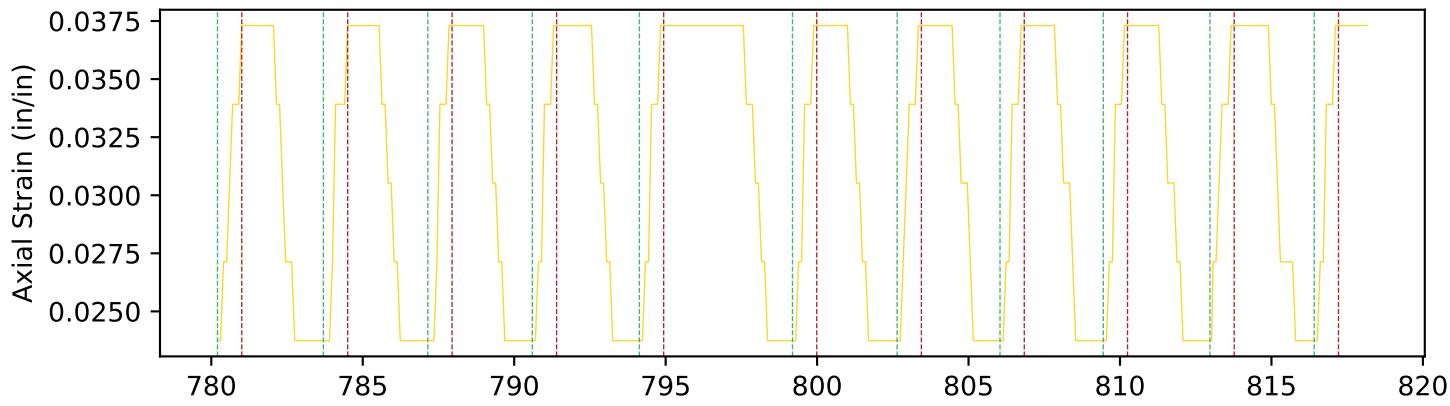
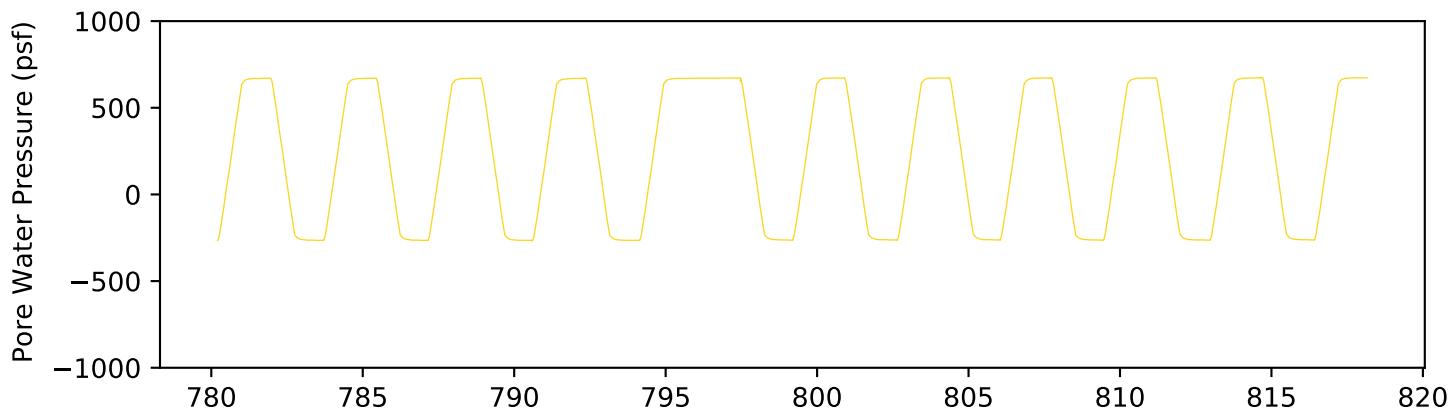


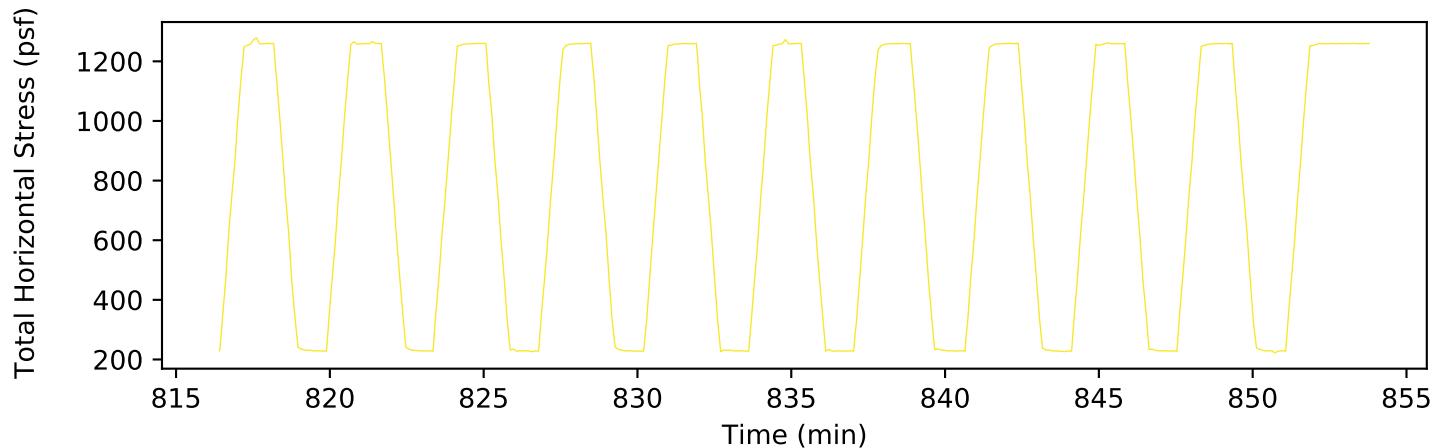
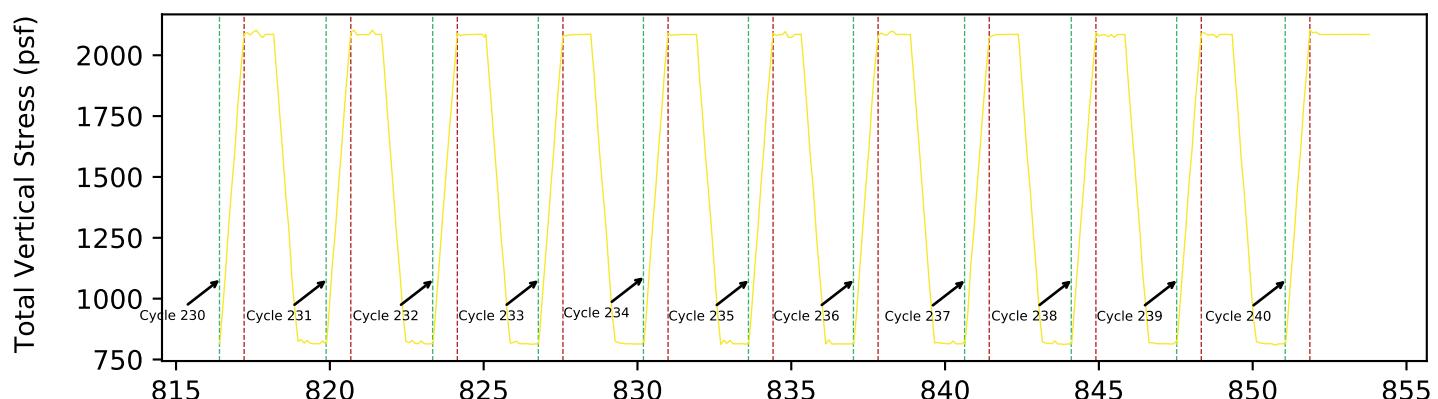
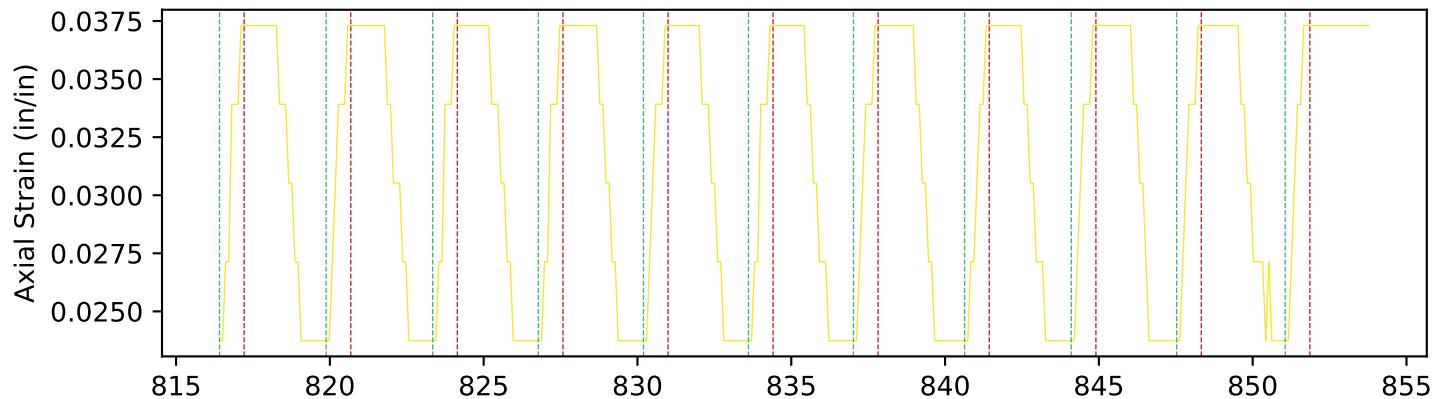
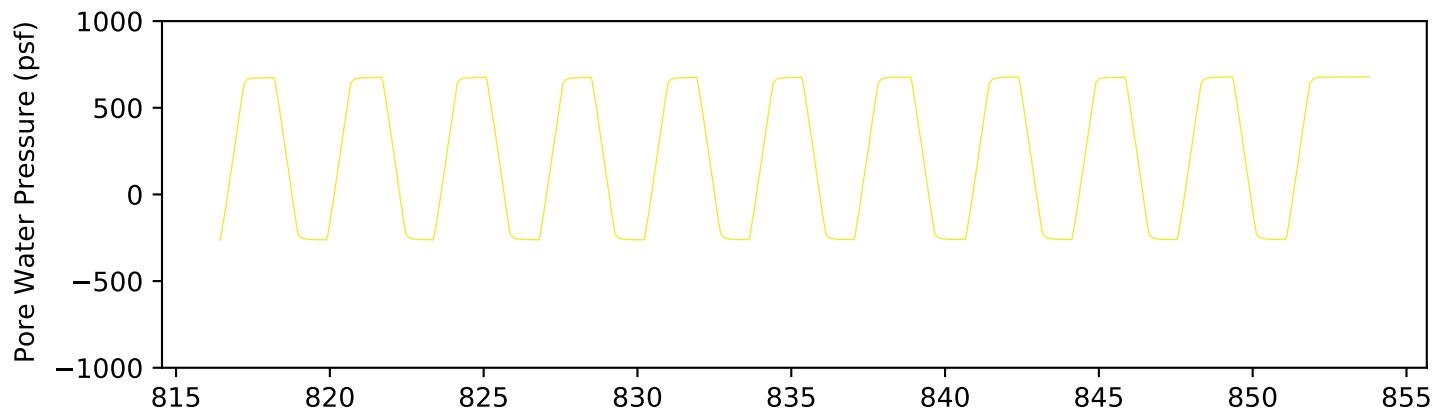
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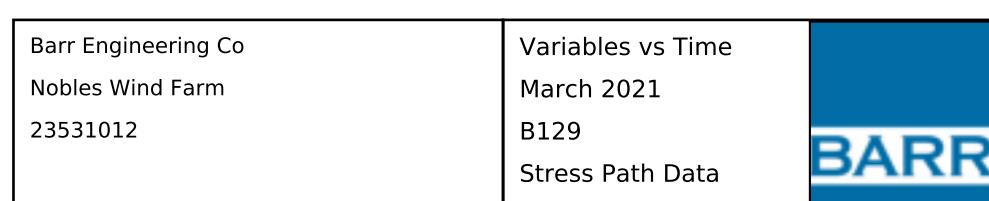
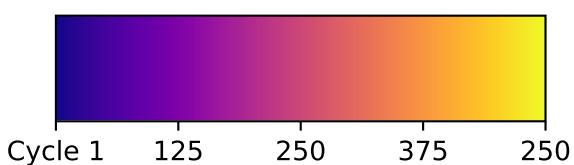
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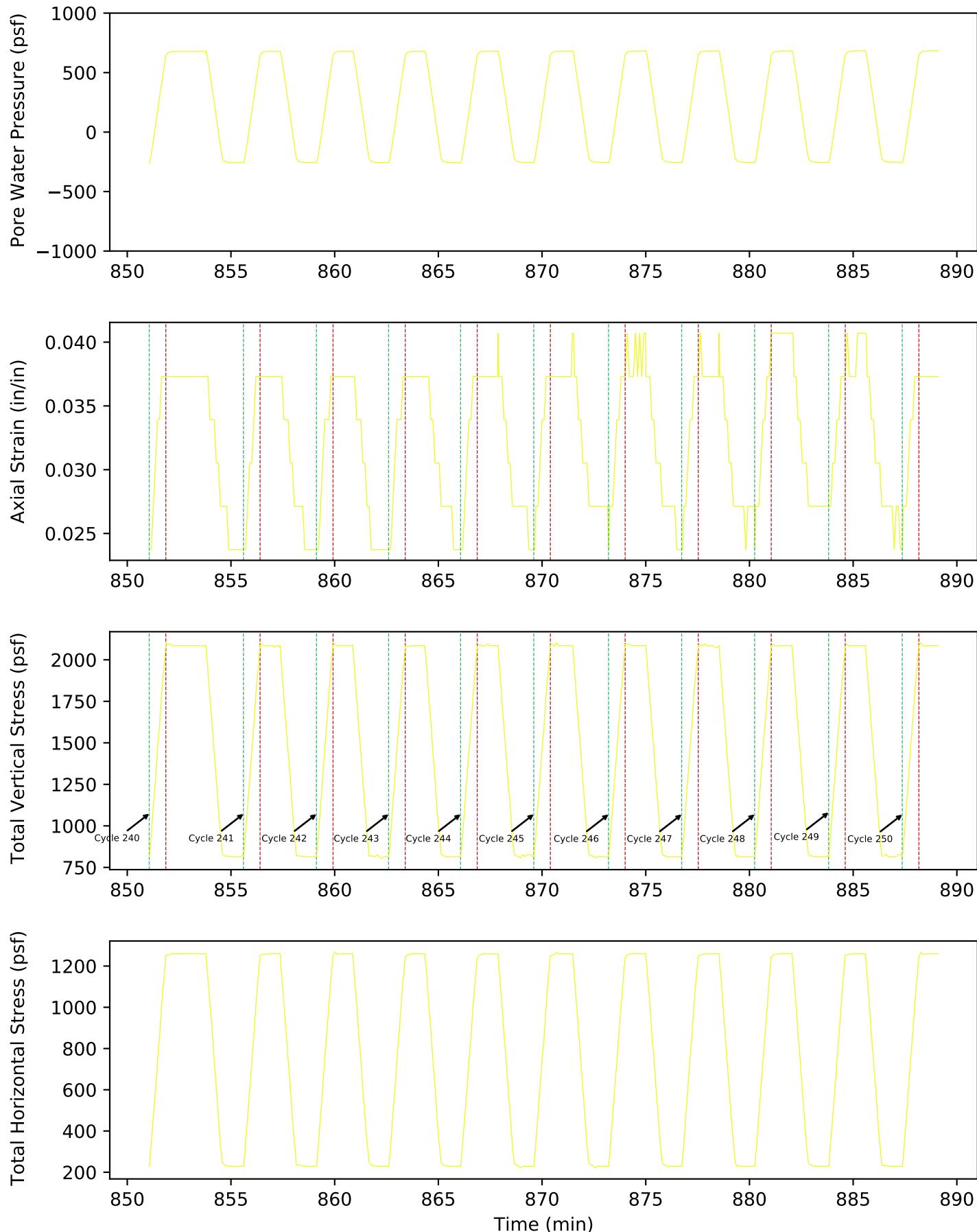


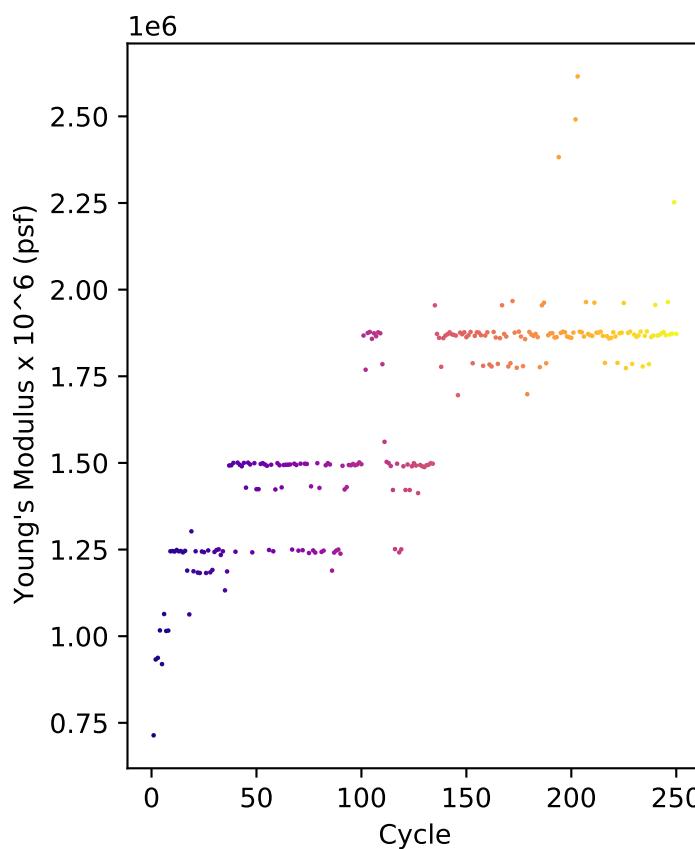
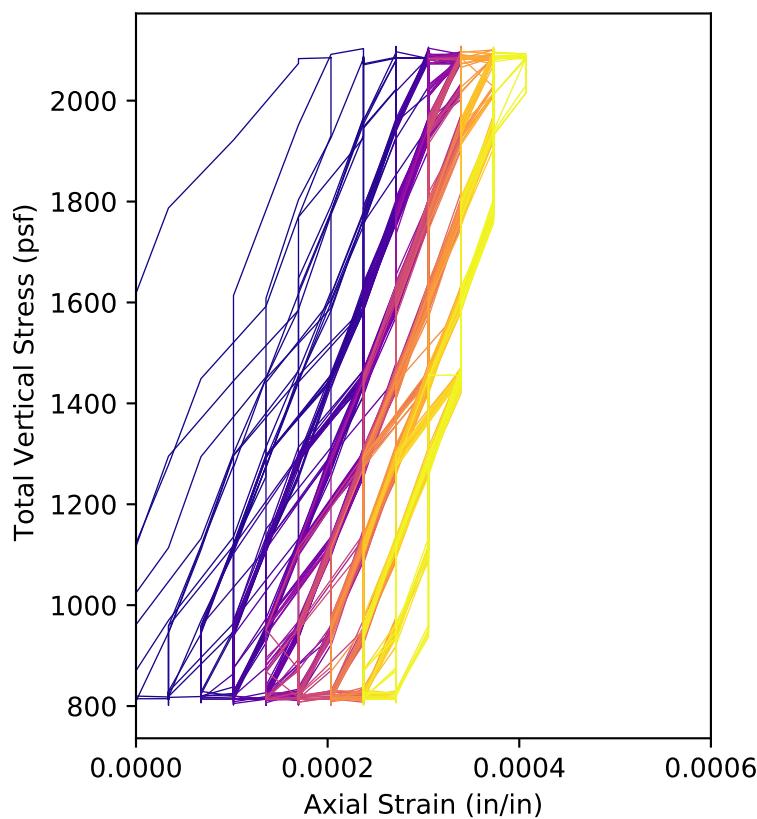
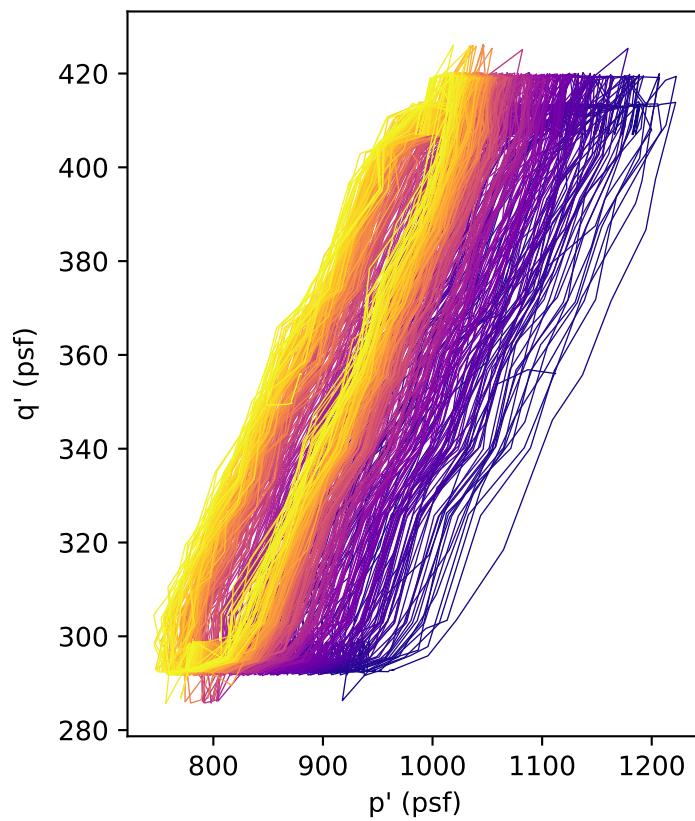
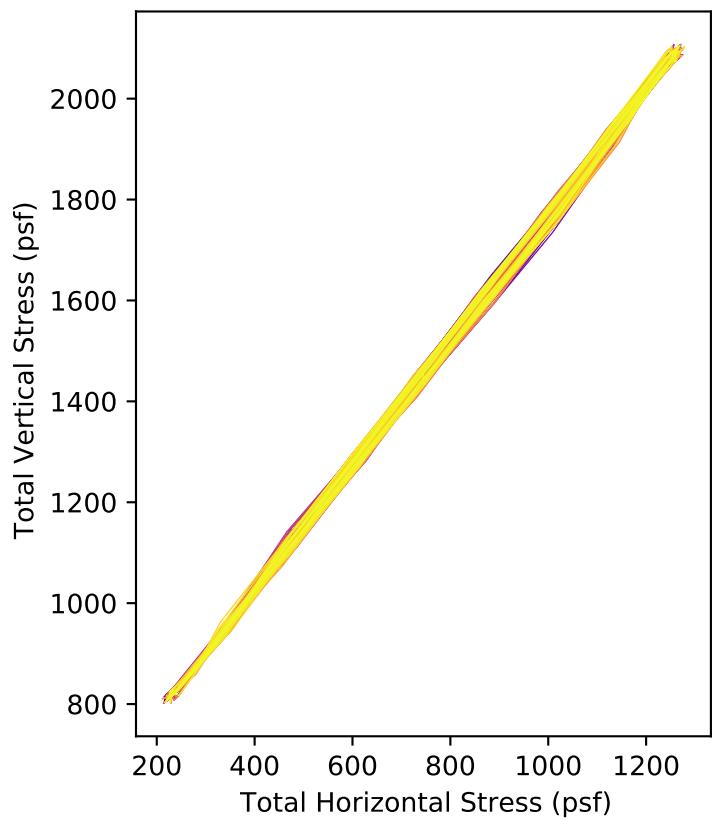




Time (min)







Cycle 1 125 250 375 250

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Hysteresis Graphs
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